

West Virginia Appraisal Manual



Cole•Layer•Trumble Company

VIRGINIA RESIDENTIAL/AGRICULTURAL DATA COLLECTION CARD

AA 11

OWNER'S NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS

AA 12

LEGAL DESCRIPTION

CA 12

PARCEL ID
ALT ID

OF
CARD CARDS

RECORD OF OWNERSHIP

OWNER DATE PRICE DEED BOOK PAGE

PRESENT

PREVIOUS

CA 14

LAND DATA AND COMPUTATIONS

		FRONTAGE		EFFECTIVE DEPTH	ACTUAL UNIT PRICE	DEPTH FACTOR	EFFECTIVE UNIT PRICE	INFLUENCE FACTOR	LAND VALUE
		ACTUAL	EFFECT.						
LOTS 1 Regular Lot 2 Minus Lot 3 Irregular Lot 4 Waterfront	F							() %	
	F							() %	
	F							() %	
	F							() %	
SQUARE FEET 1 Primary Site 2 Secondary Site 3 Residual 4 Waterfront 5 Undeveloped	S			SQUARE FEET				() %	
	S			SQUARE FEET				() %	
	S			SQUARE FEET				() %	
	S			SQUARE FEET				() %	
ACREAGE 1 Homesite 2 Tillable 3 Pasture 4 Woodland 5 Wasteland 6 Primary Site 7 Secondary Site 8 Residual 9 Waterfront 0 Undeveloped T Timber	A			ACRES				() %	
	A			ACRES				() %	
	A			ACRES				() %	
	A			ACRES				() %	
	A			ACRES				() %	
	A			ACRES				() %	
	A			ACRES				() %	
	A			ACRES				() %	
	A			ACRES				() %	
	A			ACRES				() %	
0 TOTAL	A			ACRES				() %	
GROSS 1 Irregular 0 Minus 2 Site Value R.O.W. 3 Residual 4 Waterfront/View	G								

CA 12 PROPERTY FACTORS										LOCATION AND FRONTING										PARKING AVAILABILITY									
TOPOGRAPHY		UTILITIES		ROADS		TRAFFIC		FRONTING		LOCATION		TYPE		PROXIMITY															
Level	1	All Public	1	Paved	1	Light	1	CBD	1	Central Business District	1	None	0	Far	0														
Above Street	2	Public Water	2	Semi-Improved	2	Medium	2	Major Thoroughfare	2	Perimeter Central Business District	2	Off Street	1	Near	1														
Below Street	3	Public Sewer	3	Dirt	3	Heavy	3	Secondary Artery	3	Business Cluster	3	On Street	2	Adjacent	2														
Rolling	4	Well	4	Proposed	4	None	4	Median Separation	4	Major Strip	4	On and Off Street	3	On Site	3														
Steep	5	Septic	5	Landlocked	5			Frontage Road	5	Secondary Strip	5	Parking Deck	4																
Low	6	Gas	6	Sidewalk	6			One-Way Street	6	Neighborhood or Spot	6																		
Swampy	7	None	7					River Access	7	Commercial/Industrial Park	7																		
								Rail Access	8	Light Industrial Site	8	None	0																
								Residential	9	Apartment/Condominium Complex	9	Minimum	1																
										Mine Site	0	Adequate	2																
										Heavy Industrial Site	H	Abundant	3																

MAP	ROUTING	TAX CLASS	FIELD REVIEW FLAG

PROPERTY CLASS	AG USE	LAND USE	LIVING UNITS	NEIGHBORHOOD

PROPERTY ADDRESS						
NUMBER	SUFFIX	DIR.	STREET NAME	ST. SUFFIX	2ND SUFFIX	

CA 13 SALES DATA						
MONTH	DAY	YEAR	TYPE	AMOUNT	SOURCE	VALID

Type Codes	Source Codes	Validity Codes
1 Land	1 Buyer	0 Valid Sale
2 Land & Buildings	2 Seller	1 Involved Additional Parcels
3 Building	3 Agent	2 Not Open Market
	4 Other	3 Changed After Sale
		4 Related Individuals or Corporations
		5 Liquidation/Foreclosure
		6 Financing/Land Contract
		7 Construction Cost Only
		8 Included Excessive Personal Property or Other - See Memo
		9 Natural Resource Rights

CA 15 BUILDING PERMIT RECORD				
DATE	NUMBER	AMOUNT	PURPOSE	OIC

CA 16 ENTRANCE INFORMATION			
MONTH	DAY	YEAR	ENTRANCE CODE

Entrance Codes				Info Codes
1 Entrance Gained	5 Vacant Land or OBY	9 Occupant Not at Home	1 Owner	
2 Entrance and Info Refused	6 Currently Unoccupied	10 Info from Phone Calls/Doorhanger	2 Tenant	
3 Estimated for Misc. Reasons	7 Seasonal Occupancy, Info Estimated		3 Other	
4 Left Doorhanger	8 Entrance Refused, Info at Door			

WEST VIRGINIA COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL DATA COLLECTION ID

AA 11		OWNER'S NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS		AA 12		LEGAL DESCRIPTION	
RECORD OF OWNERSHIP							
	OWNER	DATE	PRICE	DEED BOOK	PAGE		
PRESENT							
PREVIOUS							

C.A. 14						LAND DATA AND COMPUTATIONS								
			FRONTAGE		EFFECTIVE DEPTH	ACTUAL UNIT PRICE	DEPTH FACTOR	EFFECTIVE UNIT PRICE	INFLUENCE FACTOR	LAND VALUE				
			ACTUAL	EFFECT.										
LOTS			F	--					[] %					
1 Regular Lot			F	-- ● --	--				[] %					
2 Minus Lot			F	-- ● --	--				[] %					
3 Irregular Lot			F	-- ● --	--				[] %					
4 Waterfront			F	-- ● --	--				[] %					
SQUARE FEET			S	--					[] %					
1 Primary Site			S	-- -- --	SQUARE FEET	●			[] %					
2 Secondary Site			S	-- -- --	SQUARE FEET	●			[] %					
3 Residual			S	-- -- --	SQUARE FEET	●			[] %					
4 Waterfront			S	-- -- --	SQUARE FEET	●			[] %					
5 Undeveloped			S	-- -- --	SQUARE FEET	●			[] %					
ACREAGE			A	--					[] %					
1 Homesite			A	-- -- ● -- ACRES					[] %					
2 Tillable			A	-- -- ● -- ACRES					[] %					
3 Pasture			A	-- -- ● -- ACRES					[] %					
4 Woodland			A	-- -- ● -- ACRES					[] %					
5 Wasteland			A	-- -- ● -- ACRES					[] %					
6 Primary Site			A	-- -- ● -- ACRES					[] %					
7 Secondary Site			A	-- -- ● -- ACRES					[] %					
8 Residual			A	-- -- ● -- ACRES					[] %					
9 Waterfront			A	-- -- ● -- ACRES					[] %					
0 Undeveloped			A	-- -- ● -- ACRES					[] %					
T Timber			A	-- -- ● -- ACRES					[] %					
			A	-- -- ● -- ACRES					[] %					
			A	-- -- ● -- ACRES					[] %					
0 TOTAL			A	--	ACRES									
GROSS														
1 Irregular 0 Minus														
2 Site Value R.O.W.														
3 Residential														
4 Waterfront/View			G	--										

CA 12 PROPERTY FACTORS										LOCATION AND FRONTING				PARKING AVAILABILITY			
TOPOGRAPHY		UTILITIES		ROADS		TRAFFIC		FRONTING		LOCATION		TYPE		PROXIMITY			
Level	1	All Public	1	Paved	1	Light	1	CBD	1	Central Business District	1	None	0	Far	0		
Above Street	2	Public Water	2	Semi-Improved	2	Medium	2	Major Thoroughfare	2	Perimeter Central Business District	2	Off Street	1	Near	1		
Below Street	3	Public Sewer	3	Dirt	3	Heavy	3	Secondary Artery	3	Business Cluster	3	On Street	2	Adjacent	2		
Rolling	4	Well	4	Proposed	4	None	4	Median Separation	4	Major Strip	4	On and Off Street	3	On Site	3		
Steep	5	Septic	5	Landlocked	5			Frontage Road	5	Secondary Strip	5	Parking Deck	4				
Low	6	Gas	6	Sidewalk	6			One-Way Street	6	Neighborhood or Spot	6						
Swampy	7	None	7					River Access	7	Commercial/Industrial Park	7	QUANTITY					
								Rail Access	8	Light Industrial Site	8	None	0				
								Residential	9	Apartment/Condominium Complex	9	Minimum	1				
										Mine Site	0	Adequate	2				
										Heavy Industrial Site	H	Abundant	3				

CA 12					
PARCEL ID				OF CARD CARDS	
ALT ID					
MAP		ROUTING		TAX CLASS	FIELD REVIEW FLAG
PROPERTY CLASS	AG USE	LAND USE	LIVING UNITS	NEIGHBORHOOD	

PROPERTY ADDRESS				
NUMBER	SUFFIX	DIR.	STREET NAME	ST. SUFFIX 2ND SUFFIX
DESCRIPTION			BLDG/UNIT NO.	
PARCEL TIEBACK				

CA 13			SALES DATA			
MONTH	DAY	YEAR	TYPE	AMOUNT	SOURCE	VALID
--	--	--	--	-----	--	--
--	--	--	--	-----	--	--
--	--	--	--	-----	--	--

Type Codes	Source Codes	Validity Codes
1 Land	1 Buyer	0 Valid Sale
2 Land & Buildings	2 Seller	4 Related Individuals or Corporations
3 Building	3 Agent	5 Liquidation/Foreclosure
	4 Other	6 Financing/Land Contract
		7 Construction Cost Only
		8 Included Excessive Personal Property or Other - See Memo
		9 Natural Resource Rights

[illegible]

CA 16			ENTRANCE INFORMATION		
MONTH	DAY	YEAR	ENTRANCE CODE	INFO CODE	ID
--		--	--	--	---
--		--	--	--	---
--		--	--	--	---

Entrance Codes			Info Codes
1 Entrance Gained	5 Vacant Land or OBY	9 Occupant Not at Home	1 Owner
2 Entrance and Info Refused	6 Currently Unoccupied	10 Info from Phone Calls/Doorhanger	2 Tenant
3 Estimated for Misc. Reasons	7 Seasonal Occupancy, Info Estimated		3 Other
4 Left Doorhanger	8 Entrance Refused, Info at Door		

[illegible]

CA 31 GENERAL BUILDING DATA				PARKING DATA		CA 32 BUILDING OTHER FEATURES - ATTACHED IMPROVEMENTS																		BUILDING OTHER FEATURES - ATTACHED IMPROVEMENT CODES					
BLDG NO.	YEAR BUILT	EFF. YEAR	NO. OF UNITS	COVERED	UNCOVERED	LINE	STRUCT. CODE	FLAT +/-	MEASUREMENT 1	MEASUREMENT 2	ELEV. STOPS	IDENT. UNITS	VECT. CODE	LINE	STRUCT. CODE	FLAT +/-	MEASUREMENT 1	MEASUREMENT 2	ELEV. STOPS	IDENT. UNITS	VECT. CODE	BUILDING OTHER FEATURES - ATTACHED IMPROVEMENT CODES							
STRUCT. TYPE	GRADE	IDENT. BLDGS	SPLIT CLASS			A11	A12	A13	A14	A15	A16	A17	A18	EL1 Elevator, Electric Freight	DL1 Dock Level Floors														
																						EL2 Elevator, Electric Passenger	DL2 Dock Level Floors						
																						EL3 Elevator, Hydraulic Freight	DL3 Dock Level Floors						
																						EL4 Elevator, Hydraulic Passenger	DL4 Dock Level Floors						
																						LD1 Loading Dock, Steel or Concrete	EE1 Enclosed Entry						
																						LD2 Loading Dock, Wood	SF1 Store Front, Wood Frame						
																						LD3 Loading Dock, Inter.	SF2 Store Front, Average Metal						
																						LD4 Truck or Train Wall, Interior	SF3 Store Front, Elaborate						
																							MS1 Miscellaneous Structure						

CA 34 INTERIOR - EXTERIOR DATA																				CA 33 APARTMENT DATA								
LINE NO.	SECT NO.	LEVEL FROM	LEVEL TO	YEAR BUILT	DIMENSIONS SIZE	PERIM.	USE TYPE	WALL HT.	EXT. WALLS	CONST. TYPE	INTERIOR FINISH	PTNS	HTG	AC	PLBG	LTG	PHYS COND	FUNC. UTIL. FACT.	% COMPLETE	% RENTABLE	SPLIT CLASS	VECT. CODE	USE TYPE	NUMBER PER BUILDING	BED ROOMS	BATHS FULL	BATHS HALF	OTHER
																						A0						
																						A1						
																						A2						
																						A3						
																						A4						
																						A5						
																						A6						
																						A7						

STRUCTURE TYPE			EXTERIOR WALL MATERIAL		PLUMBING/WATER	
211 Apartment, Garden	336 Parking Garage/Deck	351 Bank	00 None	09 Concrete, Load Bearing	0 None	
212 Apartment, High Rise	341 Regional Shopping Mall	352 Savings Institution	01 Brick	10 Concrete, Non-Load Bearing	1 Below Normal	
314 Hotel/Motel, High Rise	342 Community Shop. Ctr	353 Office Building	02 Frame	11 Glass	2 Normal	
315 Hotel/Motel, Low Rise	343 Nbd Shopping Ctr	369 Day Care Center	03 Concrete Block	12 Glass and Masonry	3 Above Normal	
321 Restaurant	344 Strip Shopping Center	373 Retail, Single Occup.	04 Brick and Concrete Block	13 Enclosure		
325 Fast Food	345 Discount Dept. Store	396 Mini Warehouse	05 Tile	14 Concrete Tilt-Up		
331 Auto Dealer, Full Serv.	346 Department Store	397 Office/Warehouse	06 Masonry and Frame	15 Solar Glass		
333 Service Station, Full	347 Supermarket	398 Warehouse	07 Metal, Light	16 Asbestos, Corrugated Rigid		
334 Service Station, Self	348 Convenience Food Mkt		08 Metal, Sandwich	17 Masonry/Metal		

USE TYPE			CONSTRUCTION TYPE		HEATING SYSTEM		PHYSICAL CONDITION	
011 Apartment	034 Retail Store	071 Service Station, Retail	1 Wood Frame/Joist/Beam	0 None	3 Unit Heaters	1 Poor	4 Good	
012 Hotel	043 Manufacturing	072 Service Station, Storage	2 Fire Resistant	1 Hot Air	4 Electric	2 Fair	5 Renovated	
021 Motel	044 LI Manufacturing	073 Service Station, no bays	3 Fireproof	2 Hot Water/ Steam	5 Heat Pump	3 Normal		
025 Dwelling Conv., Office	045 Warehouse	081 Multi-Use Apartment	4 Pre-Engineered Steel		6 Solar			
026 Dwelling Conv., Sales	052 Medical Center	082 Multi-Use Office						
031 Restaurant	053 Office Building	084 Multi-Use Storage						
032 Department Store	062 Cinema	090 Parking Garage						
033 Discount Store/Market	070 Serv. Stat. w/bays	100 Food Franchise-see detail						

CA 35 OTHER BUILDING AND YARD IMPROVEMENTS														
LINE NO.	TYPE CODE	YEAR BUILT	EFFECTIVE YEAR	YEAR REMOD.	SIZE	GRD	IDENT. UNITS	MOD CODE	COND	FUNC	% COMP	MA %	SPLIT CLASS	VECTOR CODE
														A21
														A22
														A23
														A24
														A25
														A26

PARCEL DATA

DEFINITION OF TERMS

Following is an explanation of terms as they are used throughout the specifications.

Characters – refer to the letters, digits, and symbols that make up the data to be entered on the property record card.

Alpha character – letter

Numeric character – digit

Symbol character – calculation signs, etc.

Character Positions – refer to the blank dashes (underscores) on the property record card above which data is to be entered.

right justified – the last character position must be filled with the last character of the entry.

left justified – the first character position must be filled with the first character of the entry.

GENERAL PROPERTY CHARACTERISTICS

OWNER'S NAME & MAILING ADDRESS – Space is provided to enter the name or names of the property owners and the mailing address to which the tax bills are forwarded. This information is obtained from existing client records and is generally entered on the data collection form by a computer lineprinter. Depending upon particular project requirements, other data (such as mortgagor codes, deed information, sales, etc.) may also be entered in this area.

LEGAL DESCRIPTION – Space is provided to enter the property description. This information is obtained from existing records and is generally entered on the data collection form by a computer line printer.

PARCEL IDENTIFICATION – Required Entry. The parcel ID is a unique number that is the basis for identifying all parcels. The inventory of parcel numbers should be strictly monitored; therefore, only certain designated personnel are authorized to create, delete, or alter parcel numbers. Thirty alpha/numeric characters are available. The parcel ID will include spaces for the following portions of the parcel number.

17-01-0210-0510-0001-1001
PARCEL ID

- | | |
|-------------------|---|
| County | Space is available for a two digit numeric code identifying a particular county. A complete listing of West Virginia county numbers can be found in the Appendix of this manual. |
| District | Space is available for a two digit numeric code identifying a particular political jurisdiction. A listing of districts by county can be found in the Appendix of this manual. All character positions must be filled in. Use leading zeros if necessary. |
| Map | Space is available to enter four numeric and/or alpha characters used to denote the division of properties generally defined on an individual tax map. All character positions must be filled in. Use leading zeros if necessary. |
| Parcel No. | <p><i>Prefix</i> - Four character positions are provided to enter alpha/numeric characters denoting the individual parcels located within a tax map. This is a right justified entry. All character positions must be filled in. Use leading zeros when necessary.</p> <p><i>Suffix</i> – Optional entry. Four character positions are provided to enter alpha/numeric characters denoting a suffix to the parcel number, when applicable. All character positions should be filled in. Use leading zeros when necessary. If no suffix exists, fill the positions with zeros.</p> |

Special ID Optional entry. Space is provided to enter a code number to identify undivided interest, county court splits, and permanent buildings on leased land. The first character position is reserved for a numeric code identifying the type of ownership division. The possibilities are...

- 1 Building on leased land
- 3 Undivided part interest
- 6 County Court split

The three suffix positions are to be zero filled for undivided interest and county court splits. For buildings on leased land, the suffix will depend on the number of individual owners; the first owner will have special ID 1001, the second owner will have special ID 1002, and so on.

CARD NUMBER – Required entry. Character positions are provided for entering two sets of two numeric characters. The *last* two positions are reserved to enter the total number of cards required to list the parcel. The *first* two positions are reserved to enter the sequential number assigned to each particular card. For example, parcels requiring only one card will be "01 of 01," parcels requiring two cards will be "01 of 02" and "02 of 02," etc., up to "99 of 99." A card number must be entered on every card. This data is to be duplicated on all input records. All character positions must be filled in. Use leading zeros if necessary.

Note: Multiple Sequence Cards. Normally it will be necessary for the data collector to create extra cards to accommodate additional structures encountered at the property. Certain legal and identification data is required to be entered by the data collector on all multiple sequence cards. In addition to the normal listing and descriptive data, the data collector should include:

- Owner's Name – as shown on the first card
- Parcel ID – exactly as shown on the first card

MAP – Four character positions are provided to enter alpha/numeric characters denoting the map prefix and two character positions are provided to enter alpha/numeric characters denoting the map suffix. Often the prefix reflects the deed book number and the suffix reflects the deed page number.

ROUTING NUMBER – Optional entry. Character positions are provided to enter three alpha/numeric characters to the left of the vertical hash mark, and two alpha/numeric characters to the right of the vertical hash mark denoting the sequential routing number assigned to each parcel of property by the user. The character positions to the right of the hash mark are provided to facilitate the identification of property splits . . . the first split from a property being identified as 01, the second as 02, etc.

Note: When parcels require multiple card listings, the same routing number must be entered on each card.

TAX CLASS – Required entry. Enter the tax class of the parcel. Allowable entries are as follows:

- 2 Owner Occupied or Farm
- 3 Not class 2, outside
- 4 Not class 2, inside

FIELD REVIEW FLAG – A character position is provided to enter one alpha/numeric character to identify parcels that require a field review or check other than for normal data collection or review purposes. The following codes should be considered for utilization.

- Enter B to indicate new construction picked up - new permit.
- Enter C to indicate combination.
- Enter D to indicate new dwelling.
- Enter I to indicate new major improvement/addition.
- Enter O to indicate new other building or yard item.
- Enter Q to indicate quality check.

Enter R to indicate interior remodeling/renovations.

Enter S to indicate split.

Enter X to indicate demolition.

PROPERTY CLASS – Required entry. Four character positions are provided to enter an alpha/numeric code denoting the *general* property class of the subject parcel. The basis for classification is the most predominant present-day use. If the parcel is unused, classification should be based on the anticipated use or the use for which the parcel is zoned. A property class must be entered for each parcel.

Enter R RESIDENTIAL to indicate one to four family residential use.

Enter A APARTMENT to indicate multi-family use...five or more families.

Enter F FARM to indicate rural properties, generally defined by a minimum acreage requirement, and usually but not necessarily devoted to agriculture.

Enter C COMMERCIAL to indicate properties devoted to trade, services, and recreational uses.

Enter I INDUSTRIAL to indicate properties devoted to the manufacturing and/or processing of products.

Enter X EXEMPT to indicate non-taxable properties.

Enter U UTILITY to indicate properties devoted to the production of public utility commodities or services under the control of governmental agencies such as a Public Utility Commission.

Note: When parcels require multiple card listings, the same property classification must be entered on each card.

AG USE – Enter "Y" to indicate an agricultural rate is to be applied. Otherwise, leave blank.

LAND USE – Character positions are provided to enter a four-digit code denoting the present use of each parcel of land. A land use code must be entered on *all* cards. In the case of multiple uses of the same parcel when the improvements are listed on one card, enter the most predominant land. If multiple cards are used to list the parcel, enter the land use that is most representative of the improvements listed on that particular parcel.

Note: A list of standardized land use codes may be found in the Appendix of this manual.

LIVING UNITS – Optional entry. Three character positions are provided to enter the number of living units that are present in the subject property. A *living unit* is defined as any room or group of rooms designed as the living quarters of one family or household, equipped with cooking and toilet facilities, and having an independent entrance from a public hall or from the outside.

Note: A single family residence contains one living unit; the correct entry would be "001." If the parcel is vacant or contains only auxiliary improvements, leave the entry blank. For a multi-family property the total number of living units on the entire parcel is entered.

NEIGHBORHOOD – Required entry. Character positions are provided to enter five alpha/numeric characters (ranging from A0001 to Z9999) to the left of the vertical hash mark which represent a specific neighborhood identification number. Three character positions to the right of the vertical hash mark are provided for entering additional digits denoting the creation of a sub-neighborhood within a neighborhood subsequent to the initial neighborhood delineation. For example, neighborhood A2000 is being redefined as neighborhood A2000/001 and A2000/002 or is stratified by neighborhood type as in the case of A2000/C00 for commercial and A2000/I00 for industrial.

PROPERTY ADDRESS – Required entry. Property address contains six distinct components. An address may include any combination of the six components.

number (7 numeric characters)

suffix (6 alpha/numeric characters)

direction (2 alpha/numeric characters)

street name (30 alpha/numeric characters)

st suffix (8 alpha/numeric characters)

2nd suffix (8 alpha/numeric characters)

Note: The property address is not necessarily the same as the mailing address. The direction (direction) sub-field should be left justified when only one letter (N, E, S, or W) is entered.

DESCRIPTION – Optional entry. Ten character positions are available to enter a description of the type of units.

BUILDING OR UNIT NUMBER – Optional entry. Five character positions are available to enter the building or unit number.

PARCEL TIEBACK – In many cases, agricultural, commercial, or industrial properties involve a number of parcels for one major complex. It will be necessary for the data collector to enter the parcel ID of the primary parcel on all associated parcels of a single economic complex. This entry indicates that the noted parcels should be valued as a single economic unit. No entry will be made for the primary parcel.

SALES DATA

Optional entry. Space is provided for entering the data for three sales of the property. The data is arranged in vertical columns. Enter data across one horizontal line for each sale. All sales entries will be processed.

DATE – Character positions are provided to enter three sets of two numeric characters. The first two characters represent the month of the sale, the second two characters represent the day of the month, and the third two characters represent the last two digits of the year of the sale. Each character position must be filled in. Use leading zeros if necessary.

TYPE – Refers to the distinction between a sale involving *land only*, a sale involving *both land and buildings*, or a sale of *only building(s)* on leased land. Enter the code which is most representative of the sale.

Enter 1 LAND to indicate that the sale involved land only.

Enter 2 LAND AND BUILDINGS to indicate that the sale involved both land and buildings.

Enter 3 BUILDING to indicate that the sale involved a building(s) on leased land.

AMOUNT (SALE PRICE) – Character positions are provided to enter up to ten numeric characters (up to \$9,999,999,999). It is not necessary to fill in each character position. Use the character positions to the right and omit leading zeros.

SOURCE – Refers to the source of the sales information entered in this section. Four alternatives are provided. Enter the code which is most representative of the source.

Enter 1 BUYER to indicate that the information was obtained from the *grantee* . . . or buyer.

Enter 2 SELLER to indicate that the information was obtained from the *grantor* . . . or seller.

Enter 3 AGENT to indicate that the information was obtained from an agent representing the current owner.

Enter 4 OTHER to indicate that the information was obtained from conveyance fee, similar transfer records, or any other source.

VALIDITY – Two spaces are provided to enter one of ten numeric sales validity codes. This code will be used for computer processing and *must* be entered on the data collection card.

Enter 0 to indicate the sale can be considered an "arms length" transaction (a *valid sale*).

Enter 1 to indicate that the sale *involved more than one parcel*. (See *parcel tieback*.)

Enter 2 to indicate that the property was *not exposed to the open market* or that the marketing time for the property could be considered abnormal.

Enter 3 to indicate that the highest and best use of the property has *changed since the sale* or that construction and/or demolition of improvements has taken place since the transaction occurred.

Enter 4 to indicate that the parties of the transaction were either *related individuals or corporations*.

Enter 5 to indicate that the cause of the transaction was either a *liquidation of assets or a foreclosure*.

Enter 6 to indicate that the sale involved *abnormal financing* or that the transaction was a *land contract* arrangement.

Enter 7 to indicate that the amount shown is a *construction cost only* used for verification of cost schedules.

Enter 8 to indicate that the sale included an excessive amount of *personal property*, or any other situation that would make the sale not an "arms length" transaction.

Enter 9 to indicate the *sale of natural resource rights* (timber, oil, gas, coal, etc.)

Note: If further explanation is necessary, consult your supervisor.

BUILDING PERMIT RECORD

Optional entry. Space is provided to record the data for up to five building permits. Data entered in this section should include the issuance date of the permit, the permit number, the permit amount, the purpose of the permit, and the permit status (O/C) for open permit or closed permit.

ENTRANCE INFORMATION

Required entry. Space is provided to enter the data from three calls to the property. Data is arranged in vertical columns. All data should be listed from top to bottom, allowing one line for each attempt to gain entrance.

DATE – Two character positions each are provided for entering numeric characters representing the month, day, and year.

ENTRANCE CODE – Three character positions are provided to enter a code describing if entrance for inspection was gained and the current status of entrance information.

- Enter 1 to indicate that entrance (inspection) was gained.
- Enter 2 to indicate that both entrance and information was refused.
- Enter 3 to indicate the information was estimated for miscellaneous reasons (see notes).
- Enter 4 to indicate that the data collector left a doorhanger.
- Enter 5 to indicate that the property is vacant land or OB&Y only.
- Enter 6 to indicate property is currently unoccupied.
- Enter 7 to indicate seasonal occupancy with information estimated.
- Enter 8 to indicate entrance was refused, but information was given at the door.
- Enter 9 to indicate occupant was not at home.
- Enter 10 to indicate information received from phone call or doorhanger.

INFO CODE – One character position is provided to enter an alpha/numeric code identifying the reliable occupant from whom property information was obtained.

- Enter 1 OWNER to indicate owner.
- Enter 2 TENANT to indicate tenant.
- Enter 3 OTHER to indicate that a reliable occupant other than the owner or tenant was contacted, or that no contact was made (or is not applicable - as in the case of a vacant lot).

IDENTIFICATION – Three character positions are provided to enter the initials or employee number of the data collector making the call to the property. An entry must be made on every data collection card.

NOTES

Optional entry. Two lines are provided to enter a two-digit alpha/numeric code denoting a specific predefined note. See list of values in CAMA for use of these two fields. Four lines with forty characters each are also provided to list any pertinent facts or unusual occurrences during data collection at the property. Further explanation of data collection information (entrance information, etc.) may also be entered. Consult the project supervisor for the correct application of this field. This information will be entered in the CAMA system.

LAND DATA AND COMPUTATIONS

LAND ENTRIES

There are five categories of land types: Front Foot, Square Foot, Acreage, Gross, and Units. Each category is designated by an alpha character *descriptor*. The descriptors are F, S, A, G, and U respectively.

Each category includes a number of land code descriptions (Regular Lot, Primary Site, Homesite, etc.). Note that description choices may not be the same for all projects because they can be changed to meet specific client requirements. This, however, does not affect the procedure followed in either entering or processing the data. Enter the land character code on the character position in the column to the right of the appropriate land type descriptor.

CA 14 LAND DATA AND COMPUTATIONS													
		FRONTAGE		EFFECTIVE DEPTH	ACTUAL UNIT PRICE	DEPTH FACTOR	EFFECTIVE UNIT PRICE	INFLUENCE FACTOR		LAND VALUE			
		ACTUAL	EFFECT.										
LOTS													
1 Regular Lot	F	---	---	---	---				[]	---	%		
2 Minus Lot	F	---	---	---	---				[]	---	%		
3 Irregular Lot	F	---	---	---	---				[]	---	%		
4 Waterfront	F	---	---	---	---				[]	---	%		
SQUARE FEET													
1 Primary Site	S	---	---	SQUARE FEET	---				[]	---	%		
2 Secondary Site	S	---	---	SQUARE FEET	---				[]	---	%		
3 Residual	S	---	---	SQUARE FEET	---				[]	---	%		
4 Waterfront	S	---	---	SQUARE FEET	---				[]	---	%		
5 Undeveloped	S	---	---	SQUARE FEET	---				[]	---	%		
ACREAGE													
1 Homesite	A	---	---	ACRES	---								
2 Tillable	A	---	---	ACRES	---								
3 Pasture	A	---	---	ACRES	---								
4 Woodland	A	---	---	ACRES	---								
5 Wasteland	A	---	---	ACRES	---								
6 Primary Site	A	---	---	ACRES	---								
7 Secondary Site	A	---	---	ACRES	---								
8 Residual	A	---	---	ACRES	---								
9 Waterfront	A	---	---	ACRES	---								
0 Undeveloped	A	---	---	ACRES	---								
7 Timber	A	---	---	ACRES	---								
0 TOTAL		A	---	ACRES	---								
GROSS													
1 Irregular 0 Minus													
2 Site Value R.O.W.													
3 Residual													
4 Waterfront/View	G	---	---										
UNITS													
1 Apartment Site													
2 Condo Site													
3 Mobile Home Site	U												
INCOME DATA													
Agricultural Types													
1. Tillable 4. Tobacco													
2. Pasture 5. Orchard													
3. Woodland													
Residential Types													
6. Residential													
TYPE CODE													
SIZE													
RENT PER YEAR													

FRONT FOOT – Use for all lot computations. Space is provided for three entries. All character positions in effective frontage and effective depth must be filled in. Use leading zeros if necessary.

- 1 *Regular Lot* – either an interior lot (bordered on two sides by adjacent lots) or a corner lot located at a street intersection with frontage on two sides.
- 2 *Rear (Minus) Lot* – lot without street or road frontage. Access is from an adjacent parcel.
- 3 *Irregular Lot* – lot that is highly irregular in shape, such as a cul-de-sac lot.
- 4 *Waterfront* – lot with waterfront access.

Note: Effective frontage and effective depth are determined by applying lot-sizing procedures.

Regular Lot / Irregular Lot / Waterfront – Use for normal lot computations. Enter the code number 1, 3, or 4. Complete the actual frontage, effective frontage, and effective depth areas.

CA 14		LAND DATA AND COMPUTATIONS									
		FRONTAGE		EFFECTIVE	DEPTH	ACTUAL UNIT PRICE	DEPTH	EFFECTIVE	INFLUENCE FACTOR		LAND VALUE
		ACTUAL	EFFECT.				FACTOR	UNIT PRICE			
LOTS											
1 Regular Lot	F 1	121.1	121	150							
2 Minus Lot	F 1	150.8	151	120							
3 Irregular Lot	F 3	187.0	138	100							
4 Waterfront	F										

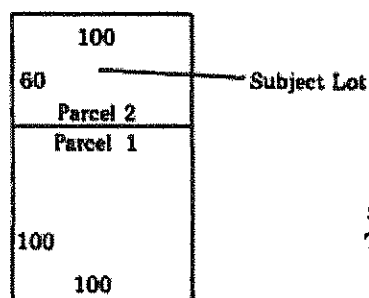
Note 1: All character positions in Frontage and Depth should be filled in if manually entered.

Note 2: The unit price will be calculated against the effective frontage using the CALP model assignment for the neighborhood. If no model assignment exists, you will need to enter the desired front foot rate.

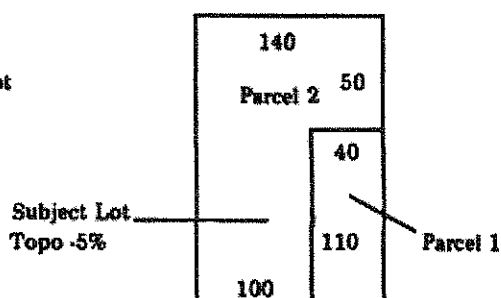
Note 3: Effective unit price is system generated, no entry is required. This rate represents an effective front foot rate that considers all adjustments to the land line.

Rear (Minus) Lot – Use for rear lot computations only. This entry must always be used in conjunction with a regular lot. The procedure is as follows:

- 1 Enter the entire lot area (front and rear lots combined) as a regular lot using code 1.
- 2 Enter the front lot (the minus lot) in the line immediately below the regular lot using code 2.



Example A



Example B

Example A

CA 14		LAND DATA AND COMPUTATIONS									
		FRONTAGE		EFFECTIVE	DEPTH	ACTUAL UNIT PRICE	DEPTH	EFFECTIVE	INFLUENCE FACTOR		LAND VALUE
		ACTUAL	EFFECT.				FACTOR	UNIT PRICE			
LOTS											
1 Regular Lot	F 1	100.0	100	160							
2 Minus Lot	F 2	100.0	100	100							
3 Irregular Lot	F										
4 Waterfront	F										

Example B

CA 14		LAND DATA AND COMPUTATIONS									
		FRONTAGE		EFFECTIVE	DEPTH	ACTUAL UNIT PRICE	DEPTH	EFFECTIVE	INFLUENCE FACTOR		LAND VALUE
		ACTUAL	EFFECT.				FACTOR	UNIT PRICE			
LOTS											
1 Regular Lot	F 1	100.0	140	160					3	1- 05%	
2 Minus Lot	F 2	040.0	040	110					3	1- 05%	
3 Irregular Lot	F										
4 Waterfront	F										

- 1 *Primary Site* – lot improved with a major structure, such as a dwelling. Normally this is the
typical or zoned base lot size for the neighborhood.
- 2 *Secondary Site* – extra buildable lot or lots.
- 3 *Residual* – all excess land not considered an actual or potential building site.
- 4 *Waterfront* – improved or vacant building site with waterfront access.
- 5 *Undeveloped* – unimproved or vacant building site which is normally similar to improved lots
within the neighborhood.

SQUARE FEET	S							SQUARE FEET				[]	%	
1 Primary Site	S		32		500			SQUARE FEET				[]	%	
2 Secondary Site	S		2		700			SQUARE FEET				[]	%	
3 Residual	S							SQUARE FEET				[]	%	
4 Waterfront	S							SQUARE FEET				[]	%	
5 Undeveloped	S							SQUARE FEET				[]	%	

- * 1 *Homesite* – acreage allocation for a dwelling site.
- * 2 *Tillable* – number of acres of cleared land capable of growing crops.
- * 3 *Pasture* – number of acres of cleared land which is not economically suited for growing crops, but is suitable for grazing of livestock.
- * 4 *Woodland* – number of acres of uncleared, wooded land.
- 5 *Wasteland* – number of acres of land which is not suitable for building sites, agricultural, or forest land use. Normally restricted to ravines, etc.
- 6 *Primary Site* – lot improved with a major structure, such as a dwelling. Normally this is the typical or zoned base lot size for the neighborhood.
- 7 *Secondary Site* – additional buildable lot or lots.
- 8 *Residual* – all excess land not considered an actual or potential building site.
- 9 *Waterfront* – improved or vacant building site with waterfront access.
- * 0 *Undeveloped/Unclassified* – an unimproved or vacant building site.
- T *Timber* – unimproved timberland.

ACREAGE			SPLIT CLASS			Frontage		
1 Homesite	A	1C	1.000	ACRES		3 Topography	[]	%
2 Tillable	A	2D	127.500	ACRES		4 Shape or Size	[]	%
3 Pasture						5 Economic	[]	%
4 Woodland	A	1C	1.000	ACRES	3	6 Restrictions - Nonconforming	[]	%
5 Wasteland						7 Misimprovement	[]	%
6 Primary Site	A	3C	45.300	ACRES		8 Flooding	[]	%
7 Secondary Site						9 Corner/Alley (+)	[]	%
8 Residual	A	5C	7.000	ACRES				
9 Waterfront	A			ACRES				
0 Undeveloped								
T Timber	A			ACRES				

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TOTAL ACREAGE – Enter the code number "0". Enter the total number of acres in the entire tract. An entry of up to 9,999.999 acres may be made.

CA 14		LAND DATA AND COMPUTATIONS									
		FRONTAGE		EFFECTIVE DEPTH	ACTUAL UNIT PRICE	DEPTH FACTOR	EFFECTIVE UNIT PRICE	INFLUENCE FACTOR		LAND VALUE	
		ACTUAL	EFFECT.								
LOTS											
1 Regular Lot	F 1	100.0	100	200							
2 Minus Lot	F										
3 Irregular Lot	F										
4 Waterfront	F										
SQUARE FEET											
1 Primary Site	S 1	24,460									
2 Secondary Site	S										
3 Residual	S										
4 Waterfront	S										
5 Undeveloped	S										
ACREAGE											
1 Homestead	A 2D	80.000									
2 Tillable	A 3C	50.000									
3 Pasture	A 4C	3.980									
4 Woodland	A										
5 Wasteland	A										
6 Primary Site	A										
7 Secondary Site	A										
8 Residual	A										
9 Waterfront	A										
0 Undeveloped	A										
T Timber	A										
0 TOTAL	A 0	135.000									

Note: Total acreage entered is equal to the total number of acres in the entire parcel, rather than a total of the acreage entries alone since any square foot or front foot entries would be added to the acreage entries. This entry should agree with any total acreage shown in the legal description section of the data collection form.

GROSS – Use to site value irregular lots, residual land, waterfront, or any similar sites for which you cannot or do not wish to show computations. Enter the applicable code and the gross sound value. Space is provided for one entry of up to nine whole numbers representing a value of up to \$999,999,999.

GROSS		
1 Irregular	0 Minus	
2 Site Value	R.O.W.	
3 Residual		
4 Waterfront/View		
G 1		5,000

Note: The site value entered will be added to the value of other land entries when calculating the total land value. Codes 0 through 4 can be used without other land entries.

UNITS – Use to value land based on the contributory value per unit for apartment, condo, or mobile home sites. Enter the applicable code of 1, 2, or 3 and number of units. Up to four spaces are available for the number of units. Space is provided for one entry of up to five whole numbers representing a value of up to \$99,999 per unit.

UNITS		
1 Apartment Site		
2 Condo Site		
3 Mobile Home Site		
U 1	80	1,500

Type Code:

<i>Agricultural</i>	Enter 1	to indicate tillable
	Enter 2	to indicate pasture
	Enter 3	to indicate woodland
	Enter 4	to indicate tobacco
	Enter 5	to indicate orchard
<i>Residential</i>	Enter 6	to indicate residential

Rent – Enter the annual rent for agricultural income and the monthly rent for residential income. All character positions must be filled in. Use leading zeros if necessary.

Enter 1 [-]	to indicate comparative value loss attributable to a <i>lack of improvements</i> .
Enter 2 [-]	to indicate comparative value loss attributable to <i>excessive frontage</i> in relation to utility.
Enter 3 [-]	to indicate comparative value loss attributable to <i>topographical features</i> .
Enter 4 [-]	to indicate comparative value loss (over and above the adjustment considered in lot sizing procedures) attributable to the <i>shape or size</i> of the lot in relation to its utility.
Enter 5 [-]	to indicate comparative value loss attributable to <i>economic</i> detriments influencing the site (i.e., a dwelling next to a landfill).
Enter 6 [-]	to indicate comparative value loss attributable to <i>restrictions</i> regulating use.
Enter 7 [-]	to indicate comparative value loss attributable to <i>economic misimprovement</i> (either under-improvement or over-improvement) of the site.
Enter 8 [-]	to indicate comparative value loss attributable to frequent <i>flooding</i> .
Enter 9 [+]	to indicate a comparative value enhancement attributable to <i>corner and/or alley</i> influence.
Enter 0 [+]	to indicate comparative value enhancement attributable to the capability of the site to provide an appealing or desirable <i>view</i> .

CA 14		LAND DATA AND COMPUTATIONS							
		FRONTAGE		EFFECTIVE DEPTH	ACTUAL UNIT PRICE	DEPTH FACTOR	EFFECTIVE UNIT PRICE	INFLUENCE FACTOR	LAND VALUE
		ACTUAL	EFFECT.						
LOTS									
1 Regular Lot	F	<u>1</u>	<u>150.3</u>	<u>150</u>	<u>125</u>			<u>3</u>	[<u>-</u>] <u>05</u> %
2 Minus Lot	F	--	--	--	--			--	[] --%
3 Irregular Lot	F	--	--	--	--			--	[] --%
4 Waterfront	F	--	--	--	--			--	[] --%

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PROPERTY FACTORS

TOPOGRAPHY – Required entry. Refers to the topographical features of the subject property. Seven descriptive choices are provided and up to three codes may be entered left justified.

- Enter 1 LEVEL to indicate the subject property is level to the access street.
- Enter 2 ABOVE STREET to indicate the property is above the street level.
- Enter 3 BELOW STREET to indicate the property is below the street level.
- Enter 4 ROLLING to indicate a gently undulating terrain.
- Enter 5 STEEP to indicate the property has excessive grade as compared to the access roadway.
- Enter 6 LOW to indicate the property has a low terrain.
- Enter 7 SWAMPY to indicate wet spongy land, marsh, or bog.

UTILITIES – Required entry. Refers to public or private services which are available to the property. Seven descriptions are provided and up to three codes may be entered left justified.

- Enter 1 ALL PUBLIC to indicate all public utilities (water, sewer, gas and electric) are available.
- Enter 2 PUBLIC WATER to indicate public water is available to the property.
- Enter 3 PUBLIC SEWER to indicate public sewer is available to the property.
- Enter 4 WELL to indicate that the only water available to the property is from a private well.
- Enter 5 SEPTIC to indicate that only private sewer (septic tank) is available to the property.
- Enter 6 GAS to indicate natural gas is available to the property.
- Enter 7 NONE to indicate that no utilities are available to the property.

Note: If Code 1 (All Public) or Code 7 (None) is chosen, no other code may be entered.

ROADS – Required entry. Refers to the primary fronting street or the street providing the most immediate access to the property. Six descriptions are provided. Enter the numeric codes which are most representative of the property.

- Enter 1 PAVED to indicate a concrete, blacktop, or comparably surfaced street.
- Enter 2 SEMI-IMPROVED to indicate a gravel or comparably semi-improved street.
- Enter 3 DIRT to indicate an existing street or road which has no surface improvements.
- Enter 4 PROPOSED to indicate that a street does not actually exist, but is planned (and approved) for the future . . . commonly referred to as a *paper street*.
- Enter 5 LANDLOCKED to indicate a property without access to any type of street or road.
- Enter 6 SIDEWALK to indicate the presence of a paved sidewalk available for public use.

TRAFFIC – Refers to the volume of vehicular traffic on the street fronting the subject property. Four descriptions are provided. Enter the numeric code which is most representative of the property.

- Enter 1 LIGHT to indicate a *negligible* volume of traffic, which peaks at a level typical of residential neighborhood ingress and egress ... causing no significant degree of traffic hazards or nuisance.
- Enter 2 MEDIUM to indicate a *significant* volume of traffic, which is comparable to that found on main inter-neighborhood thoroughfares ... causing some degree of traffic hazards and nuisance.
- Enter 3 HEAVY to indicate a *high* volume of traffic, which is comparable to that found on main ingress and egress arteries connecting residential neighborhoods to primary centers of activity ... causing a significant degree of traffic hazards and nuisance.
- Enter 4 NONE to indicate *no* traffic.

LOCATION FACTORS

FRONTING – Required entry. Refers to the type of primary fronting street and a descriptive feature of that street. Nine alternatives are provided. Enter the numeric code which is most representative of the subject property.

- Enter 1 MAJOR STRIP OR CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT to indicate a highly traveled major artery or a major artery located within the central business district.
- Enter 2 MAJOR THOROUGHFARE to indicate a moderately to heavily traveled secondary artery not located within the central business district. Many traffic lights and strip commercials are in evidence.
- Enter 3 SECONDARY ARTERY to indicate a moderately traveled secondary artery typically found in mixed residential and commercial neighborhoods.
- Enter 4 MEDIAN SEPARATION to indicate that the primary fronting street has a section or strip down the center of the highway dividing opposing lanes of traffic. It may be a narrow concrete buffer, or a wider landscaped strip.
- Enter 5 FRONTAGE ROAD to indicate a local street paralleling a limited access highway and built to service abutting properties and to gather and control vehicles entering or leaving the limited access highway.
- Enter 6 ONE-WAY STREET to indicate that the primary fronting street has a traffic flow in only one direction.
- Enter 7 RIVER ACCESS to indicate that the subject property contains river access for barges that deliver and remove freight.
- Enter 8 RAIL ACCESS to indicate that the subject property contains a railroad spur track to which a railroad delivers and removes freight.
- Enter 9 RESIDENTIAL to indicate the property is a dwelling on an isolated commercial property located on a primarily residential street.

LOCATION – Refers to the type of neighborhood in which the subject property is located. Eleven alternatives are provided. Enter the alpha/numeric code which is most representative of the subject property. Only one code may be entered.

- Enter 1 CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT to indicate the core area in the center of a city in which is concentrated the major retail, financial, governmental, professional, and services activities of the city. In many instances, these boundaries have already been established or defined by city planners or other agencies.
- Enter 2 PERIMETER CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT to indicate the outer boundaries of the central business district or core area in which the concentration of major mercantile activity is significantly less pronounced.
- Enter 3 BUSINESS CLUSTER to indicate a cluster or number of commercial properties grouped together due to some attracting force (such as a major intersection of interstate highway or major shopping mall).
- Enter 4 MAJOR STRIP to indicate the type of commercial development in which major thoroughfares are bordered by an almost continuous row or strip of retail stores and allied service establishments.
- Enter 5 SECONDARY STRIP to indicate row or strip type commercial development bordering secondary arteries.
- Enter 6 NEIGHBORHOOD OR SPOT to indicate individual or scattered commercial establishments located in basically residential areas.
- Enter 7 COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL PARK to indicate a controlled park-like development designed to accommodate specific light industrial and mercantile properties and containing the required utilities, street, and other appurtenances.

- Enter 8 **LIGHT INDUSTRIAL SITE** to indicate land or land and improvements (not located in an established park) adaptable for industrial use with less than five acres of primary land. Normally, this is a combination of land, improvements, and machinery intended for the assembling, processing, and manufacturing of products from raw materials or fabricated parts or for the production of natural resources.
- Enter 9 **APARTMENT/CONDOMINIUM COMPLEX** to indicate the property is an apartment or condominium complex site.
- Enter 0 **MINE SITE** to indicate a mine site including one or more of the following: portal/shaft area, parking lots, water treatment facilities, mine fan areas, gob piles, and /or preparation plant sites.
- Enter H **HEAVY INDUSTRIAL SITE** to indicate land or land and improvements (not located in an established park) adaptable for industrial use with five or more acres of primary land. Normally, this is a combination of land, improvements, and machinery intended for the assembling, processing, and manufacturing of products from raw materials or fabricated parts or for the production of natural resources.

Note: Enter 6 – "Neighborhood or Spot" for all residential and agricultural properties.

PARKING AVAILABILITY – Required entry. Refers to the type, quantity, and proximity of parking available to the subject property. Enter the numeric code which is most representative for each category.

Type

- Enter 0 **NONE** to indicate no parking is available.
- Enter 1 **OFF STREET** to indicate that off street parking is available.
- Enter 2 **ON STREET** to indicate that on street parking is available.
- Enter 3 **ON AND OFF STREET** to indicate that both on and off street parking facilities are available.
- Enter 4 **PARKING DECK** to indicate that the primary source of parking for the subject property is a parking deck or garage.

Quantity

- Enter 0 **NONE** to indicate no parking is available.
- Enter 1 **MINIMUM** to indicate that the quantity of parking available is minimal and inadequate to support the property.
- Enter 2 **ADEQUATE** to indicate that the quantity of parking available is sufficient and adequate to support the property.
- Enter 3 **ABUNDANT** to indicate a quantity of available parking which is more than sufficient to support the property.

Proximity

- Enter 0 **FAR** to indicate that no parking is available, or that the lack of proximity to available parking is a detriment to the income-producing capabilities of the subject property.
- Enter 1 **NEAR** to indicate that the proximity of available parking is good enough to cause no detriment to the income-producing capabilities of the subject property.
- Enter 2 **ADJACENT** to indicate that available parking is very close or bordering the subject property.
- Enter 3 **ON SITE** to indicate that available parking is located on the subject parcel.

DATA COLLECTION SPECIFICATIONS

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DWELLING DATA

SPLIT CLASS – Optional entry. Used to indicate a tax class for the dwelling that is *different* than the tax class established for the parcel in the general property data.

STORY HEIGHT – Required entry. Character positions are provided to enter the actual story height of the subject dwelling. Enter the number based on the predominant story height.

- Enter 1.0 to indicate one story.
- Enter 1.5 to indicate one and one-half story.
- Enter 2.0 to indicate two story.
- Enter 2.5 to indicate two and one-half story.
- Enter 3.0 to indicate three story.
- Enter 3.5 to indicate three and one-half story.
- Enter 4.0 to indicate four story.
- Enter 4.5 to indicate four and one-half story.

Note: Refer to the Story Height Illustrations found in the Appendix of this manual.

CONSTRUCTION – Required entry for dwellings. Two character positions are provided to enter the numeric code which is most representative of the exterior wall type of the dwelling. The computer is presently programmed to calculate base price for three different types of exterior walls: frame, masonry, and a combination of frame and masonry. Only one entry is allowed.

- Enter 01 FRAME will be priced as frame.
- Enter 02 IMIT. BRICK OR STONE .. will be priced as frame.
- Enter 03 ALUMINUM/VINYL will be priced as frame.
- Enter 04 ASBESTOS will be priced as frame.
- Enter 05 CONCRETE BLOCK will be priced as frame.
- Enter 06 STUCCO will be priced as frame.
- Enter 07 BRICK will be priced as masonry.
- Enter 08 STONE will be priced as masonry.
- Enter 09 MASONRY AND FRAME will be priced as ½ masonry and ½ frame.

STYLE – Required entry for dwellings. Select the two-character numeric code that is most descriptive of the style of the dwelling. Only one code may be selected.

Architectural Styles	
01	Conventional
02	Ranch
03	Modern/Contemporary
04	Bi-level/Split Foyer
05	Tri-level/Split Level
06	Rowhouse/Townhouse
07	Cabin
08	Colonial
09	Cape Cod/Cape Ann
10	Condominium
11	Other

AGE – Four character positions are provided to enter the year the dwelling was constructed, the effective year built, and the year remodeled. All character positions should be filled.

YEAR BUILT – Required entry for dwellings. Refers to the original date of construction. This information must always be entered whether or not an effective year built is indicated. When information is unavailable, make the best estimate based on known construction dates in the immediate area or neighborhood. If construction is prior to 1900 and the exact age cannot be ascertained, enter "1 9 0 0"

EFFECTIVE YEAR – Optional entry. Space is provided to enter the effective year built of the dwelling based upon its condition, desirability, and usefulness relative to the valuation date. It may be greater or less than the dwelling's actual year built. When utilized entries in this field will be used to calculate depreciation.

REMODELED – Optional entry. Refers to the most recent date of remodeling (which significantly altered the "effective age" of the dwelling). If the dwelling has not been remodeled, leave this entry blank. This is a descriptive field only.

LIVING ACCOMMODATIONS – Required entry for dwellings. Character positions are provided to enter numeric characters denoting the presence and quantity of features described below. Each character position must be filled in. Use leading zeros if necessary. If an item does not exist, enter zero.

TOTAL ROOMS – Two character positions are provided to enter the total number of separate rooms (excluding bathrooms, hallways, and utility rooms) comprising the living area of the dwelling i.e., kitchens, living rooms, dining rooms, family rooms, dens, studies, and bedrooms.

BEDROOMS – Two character positions are provided to enter the number of rooms designed to be used as bedrooms. If a room was designed as a bedroom but is being utilized for some other purpose, such as a den, it is to be included in the bedroom count.

FAMILY ROOMS – One character position is provided to enter the number of informal living rooms where the quality of finish is consistent with the general finish of the dwelling.

FULL BATHS – Two character positions are provided to enter the number of three-fixture bathrooms that include a water closet, lavatory, and bathtub or shower stall (a bathtub with a shower outlet is considered to be one fixture.)

HALF BATHS – Two character positions are provided to enter the number of two-fixture toilet rooms that include a water closet and lavatory.

ADDITIONAL FIXTURES – Two character positions are provided to enter individual fixtures that do not fall into previously-named categories: utility sinks, water closets, lavatories, water heaters, kitchen sinks, etc.

Note: A kitchen sink and water heater are to be shown in additional fixtures if present.

TOTAL FIXTURES – Two character positions are provided to enter the total number of plumbing fixtures, including the kitchen sink and water heater, found in the dwelling. The total number of fixtures is to be entered in the field. The computer will make all necessary calculations to add or deduct for each plumbing fixture more or less than the base five fixtures. *Base plumbing* includes a full bath, a hot water heater, and a kitchen sink for a total of five fixtures. All fixtures are to be listed.

KITCHEN REMODELING – Optional entry. One character position is provided to enter a numeric code to indicate the presence of extensive kitchen remodeling. Remodeling is easily distinguished, especially in older homes, if built-in appliances or new cabinets, countertops, flooring, etc. are found. Only one entry can be made. This field is descriptive only.

Enter 1 YES to indicate that extensive kitchen remodeling is evident.

Enter 2 NO to indicate no recent extensive remodeling of the kitchen has been done.

Note: Extensive remodeling alters the "effective age" of the dwelling.

BATHROOM REMODELING – Optional entry. One character position is provided to enter the appropriate numeric code to indicate the presence of extensive bathroom(s) remodeling. Remodeling is easily distinguished, especially in older homes, if new plumbing fixtures, cabinets, flooring, etc., are found. Only one entry can be made. This field is descriptive only.

Enter 1 YES to indicate that extensive bathroom(s) remodeling is evident.

Enter 2 NO to indicate that no recent extensive remodeling of the bathroom(s) has been done.

Note: Extensive remodeling alters the "effective age" of the dwelling.

BASEMENT – Required entry for dwellings. One character position is available to enter the appropriate numeric code that most represents the presence and degree of basement. Four descriptive choices are provided. Only one selection may be entered.

Enter 1 NONE to indicate slab construction or- no basement.

Enter 2 CRAWL to indicate crawl space to ¼ basement area.

Enter 3 PART to indicate ¼ to ¾ basement area.

Enter 4 FULL to indicate ¾ to full basement area.

HEATING/AIR CONDITIONING - Refers to the presence and type of heating system. Four descriptive choices are provided. Enter the type code, which is most representative of the subject property in the space provided. Only one selection may be entered.

Enter 1 NONE to indicate that the dwelling does not have a heating system, which can be classified as *Central* ... warranting a full deduction from the base price for "No Heating".

Enter 2 NON-CENTRAL to indicate that the subject dwelling has a heating system that is considered non central for the area being heated ... warranting a partial deduction from the base price for base or central heating, as indicated on the pricing schedule. Examples of non-central systems include gravity furnaces and certain floor furnace conditions.

Enter 3 CENTRAL to indicate that the dwelling has a central heating system commensurate with its quality grade specifications...warranting no addition to or deduction from the base price.

Enter 4 CENTRAL A/C to indicate that the dwelling has a central heating system commensurate with its quality grade specifications and has air conditioning, which would be an addition to the base price. (This category would also include heat pumps).

Note 1: Floor furnaces in dwellings under 900 SFLA should be considered central. Floor furnaces in dwellings over 900 SFLA should be considered non-central as they become inadequate and inefficient to heat the required area.

Note 2: Space heaters, free standing work or coal burning stoves, wood or coal burning fireplace inserts, and unit heaters not attached to the dwelling so as to become a permanent part of the dwelling are considered to be personal property. The correct entry for heating and heating system type in this situation is (1) none. The correct entry for heating fuel type would be the type of fuel existent.

HEATING FUEL TYPE – Required entry for dwellings. One character position is provided to enter the code that most represents the existing fuel types. These are descriptive only.

- Enter 1 to indicate NO HEATING FUEL TYPE exists.
- Enter 2 to indicate GAS.
- Enter 3 to indicate ELECTRIC.
- Enter 4 to indicate OIL.
- Enter 5 to indicate WOOD.
- Enter 6 to indicate COAL.
- Enter 7 to indicate SOLAR.

HEATING SYSTEM – Required entry for dwellings. One character position is provided to enter the code that most represents the heating system type. These are descriptive only.

- Enter 1 NONE to indicate no central heating system exists.
- Enter 2 WARM AIR to indicate the presence of a forced warm air system. With this system, the furnace has a fan or blower that pushed the warmed air through relatively small ducts. These ducts may run horizontally or vertically. Filters can be installed in the system to clean the air, and a humidifying system may be included to add needed moisture.
- Enter 3 ELECTRIC to indicate the presence of an electric heating system. This system is characterized by electric resistance elements that convert electricity into heat. These elements are embedded in the floors, walls, ceilings, or baseboard to provide radiant heat.
- Enter 4 HOT WATER to indicate the presence of a hot water (hydronic) system. With this system, water is heated in a boiler of cast iron or steel. The warm water is then pumped by one or more circulators through small tubes into baseboard panels, radiators, or tubes that are embedded in the walls, ceilings, or concrete slab.
- Enter 5 HEAT PUMP to indicate a reverse cycle refrigeration unit that can be used for heating and cooling.

ATTIC – Required entry for dwellings. One character position is provided to enter the numeric code that most represents the presence of an attic and the extent of its finish. An attic must have permanent stairs leading up to it. Pull down stairs is not considered permanent stairs. Five choices are provided.

- Enter 1 NONE to indicate no attic is present
- Enter 2 UNFIN to indicate an unfinished attic having only a subfloor and stairs.
- Enter 3 PT FIN to indicate either an undivided (one room) fully finished attic or a divided (two rooms) semi-finished attic where one room is finished and one room is unfinished.
- Enter 4 FULL FIN to indicate a divided (two or more rooms) and fully finished attic.
- Enter 5 FULL FIN/WH to indicate a divided (two or more rooms) and fully finished attic which also has one or more small dormers present

Note: Code 5 should only be used if the existing wall height is not enough for the dwelling to be considered a 1.5 or 2.5 story.

PHYSICAL CONDITION – Required entry for dwellings. Refers to a composite judgment of the overall physical condition or state of repair of the interior and exterior features of the dwelling, relative to its age or the level of maintenance which you would expect to find in a dwelling of a given age.

Consideration should be given to foundation, porches, walls, exterior trim, roofing, chimneys, wall finish, interior trim, kitchen cabinets, heating system, and plumbing. Six alternatives are provided. Enter the numeric code which is most representative of the subject property.

- Enter 1 EXCELLENT to indicate that the dwelling exhibits an outstanding standard of maintenance and upkeep in relation to its age.
- Enter 2 GOOD to indicate that the dwelling definitely exhibits an above ordinary standard of maintenance and upkeep in relation to its age.

- Enter 3 AVERAGE to indicate that the dwelling shows only minor signs of deterioration caused by normal "wear and tear." The dwelling exhibits an ordinary standard of maintenance and upkeep in relation to its age.
- Enter 4 FAIR to indicate that the dwelling is in structurally sound condition, but has greater than normal deterioration present in relation to its age. Dwellings in "fair" physical condition may be characterized as having a significant degree of deferred maintenance.
- Enter 5 POOR to indicate that the dwelling shows signs of structural damage (such as a sagging roof, foundation cracks, uneven floors, etc.), possibly combined with a significant degree of deferred maintenance (such as roof shingles needing replacement).
- Enter 6 UNSOUND to indicate that the dwelling is structurally unsound, not suitable for habitation, and subject to condemnation. It is unfortunately possible that some dwellings may be occupied, but still suitable for coding as "unsound."

INTERIOR CONDITION RELATIVE TO EXTERIOR – Required entry for dwellings. Refers to a composite judgement of the overall physical condition/state of repair of the dwelling's interior features when compared to the physical condition/state of repair of its exterior features. Interior features to be compared are those which are an integral part of the dwelling rather than furnishings, etc. One character position is provided to enter the code that represents the relationship between the interior and exterior condition. Three descriptive choices are provided.

- Enter 1 BETTER to indicate that the physical condition of the dwelling's interior features is *substantially better than* that of its exterior features.
- Enter 2 SAME to indicate that the physical condition of the dwelling's interior features is *about equal to* the physical condition of its exterior features.
- Enter 3 POORER to indicate that the physical condition of the dwelling's interior features is *substantially poorer than* that of its exterior features.

OTHER FEATURES – Required entry for dwellings where the other features exist. Ten features are included for consideration. Any combination of the ten allotted features may be utilized. Six character positions are available for the first five items (Masonry Trim, Unfinished Area, Rec. Room, Finished Basement Living Area, and a predetermined Misc. Other Feature) for entering the dimensions of those features. Enter the width in the first two positions, a multiplication symbol (x) in the third character position from the left (within the two vertical hash marks), and the length in the last three positions. All character positions must be filled in. Use leading zeros if necessary.

Note: It is possible to enter the square footage of the feature in lieu of the dimensions. The square footage should be entered right justified. Leading zeros are not necessary.

Example: Masonry trim with a size of 8 x 20 would be entered as such:

08 | X | 020 or, in the case of square footage, __ | _ | 160.

MASONRY TRIM – Enter the appropriate dimensions or square footage to indicate the presence of stone or brick walls on a dwelling listed to be priced as frame. It may only be used with construction type codes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6.

UNFINISHED AREA – Enter the appropriate dimensions or square footage of any unfinished area within the dwelling. Unfinished area indicates the absence of ceiling, wall, and floor finish in a considerable portion of the dwelling that would normally be expected to be finished.

REC ROOM – Enter the appropriate dimensions or square footage to indicate the presence of a room in the basement not considered part of the normal living area of the dwelling. The interior finish exhibits a quality of materials and workmanship inconsistent with, and generally inferior to, the main living area of the dwelling.

FIN. BSMT.LIVING AREA – Enter the appropriate dimensions or square footage to indicate the presence of an area of the basement which is finished with a quality of materials and workmanship consistent with the main living area of the dwelling...such as the lower or grade level of bi-level and tri-level dwellings.

CATHEDRAL CEILING – Enter the appropriate dimensions or area within a dwelling that has cathedral ceiling.

Note: For this application, cathedral ceilings exist only in dwellings with 2 or more stories.

WOOD-BURNING FIREPLACE – Indicates the presence of wood-burning fireplace(s). One character position is provided to enter the number of existing stacks and one character position is provided to enter the actual number of openings. Both character positions must be filled in when activated.

Note: Wood-burning fireplaces that have been closed off should not be listed.

PREFABRICATED FIREPLACE – One character position is provided to enter the number of prefabricated (metal) fireplaces in existence.

BASEMENT GARAGE – Indicate the presence of a garage(s) in the basement level of the dwelling. One character position is provided to enter the car capacity of the basement garage

Note: 6 cars may be entered.

MISCELLANEOUS OTHER FEATURES – Refers to the presence of miscellaneous other features which are easily described and priced, but not typically found in dwellings. Two character positions are provided to indicate an alpha code describing the item, and two character positions are provided to indicate the quantity or number of the items present. Two distinct entries are allowed. The following codes have been identified and included in the cost schedule.

HA = Habitat

JA = Jacuzzi

SA = Sauna

SC = Security

Note: Other codes can be developed when deemed necessary.

CONDOMINIUM – Required entry for condominiums. Space is provided to indicate condominium information relative to the floor level, the type (interior or corner), and whether or not there is a view.

LEVEL Enter 00 to indicate a lower level.

Enter 01 to indicate first floor.

Enter 02 to indicate second floor, etc.

TYPE Enter 1 to indicate that the condo is an *interior* unit, when three or more condos are in evidence.

Enter 2 to indicate that the condo is located at the end or the *corner* of the condo complex.

VIEW This is a user defined area and is an optional entry. Do not use this field unless specifically instructed to do so by the Property Tax Division.

GROUND FLOOR AREA – Required entry only when sketch vectors are not used. Character positions are provided to enter up to five numeric characters (up to 99999) denoting the base square foot area of the dwelling from which the base price is to be calculated. All character positions must be filled in. Use leading zeros if necessary. IAS CAMA will generate the GROUND FLOOR AREA using the sketch vectors.

GRADE FACTOR – Required entry for dwellings. Letter grade choices are pre-printed on the card. Enter the appropriate grade in the character position provided. A bracketed space is provided to enter either a minus sign [-] or a plus sign [+] denoting something other than a straight quality grade choice. An entry must be made within the brackets.

Grade	Factor
E-	.40
E	.50
E+	.60
D-	.70
D	.78
D+	.85
C-	.92
C	1.00
C+	1.08
B-	1.17
B	1.26
B+	1.35
A-	1.45
A	1.55
A+	1.67
X-	1.85
X	2.10
X+	2.50
S-	3.00
S	3.65
S+	4.45

COST & DESIGN FACTOR – Optional entry. Refers to a percentage to be added to or deducted from the accumulated total value of the dwelling (after applying the grade factor) for cost and/or design factors not previously considered. Two character positions are provided to enter a code describing the reason for the adjustment, and character positions are provided to enter either a plus [+] or a minus [-] symbol within the brackets and two numeric characters denoting the percentage.

Note: The system will process any percentage entry.

CDU – Required entry for dwellings. Two alpha characters are provided to enter one of the preprinted codes denoting the composite rating of the overall condition, desirability, and usefulness of the dwelling. Enter the code that is most representative of the entire dwelling.

- Enter EX EXCELLENT to indicate an "as new" or "perfect condition". No visible evidence of physical deterioration. Modern design or rehabilitated older property with no significant design faults present.
- Enter VG VERY GOOD to indicate a very minor degree of physical deterioration is present but entirely curable with modest and normal maintenance. Modern design or rehabilitated older property with no significant design faults present.
- Enter GD GOOD to indicate a minor degree of physical deterioration is present which is curable by normal maintenance. Modern design or rehabilitated older property with, at most, minor design faults present.
- Enter AV AVERAGE to indicate normal wear and tear commensurate with the age of the structure is present. Some modest evidence of deferred normal maintenance. May have minor functional design faults or lack new or modern heating or plumbing but economically feasible to correct.

- Enter FR FAIR to indicate some degree of physical deterioration is present requiring repair beyond the level of normal maintenance, often called "deferred maintenance". Likely to have significant functional design faults that are economically feasible to cure.
- Enter PR POOR to indicate significant physical deterioration with some possible evidence of structural faults. May be considered marginally imprudent or economically infeasible to correct or repair to original condition. Suffers from significant faults that may be considered incurable.
- Enter P- POOR to indicate serious physical deterioration with evidence of structural faults. Is considered economically infeasible to correct or repair. Has design faults which are incurable.
- Enter VP VERY POOR to indicate major physical deterioration in addition to significant structural faults. Deterioration is considered incurable or not economically feasible to cure. Structure may currently be occupied but is approaching the end of its economic life.
- Enter V- VERY POOR to indicate major physical and structural faults. Deterioration is considered incurable or not economically feasible to cure. Structure's condition approaches being unsound even though it may be occupied.
- Enter UN UNSOUND to indicate the structure has reached the end of its useful life for its designed purpose. It is not habitable and may pose health and safety risks.

MARKET ADJUSTMENT (% GOOD) – Optional entry. Three character positions are provided to enter two numeric characters denoting the percentage allowance for market adjustment which will be applied to the total base value of the dwelling. All character positions must be filled in. Use leading zeros if necessary.

Note: This entry will override the computer-generated percent good.

PERCENT COMPLETE – Three character positions are provided to enter the percent complete of partially completed new dwellings. This entry will adjust the depreciated replacement cost new of the dwelling. No entry is needed if dwelling is 100% complete.

ADDITIONS DATA AND CODES

CODE – Optional entry unless activated. Additions are sections or additions that are a part of the dwelling but that were not accounted for in the base area description to this point. Only valid addition codes will be accepted and priced by the system. The same addition code can be entered any number of times. Enter the appropriate two-digit addition code in the column that indicates its floor location (lower, 1st, 2nd, or 3rd). Refer to the valid entry codes by level.

Note 1: IAS can maintain an unlimited number of addition entries. Space to vector 12 additions is provided on the data collection card but only eight will print on the property record card. A message will be printed on the PRC if more than eight additions are encoded.

Note 2: In the case where multi-story additions have areas that differ, the additions must be listed separately.

Note 3: If no additions are present, leave the entries blank.

Example No. 1:

Subject dwelling has an attached, 180 square foot, open frame porch over and enclosed frame porch and a 440 square foot attached frame garage.

CA 22		ADDITIONS								
CODE	LWR	1ST	2ND	3RD	AREA	YEAR BUILT	GRADE	CDU	% COMP.	SPLIT CLASS
A1/B	---	12	11	---	J---	---	---	---	---	-
A2/C	---	13	---	---	J---	---	---	---	---	-
A3/D	---	---	---	---	J---	---	---	---	---	-
A4/E	---	---	---	---	J---	---	---	---	---	-
A5/F	---	---	---	---	J---	---	---	---	---	-

Example No. 2:

Subject dwelling has the following additions:

1. 120 Square foot open frame porch
2. 60 square foot open frame porch
3. 40 square foot open frame porch over a 60 square foot enclosed frame porch
Note: In this situation two entries are necessary since the areas are a different size.
4. 240 square foot greenhouse
5. 350 square foot 1st frame addition
6. 300 square foot frame garage
7. 80 square foot wood deck

CA 22		ADDITIONS								
CODE	LWR	1ST	2ND	3RD	AREA	YEAR BUILT	GRADE	CDU	% COMP.	SPLIT CLASS
A1/B	---	11	---	---	J---	---	---	---	---	-
A2/C	---	11	---	---	J---	---	---	---	---	-
A3/D	---	---	11	---	J---	---	---	---	---	-
A4/E	---	12	---	---	J---	---	---	---	---	-
A5/F	---	36	---	---	J---	---	---	---	---	-
A6/G	---	10	---	---	J---	---	---	---	---	-
A7/H	---	13	---	---	J---	---	---	---	---	-
A8/I	---	31	---	---	J---	---	---	---	---	-
A9/J	---	---	---	---	J---	---	---	---	---	-

AREA – Optional entry. For use when an addition is not being vectored.

Note: When code 99 – Miscellaneous Flat Value is used, the *value* of the item will be entered in the Area field.

YEAR BUILT – Optional entry. When entered, the year built in additions (not dwelling data) will be used to calculate depreciation for the entry. Do not re-enter the dwelling year built.

GRADE – Optional entry. When entered, the grade in additions (not dwelling data) will be used to adjust replacement cost for the entry. Do not re-enter the dwelling grade.

CDU – Optional entry. When entered, the CDU in additions (not dwelling data) will be used to calculate depreciation for the entry. Do not re-enter the dwelling CDU.

% COMPLETE – Optional entry. When used, the replacement cost will be adjusted by the percent complete entered for the entry. Do not re-enter the dwelling percent complete.

SPLIT CLASS – Optional entry. Unless otherwise designated, the parcel class will be assumed. If the dwelling class differs from the parcel's indicated class, it will be necessary to enter the dwelling class on every addition line.

VALID ADDITION CODES BY LEVEL					
Code	Description	Lwr	1st	2nd	3rd
10	1 Story Frame	Y	Y	Y	Y
11	OFP (Open Frame Porch)	Y	Y	Y	Y
12	EFP (Enclosed Frame Porch)	Y	Y	Y	Y
13	Frame Garage	Y	Y		
14	Frame Utility Building	Y	Y	Y	Y
15	Frame Bay	Y	Y	Y	Y
16	Frame Overhang	Y	Y	Y	Y
17	½ Story Frame			Y	Y
18	Attic – Unfinished			Y	Y
19	Attic – Finished			Y	Y
20	1 Story Masonry	Y	Y	Y	Y
21	OMP (Open Masonry Porch)	Y	Y	Y	Y
22	EMP (Enclosed Masonry Porch)	Y	Y	Y	Y
23	MG (Masonry Garage) or BG (Brick Garage)	Y	Y		
24	Masonry Utility Building	Y	Y	Y	Y
25	Masonry Bay	Y	Y	Y	Y
26	Masonry Overhang	Y	Y	Y	Y
27	½ Story Masonry			Y	Y
28	Part Finished Attic			Y	Y
30	Carport	Y	Y		
31	Wood Deck	Y	Y	Y	Y
32	Canopy	Y	Y	Y	Y
33	Concrete or Masonry Patio	Y	Y		
34	Stone or Tile Patio	Y	Y		
35	Masonry Stoop or Terrace	Y	Y		
36	Attached Greenhouse	Y	Y		
37	Frame Garage Extension	Y	Y		
38	Masonry Garage Extension	Y	Y		
41	Screen Porch	Y	Y	Y	Y
42	Summer Kitchen	Y	Y	Y	Y
43	Integral Garage	Y	Y		
50	Basement – Unfinished	Y			
51	Basement – FBLA	Y			
73	Swimming Pool – Attached	Y	Y		
74	Balcony	Y	Y	Y	Y
80	Mobile Home – Single Wide	Y	Y		
81	Mobile Home – Double Wide	Y	Y		
82	Mobile Home – Triple Wide	Y	Y		
99	Miscellaneous Flat Value (Enter value in area)	Y			

ENCODING SKETCH VECTORS AND ADDITIONS DATA

Purpose

Encode the sketch of the improvements as a set of vectors so that the computer can plot the sketch and compute the square foot areas of the main body and all additions. Record code numbers in the Additions area to identify each addition so that values and area can be computed and shown on the final computer-printed residential card.

Definitions

Vector	an instruction that indicates the direction and distance a line is to be drawn.
C	Commence (instruction for "pen down — start drawing")
R	Right
L	Left
U	Up
D	Down
X	Complete a rectangular section by continuing clockwise to point of section origin
F	Finish (completes the last two sides of the sketch)
F	Finish sketch vector
N	No vector for this addition (record the area beside the code in the additions section)
NV	No vectors for this dwelling
V	Angle — Must be followed by a direction and a distance vertically and horizontally, e.g., A0CU15VU12R13R15D27L28
A0	Main body of dwelling sketch
A1	First addition
An	Next additions — Where "n" is the number of the addition, A2, A3, A4, A5, etc.
B	Bow — Must be followed by a direction, distance, I or O, and another distance designating the depth of the bow, e.g., A0CU30BR40O15D30L40
O	Out — Used in the bow command to designate an outward bow
I	In — Used in the bow command to designate an inward bow
M	Mark — Used to mark a spot on the sketch when a drawing is not appropriate, e.g., A2U50R50CM (an unvectored addition) or to locate OB and Y items

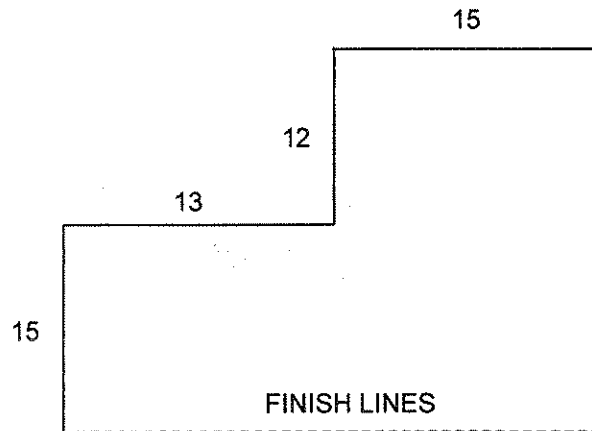
Specific Sketch Vectoring Rules

- 1) Each vector line begins with a descriptor (e.g., A0, A1, A2, etc.)
- 2) Each vector consists of a direction and a dimension (example: U25, D17, etc.), except M (mark) which requires no dimension following the "M". Use M to mark the placement of an unvectored addition.
- 3) All vectors will have the same point of beginning: the lower left corner (southwest corner) of the main body of the dwelling. All vectors, including additions, will begin from this point. The sketch will begin at the "C" location in the vector.
- 4) Commands consist of C (commence), F (finish), V (angle), B (bow), and M (mark).

Use C to instruct the program to begin the sketch.

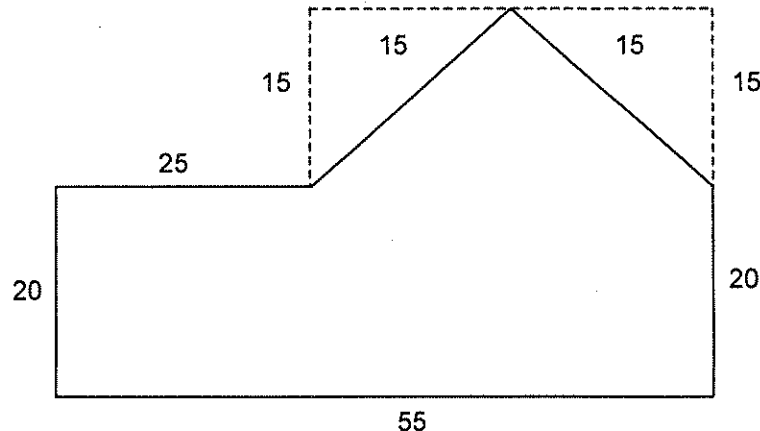
Use F to finish a sketch where two sides remain to be vectored.

Example — A0CU15R13U12R15F to produce a sketch as shown:



Use V to execute a part of the dwelling that does not form a 90° angle. The angle command consists of the V and a pair of vectors. The angled distance is calculated as the diagonal of the rectangle described by the entries following the V.

Example — A0CU20R25VU15R15VR15D15D20L55 to produce a sketch as shown:

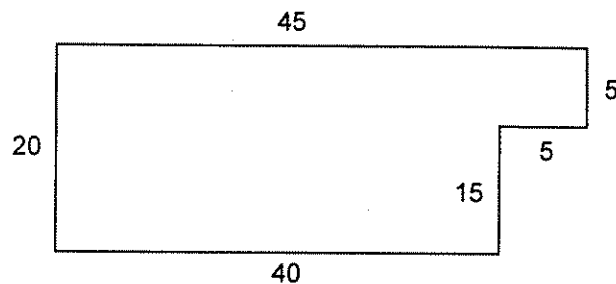


- 5) All vectors must "close" (return to the point of the beginning of the individual sketch portion).
- 6) An unlimited number of additions can be entered, but a maximum of eight additions can be printed on the inventory/contents sheet.

Procedure

- 1) Determine the point of beginning or starting point of the main body of the improvement. This is always the southwest corner (lower left corner in the grid area) of the main body of the improvement.
- 2) Begin the vectoring with the identifier for the main body of the dwelling (A0) and the instruction meaning pen down, commence (C).
- 3) The next entry required is direction (alpha) and distance (numeric) of the first vector.
- 4) Enter the balance of the required vectors to completely enclose the main body of the improvement, and return to the Point of Beginning. When the vectors are closed, the imaginary pencil will raise automatically.

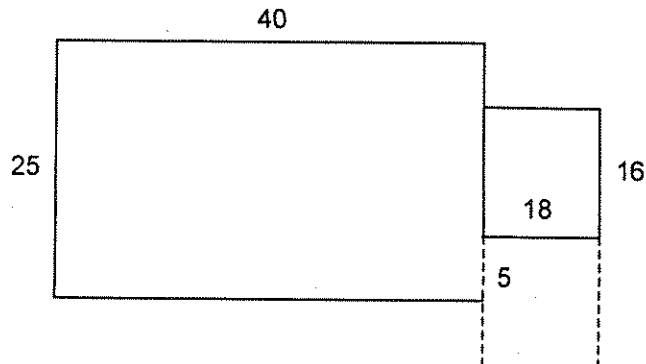
Example — A0CU20R45D5L5D15L40 to produce a sketch as shown:



- 5) Vector all rectangular sections of the sketch by using the "X" command. To use the "X", position the pen at the corner of the section, then start by using a directional vector (U, D, L, or R) which may be continued by clockwise transversal of the section.

Example — A0CU25X40 (not R40X25)

A1R40U5CU16X18 (not R18X16 which would have drawn the section



shown in the example by broken lines)

Note: Use of the "X" command not only balances these sections, but also saves time and reduces the size of vector strings.

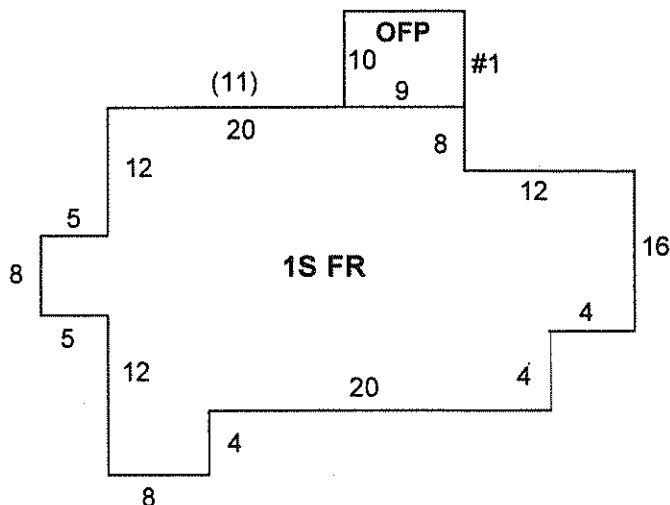
- 6) If more than 200 spaces are required to vector any portion of the sketch, complete the vector string on the following line.

Example — L10D10L20
A1CU10X10

- 7) Enter the addition identification (A1, A2, etc.) and then enter the vectors required to place and completely enclose the addition. It will be necessary to instruct the computer to go to the Point of Beginning of the addition before entering "C," commence. Remember, all vectors start from the southwest corner of the improvement. When the Point of Beginning of the addition is reached, enter the instruction "C," commence, and then enter the balance of vectors required to completely enclose the addition and return to the Point of Beginning of the addition.

Note: Once vectoring proficiency has been established, it is often desirable to "shortcut" outside or through the main body of the improvement to reach the commence, "C," point of an addition. By following this practice, the "C" point can be reached with a maximum of two vectors. This may often be simpler than following the perimeter of the dwelling to the "C" point, but extreme caution must be used since the distance of these vectors may not be readily identifiable from the sketch.

Correct — A0CU12L5U8R5U12R20D8R12D16L4D4



L20D4L8

A1U12L5U8R5U12R11CU10X9

Short Cut — A0CU12L5U8R5U12R20D8R12D16L4D4

L20D4L8

A1R11U32CU10X9

- 8) Enter the vectors required for the balance of additions, in order (A1, A2, A3, etc.). Be sure to start each addition on a separate line (A1/B, A2/C, A3/D, etc.)
- 9) Encoding the addition identifications – the last step in the sketch vector procedure is to fill in the addition identification codes in the “Addition” area of the data collection form.

For each addition, enter the proper code identifying that addition.

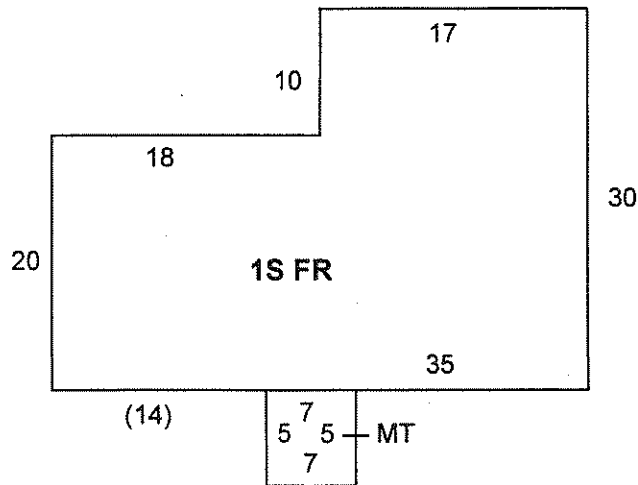
- a) On the correct line for the addition
- b) Correctly positioned in the column identifying the floor level of the addition (lower, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, etc.)

Notes: In cases where it is necessary to use two or more codes to completely describe a stacked addition with an identical floor area on each level (for example, a 2 story open framed porch), place each code in its correct column for level placement on the same line for that addition.

The space for “Area” is left blank in all cases, EXCEPT those where the sketch is not vectored (for example, an addition which has an irregular outline in the sketch). This possibility will be covered as a special example later in these instructions.

TYPICAL SKETCH VECTOR EXAMPLES

Sketch Vector — Example #1



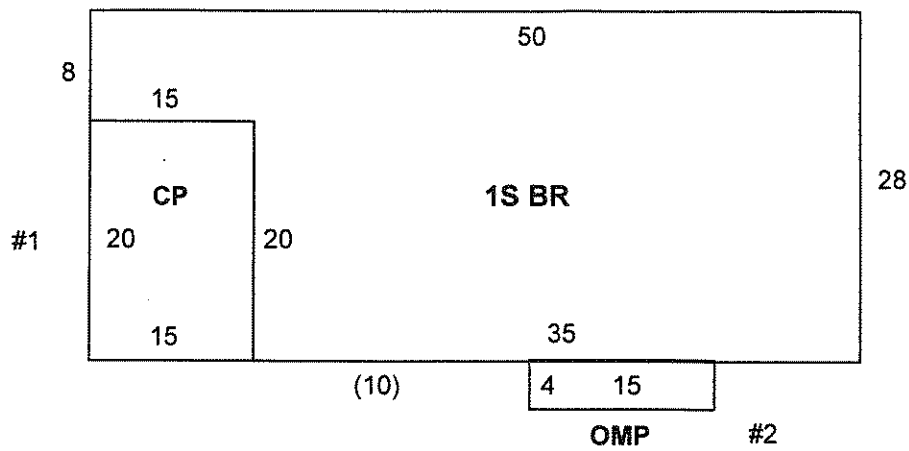
A0CU20R18U10R17D30L35

A1R14CR7X5

ADDITION	
<u>One Story Additions</u>	
One story frame	10
One story brick	20
<u>One Half Story Additions</u>	
One half story frame	17
One half story brick	27
<u>Garage</u>	
Frame garage	13
Brick garage	23
Masonry garage extension	38
<u>Porches</u>	
Open frame porch	11
Enclosed frame porch	12
Open masonry porch	21
Encl. masonry porch	22
<u>Attics</u>	
Attic unfinished	18
Attic finished	19
Attic part finished	28
<u>Carports</u>	
Carport	30
<u>Bay Windows</u>	
Frame bay window	15
Masonry bay window	25
<u>Overhangs</u>	
Frame overhang	16
Masonry overhang	26
<u>Patios / Decks</u>	
Wood deck	31
Patio (concrete)	33
Patio (flag, tile, brick)	34
Masonry terrace	35
<u>Other</u>	
Frame shed	14
Masonry shed	24
Greenhouse	36
Basement unfinished	50

XI ADDITIONS					
ADD SEQ	LWR	1 ST	2 ND	3 RD	AREA
A1/B	---	3 5	---	---	— —
A2/C	---	---	---	---	— —
A3/D	---	---	---	---	— —
A4/E	---	---	---	---	— —
A/5F	---	---	---	---	— —
A/6G	---	---	---	---	— —
A/7H	---	---	---	---	— —
A/8I	---	---	---	---	— —

Sketch Vector — Example #2



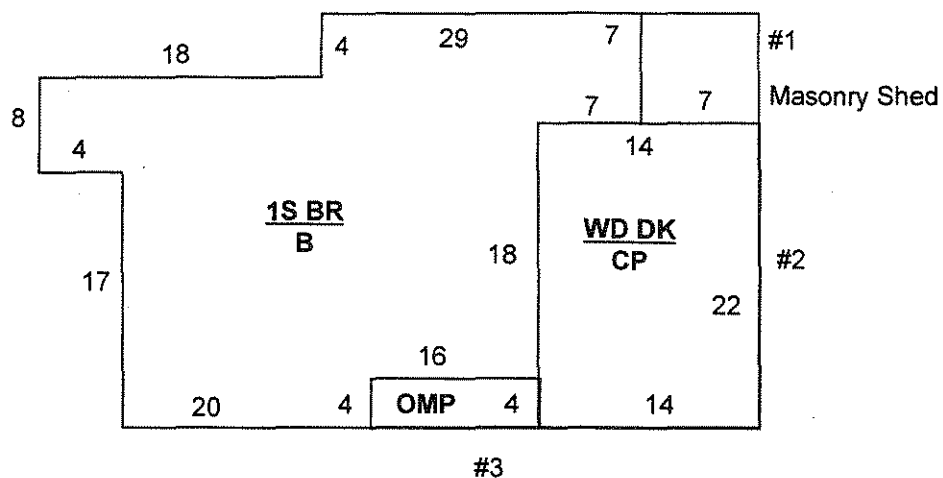
A0CU20L15U8R50D28L35

A1CL15X20

A2R10CR15X4

XI ADDITIONS					
ADD SEQ	LWR	1 ST	2 ND	3 RD	AREA
A1/B	---	<u>3 0</u>	---	---	— ———
A2/C	---	<u>2 1</u>	---	---	— ———
A3/D	---	---	---	---	— ———
A4/E	---	---	---	---	— ———
A5/F	---	---	---	---	— ———
A6/G	---	---	---	---	— ———
A7/H	---	---	---	---	— ———
A8/I	---	---	---	---	— ———

Sketch Vector — Example #3



A0CU17L4U8R18U4R29D7L7D18L16D4

L20

A1R43U22CU7X7

A2R36CU22X14

A3R20CU4X16

Note: Additions should (not must) be numbered clockwise.

XI ADDITIONS					
ADD SEQ	LWR	1 ST	2 ND	3 RD	AREA
A1/B	---	<u>2 4</u>	---	---	— ----
A2/C	---	<u>3 0</u>	<u>3 1</u>	---	— ----
A3/D	---	<u>2 1</u>	---	---	— ----
A4/E	---	---	---	---	— ----
A5/F	---	---	---	---	— ----
A6/G	---	---	---	---	— ----
A7/H	---	---	---	---	— ----
A8/I	---	---	---	---	— ----

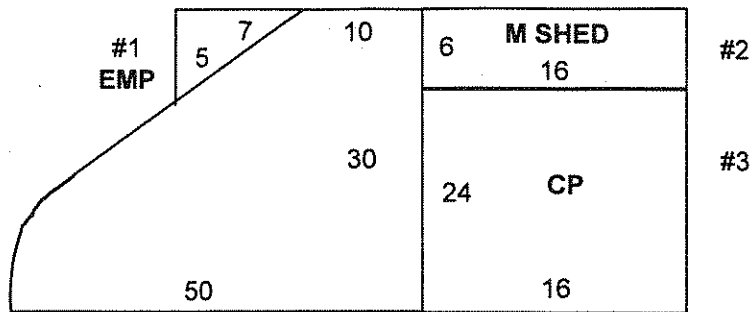
XI ADDITIONS					
ADD SEQ	LWR	1 ST	2 ND	3 RD	AREA
A1/B	___	<u>1 4</u>	___	___	___ ___
A2/C	___	<u>1 2</u>	___	___	___ ___
A3/D	___	___	___	___	___ ___
A4/E	___	___	___	___	___ ___
A5/F	___	___	___	___	___ ___
A6/G	___	___	___	___	___ ___
A7/H	___	___	___	___	___ ___
A8/I	___	___	___	___	___ ___



A1N

Sketch Vector — Example #7 — “No Vector”

Improvement and addition with rounded sides in the sketch. In this case, a representative computer diagram and a computer-generated area will not be developed.



In cases such as this, the following rules apply:

- Do not enter any sketch vectors.
- Enter the manually computed area of the main part of the improvement in the Ground Floor Area field. Enter right justified with leading zeros.

Example — Ground Floor Area 900

- Enter “NV” in the first line allowed for vectors. This entry should be made as shown in the following example.

Example — NV

- Enter both the type codes and the manually computed areas of each addition in the “Addition” area of the data collection card.

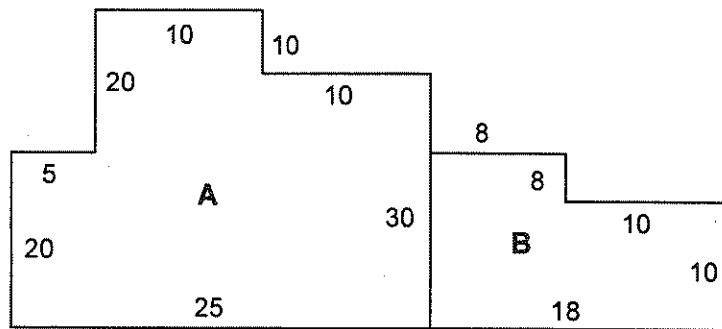
Example:

XI ADDITIONS					
ADD SEQ	LWR	1 ST	2 ND	3 RD	AREA
B	---	<u>2 2</u>	---	---	— —1 7
C	---	<u>2 4</u>	---	---	— —9 6
D	---	<u>3 0</u>	---	---	— —3 8 4
E	---	---	---	---	— -----
F	---	---	---	---	— -----
G	---	---	---	---	— -----
H	---	---	---	---	— -----
I	---	---	---	---	— -----

Note: In the case where an improvement and its additions can be vectored with the exception of a minor addition (for example, a kidney-shaped masonry patio), it is desirable to vector the improvement and all additions, except the kidney-shaped patio. For the patio, enter the identifier (A3, for example) and “N”.

Sketch Vector — Example #8

The "F" command is most useful when vectoring irregular shapes with lengthy vector strings. This command causes the system to calculate the last two direction/dimension entries. The result is automatic closure of the vector string. It may be used for both main dwellings and additions. Using the "F" command requires five fewer characters than the standard commands.

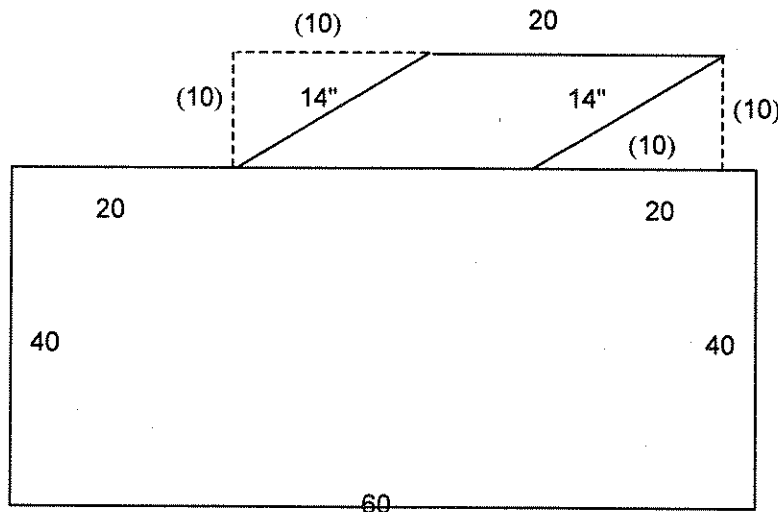


A0CU20R5U20R10D10R10F

A1R25CU18R8D8R10F

Sketch Vector — Example #9

The "V" command indicates the presence of an angle. It must be followed by a pair of direction and distance entries. The angled distance is calculated as the diagonal of the rectangle described by the entries following the "V".



A0CU40R20VU10R10R20VD10L10R20F

Sketch Vector — Example #10

The "B" command indicates the presence of a bow. When using a bow in a vector string the following order must be followed; i.e., A1CR24BL24O10

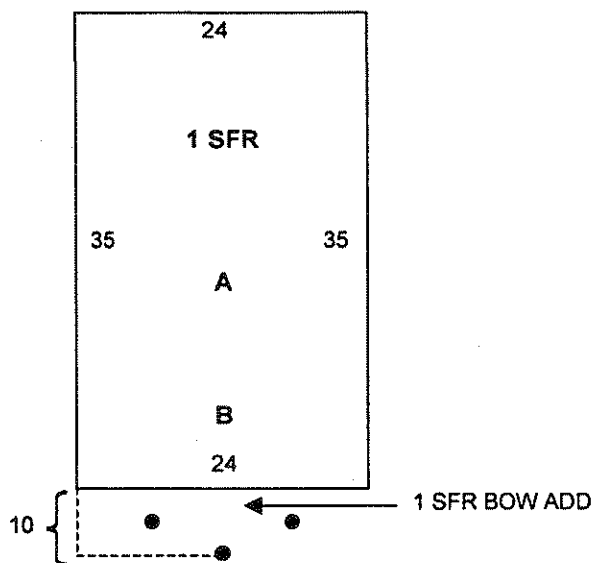
- Code "B"
- Direction (R, L, U, D)
- Distance (5, 10, 15, etc.)
- I or O (bowed In or Out)
- Depth of Bow (5, 10, 20, etc.)
- Opposite direction from b) above (R, L, U, D)
- Same distance as c) above (10, 20, 35, etc.)

The following five examples illustrate the use of the bow in each direction. (See Examples 10A, 10B, 10C, 10D, and 10E.)

Example 10A

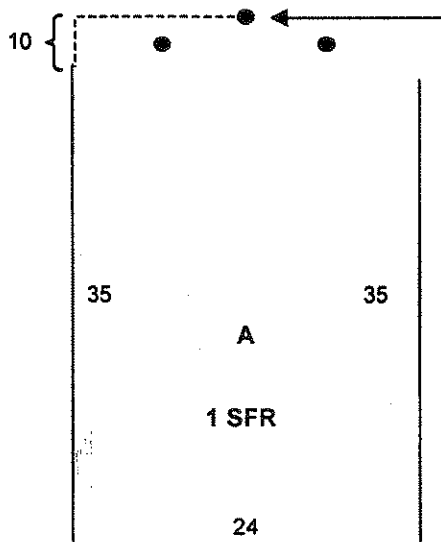
A0CU35X24

A1CR24BL24O10



Example 10B

A0CU35BR24O10D35L24

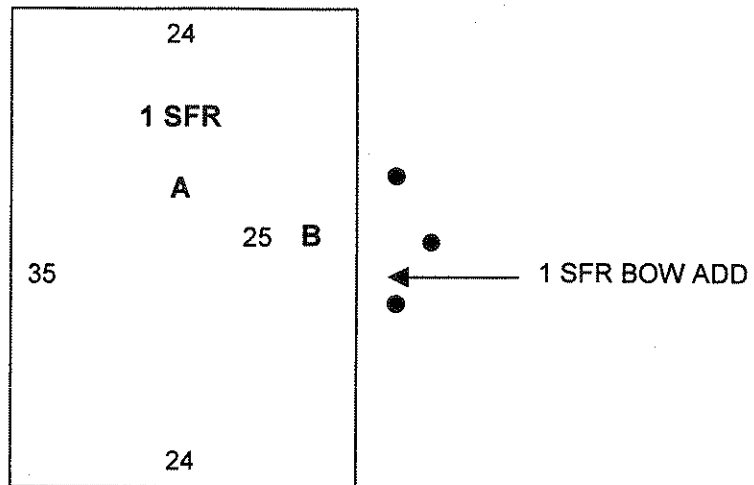


Comment: When vectoring an addition with a bow at the top of the sketch, commence right to left.

Example 10C

A0CU35X24

A1R24U30CBD25O10U25

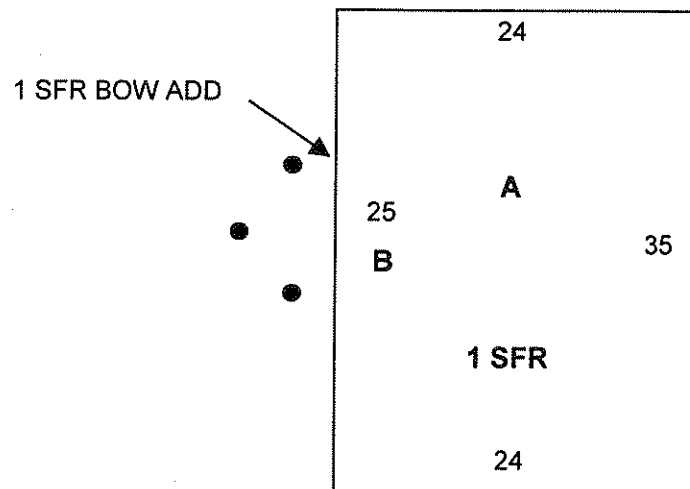


Comment: When vectoring an addition with a bow to the right of the sketch, commence down then up.

Example 10D

A0CU35X24

A1U5CBU25O10D25



Comment: When vectoring an addition with a bow to the left of the sketch, commence up then down.

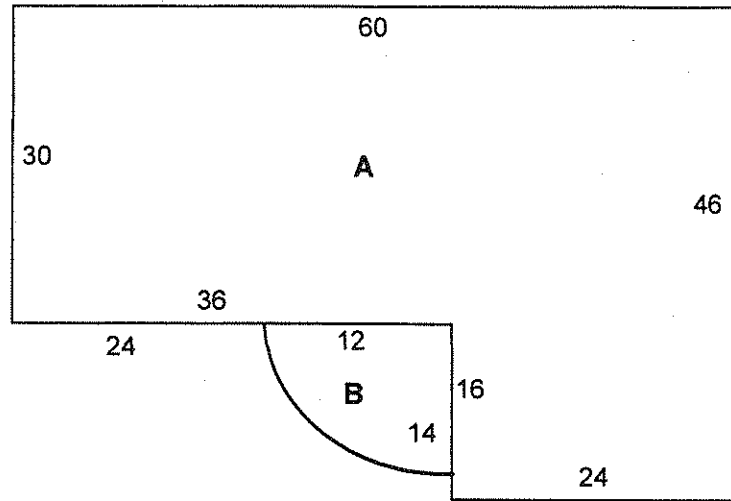
Example 10E

A0 CU30R60D46

L24U16L36

A1 R24CR12D14

BVL12U14O2



Common Errors found in Vectoring and Describing Additions

- 1) Down and Up relationships not equal.
- 2) Right and Left relationships not equal.
- 3) First character after "C" (commence) is not alpha.
- 4) Missing "C" (commence) in vector string.
- 5) More than one "C" (commence) in vector string.
- 6) Addition descriptor key is not continuous, for example, A6/G must follow A5/F.
- 7) Addition vectored, but no corresponding description.
- 8) Addition described, but with no corresponding vectors.
- 9) First character in vector string is not "A".
- 10) Second character in vector string is not numeric.

Two continuous vectors showing no change in direction.

DATA COLLECTION SPECIFICATIONS

Commercial/Industrial Building Data

Commercial/Industrial Building Data	43
General Building Data	43
Building Number	43
Year Built	44
Effective Year Built	44
Number of Units	44
Structure Type Code	44
Structure Type Codes/Land Use Codes	45
Grade	47
Number of Identical Buildings	47
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Interior/Exterior Data	48
Line Number	48
Section Number	48
Level (From)	48
Level (To)	49
Year Built	50
Dimensions	50
Use Type	51
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Wall Height	56
Exterior Wall Material	56
Construction Type	57
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Heating System Type	58
Air Conditioning Type	58
Plumbing (Water)	58
Lighting	58
Physical Condition	58
Functional Utility Factor	59
(%) Percent Rentable	60
Alternate Class	60
(%) Percent Complete	60
Bldg Other Features/Attached Improvements	60
Interior/Exterior Line Number	60
Structure Code	61
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Measurement 1 / Measurement 2	61
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Apartment Data	65

COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL BUILDING DATA

(Back Side of the Card)

There are six distinct areas of the form to be completed -

- General Building Data / Parking Data
- Interior / Exterior Data
- Building Other Features - Attached Improvements
- Apartment Data
- Other Building and Yard Improvements
- Total Other Improvements

A building is broken down into *sections*. Building sections are distinguished by significant differences in story height, construction type, and quality of construction. A section can share a common wall or part of a common wall with another section or several sections, but otherwise could stand alone as a separate building.

Building sections are then broken down into *interior/exterior lines*. An interior/exterior line is defined as that portion of a building section having all identical characteristics (except level) found in the interior/exterior data areas of the data collection card. In other words, an interior/exterior line consists of those stories in a building section whose description in the following categories is exactly the same.

- Dimensions (width x length or square feet)
- Perimeter
- Use Type
- Wall Height
- Exterior Wall Material
- Construction Type
- Interior Finish
- Partitions
- Heating System
- Air Conditioning
- Plumbing
- Lighting
- Physical Condition
- Functional Utility
- Percent Rentable
- Alternate Class

GENERAL BUILDING DATA

Information in the General Building Data section of the form must be completed for every building structure type described.

CA 31 GENERAL BUILDING DATA			
BLDG NO.	YEAR BUILT	EFF. YEAR	NO. OF UNITS
STRUCT TYPE	GRADE	IDENT. BLDGS	SPLIT CLASS

BUILDING NUMBER – Required entry. Space is provided to enter a four-digit character denoting the "building number." Building numbers should begin with 01, and follow a sequential order. All character positions must be filled in. Use leading zeros if necessary.

YEAR BUILT - Required entry. Space is provided to enter the year in which the building structure type was completed.

Note: If the owner or tenant does not know the actual year, enter the best estimate based on the known age of similar properties in the immediate area. A year built must be entered for each structure type.

EFFECTIVE YEAR BUILT – Optional entry. Space is provided to enter the effective year built of the structure based upon its condition and remaining economic life relative to the valuation date. It may be greater or less than the structure's actual age. When utilized, entries in this field will be used to calculate depreciation.

NUMBER OF UNITS – Optional entry. Space is provided to enter a four-digit number denoting a distinctive type of measurable unit utilized to describe certain structure type codes. All character positions must be filled in. Use leading zeros if necessary. The following are structure type codes and the types of units to be measured.

<i>Type Code</i>	<i>Structure Type</i>	<i>Measurable Units</i>
211	Apartment, Garden	Number of Living Units
212	Apartment, High Rise	Number of Living Units
314	Hotel/Motel, High Rise	Number of Rooms
315	Hotel/Motel, Low Rise	Number of Rooms
316	Nursing Home	Number of Beds
318	Boarding/Rooming House	Number of Rooms
336	Car Wash - Manual	Number of Bays
337	Car Wash - Automatic	Number of Bays
338	Parking Garage/Deck	Number of Cars
363	Legitimate Theater	Number of Seats
364	Motion Picture Theater	Number of Seats
365	Cinema/Theater	Number of Seats
381	Bowling Alley	Number of Alleys
385	Tennis Club - Indoor	Number of Courts
386	Racquet Club - Indoor	Number of Courts
395	Trucking Terminal	Number of Bays
396	Mini Warehouse	Number of Rentable Units
640	Hospital	Number of Beds

STRUCTURE TYPE CODE – Required entry. Space is provided to enter the three-digit numeric structure type code that denotes the purpose of the building's construction. Refer to the following page for a list of available codes.

Note: When a building section has been constructed for multiple purposes of use, the predominant structure type code should be entered.

STRUCTURE TYPE CODES AND/OR LAND USE CODES			
* Land Use Codes Only			
Land Use	Code	Land Use	Code
RESIDENTIAL		Miscellaneous	
<i>Living Oriented</i>		Super Regional Shpg Mall	340
Residential Vacant Land	100	Regional Shopping Mall	341
Residential 1 Family	101	Community Shopping Center	342
Residential 2 Family	102	Neighborhood Shopping Center	343
Residential 3 Family	103	Strip Shopping Center	344
Residential 4 Family	104	Discount Department Store	345
Mixed Residential/Commercial	105	Department Store	346
Condominium (Common element)	106	Supermarket	347
Condominium (Fee simple)	107	Convenience Food Market	348
Mobile Home	108	Medical Office	349
Auxiliary Improvements	109*	Bank	351
Unsound Residential Structure	110*	Savings Institution	352
Active Farm	112	Office Bldg. - Low Rise (1-4 stories)	353
Inactive Farm	113	Office Bldg. - High Rise (> 4 stories)	354
Lg. Vacant Tracts w/unknown	123	Office Condominium	355
<i>Apartments</i>		Retail Condominium	356
Apartment Vacant Land	200*	Funeral Home	361
Res. Structure on Apt Value Land	201	Veterinary Clinic	362
Apartments Garden (1-3 stories)	211	Motion Picture Theater	363
High Rise Apartments	212	Legitimate Theater	364
Mobile Home Park	213*	Cinema/Theater	365
		Radio, TV or Motion Picture Studio	366
COMMERCIAL		Social/Fraternal Hall	367
General Commercial Vacant Land	300*		
Residential Bldg. on Comm. Land	301	Hangar	368
Unsound Commercial Structure	310*	Day Care Center	369
Hotel/Motel - High Rise	314	Greenhouse/Florist	370
Hotel/Motel - Low Rise	315	Downtown Row Type	371
Nursing Home	316	Retail - Single Occupancy	373
Boarding/Rooming House	318	Retail - Multiple Occupancy	374
Mixed Residential/Commercial	319	Retail - Drive-Up Sport & Health	375
<i>Food & Beverage</i>		Bowling Alley	381
Restaurant	321	Skating Rink	382
Food Stand	323	Health Spa	383
Fast Food	325	Swimming - Indoor Pool	384
Ice House	326	Tennis Club - Indoor	385
Bar/Lounge	327	Racquet Club - Indoor	386
Night Club/Dinner Theater	328	Country Club (w/o Golf Course)	387
<i>Automotive Oriented</i>		Club House	388
Kwik Lube	330	Country Club (with Golf Course)	389
Auto Dealer - Full Service	331	Amusement Park	390*
Auto Service Garage	332	Miscellaneous Storage	
Service Station with Bays	333	Cold Storage Facility	391
Service Station without Bays	334	Lumber Storage	392
Truck Stop	335	Auxiliary Improvement	393*
Car Wash - Manual	336	Truck Terminal	395
Car Wash - Automatic	337	Mini Warehouse	396
Parking Garage/Deck	338	Office/Warehouse	397
Parking Miscellaneous	339*	Warehouse	398
		Warehouse, Prefabricated	399

STRUCTURE TYPE CODES AND/OR LAND USE CODES (continued)			
* Land Use Codes Only			
Land Use	Code	Land Use	Code
INDUSTRIAL		Paint Mfg.	451*
Vacant Land	400*	Paper Finishing & Converting	452*
Manufacturing	401	Petroleum Refinery	453*
Research & Development	405	Pipeline Mfg.	454*
Aircraft Engine	411*	Plastics Products. Mfg.	455*
Aluminum & Foil Mfg.	412*	Plastics Products Mfg. w/special tools	456*
Asphalt Plant	413*	Print Shop	457*
Automobile Parts Mfg.	414*	Pulp & Paper	458*
Bakery	415*	Quarries (1)	459*
Bottling Plant	416*	Railroad Car Mfg.	460*
Broom Mfg.	417*	Rubber Mfg. - Tire Recapping	461*
Candy Mfg.	418*	Shoe Mfg.	462*
Cement Mfg.	419*	Steel Mill	463*
Concrete Mfg.	420*	Steam Generating Plant	464*
Chemical Plant	421*	Saw Mills - Permanent	465*
Clay Products	422*	Saw Mills - Temporary	466*
Clothing Mfg. (exc. Leather / Rubber)	423*	Textile Mfg.	467*
Coal Processing Plant	424*	Tobacco Products Mfg.	468*
Compressor Station (not Public Util.)	425*	Woodworking Shop	469*
Dairy	426*	Wire Products Mfg.	470*
Dental & Medical Lab Mfg.	428*	Jewelry, Musical Instruments (2)	471*
Electronic Components Prods. Mfg.	439*	Institutional & Special Purpose	
Electronic Equipment Mfg.	430*	Vacant Exempt Land	600*
Feed & Flower Mfg.	431*	Cemetery	602*
Foundry Products	432*	Post Office	602*
Food Processing	433*	Federal/State Building	603*
Glass Mfg.	434*	Other Miscellaneous Exempt	604*
Glass Mfg. Using special tools	435*	Recreational/Health	610
Grain & Milling Prod. Mfg.	436*	Library	611
Ice Plant	437*	School	612
Leather Prod. Mfg.	438*	College & University	613
Liquified Natural Gas Plant	439*	Religious	620
Logging, Cutting of Timber	440*	Auditorium	630
Machinery & Equipment Mfg.	441*	Hospital	640
Meat Packing & Slaughterhouse	442*	Police or Fire Station	660
Metal Working	443*	Correctional	670
Mining, Deep	444*	Cultural	680
Mining, Strip	445*	Rail/Bus/Air Terminal	690
Natural Gas Extracting Facility	446*	Communication	
Nickel Mfg.	447*	Utility Vacant Land	700*
Newspaper Plant	448*	Telephone Equipment Bldg.	710
Oil & Gas Pipeline (not Public Util.)	449*	Telephone SRV Garage	715
Optical Mfg.	450*	Radio/TV Transmitter Building	720

(1) Includes Stone & Gravel, Limestone, Sandstone, Shale, and Clay.

(2) Includes Silverware and Plated Ware, Toys, Amusements, Sporting & Athletic Goods, Pens, Pencils and Other Office and Artist's Materials, Costume Jewelry, Notions, Etc.

GRADE – Required entry. Space is available for a two-character entry. The first entry requires a letter grade. The second entry is for a + (plus) or – (minus) if applicable. For example, you might have a B _ grade building or a C ± grade building.

Grade	Factor
E-	.40
E	.50
E+	.60
D-	.70
D	.78
D+	.85
C-	.92
C	1.00
C+	1.08
B-	1.17
B	1.26
B+	1.35
A-	1.45
A	1.55
A+	1.67
X-	1.85
X	2.10
X+	2.50
S-	3.00
S	3.65
S+	4.45

NUMBER OF IDENTICAL BUILDINGS – Required entry. Space is provided to enter the total number of identical buildings. Enter 01 – 99. Identical means *identical in all respects* including apartment data.

SPLIT CLASS – Optional entry. Used to indicate a tax class for the commercial building that is *different* than the tax class established for the parcel.

PARKING DATA

Spaces are provided for entering the number (0001 to 9999) of covered and uncovered parking spaces available on the property.

PARKING DATA
COVERED
UNCOVERED

INTERIOR / EXTERIOR DATA

In describing the various portions of a building section, the concept of interior/exterior lines should be used. For example, a portion of a building section several stories high is considered to be an interior/exterior line if all of the following variables have the same content.

Dimensions (width x length or square feet)	Air Conditioning Type
Perimeter	Plumbing
Use Type	Lighting
Wall Height	Physical Condition
Exterior Wall Material	Functional Utility Factor
Construction Type	Percent Rentable
Interior Finish Percentage	Alternate Class
Partitions	Percent Complete
Heating System Type	

CA 34				INTERIOR - EXTERIOR DATA																		
LINE NO.	SECT NO.	LEVEL FROM	LEVEL TO	YEAR BUILT	DIMENSIONS		USE TYPE	WALL HT.	EXT. WALLS	CONST TYPE	INTERIOR FINISH	PTNS	HTG	AC	PLBG	LTV	PHYS COND	FUNC. UTIL. FACT.	% COMPLETE	% RENTABLE	SPLIT CLASS	VECT. CODE
					SIZE	PERIM																A0
																						A1
																						A2
																						A3
																						A4
																						A5
																						A6
																						A7

LINE NUMBER – Optional entry. The system will automatically assign a unique line number based on the next available line number. If you designate a line number it will be used to determine the order of entry and not necessarily the line number.

SECTION NUMBER – Optional entry. Space is provided to enter a two-digit number denoting the section number of the building being described. Section numbers should begin with 01 and follow a sequential order.

LEVEL (From) – Required entry. Space is provided to enter a two-character alpha/numeric code. This field is to be used in conjunction with the next field for interior/exterior lines consisting of several stories.

Enter	B1	to indicate first basement.
Enter	B2	to indicate sub basement.
Enter	B3	to indicate sub sub basement (up to B5 available).
Enter	C1	to indicate crawl space.
Enter	M1	to indicate first mezzanine.
Enter	M2	to indicate second mezzanine.
Enter	M3	to indicate third mezzanine (up to M9 available).
Enter	A1	to indicate attic.
Enter	P1	to indicate penthouse (up to P3 available).
Enter	E1	to indicate enclosure (up to E9 available).
Enter	01-01	to indicate first story.
Enter	02-75	to indicate second through seventy-fifth story.

LEVEL (To) – Space is provided to enter a two-character alpha/numeric code that is to be used in conjunction with the "From" entry. The same two-character alpha/numeric codes apply for both the "From" and "To" fields. When a line is utilized, entries must be present in each field.

Note 1: When making entries to the "From" and "To" fields, do not mix codes.

Note 2: The numeric characters used with crawl space, mezzanines, attics, penthouses, and enclosures are for identification, they *do not* indicate the floor or level where the item is located. For instance, if two enclosures on the first floor were to be described, they would be designated E1 to E1 and E2 to E2. Renumbering should begin when going to another floor.

Note 3: Mezzanine and enclosure listings should follow the listing of the floor on which they are located. That is, if there is a mezzanine located on the first floor of a building, the basic description of the first floor will have the description of the mezzanine on the entry line just below it.

Note 4: Attic levels should follow the next highest floor level.

Note 5: Penthouses should follow the top floor.

Note 6: The first floor must *always* be entered as a separate line entry (01 to 01).

Following are examples of all types of *acceptable* entries:

LINE NO.	SECT NO.	LEVEL		YEAR BUILT	DIMENSIONS		USE TYPE	WALL HT.	EXT. WALLS	INTERIOR - EXTERIOR DATA	
		FROM	TO		SIZE	PERIM.				CONST TYPE	INTERIOR FINISH
--	--	B1	B2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
--	--	01	01	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
--	--	M1	M1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
--	--	02	05	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
--	--	P1	P1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Entry 1 indicates there is a basement and identical sub basement.

Entry 2 indicates that the first story forms a unique interior/exterior line.

Entry 3 indicates there is a mezzanine located on the first floor.

Entry 4 indicates that the second story through the fifth story are identical.

Entry 5 indicates there is a penthouse.

Following are examples of *unacceptable* entries:

LINE NO.	SECT NO.	LEVEL		YEAR BUILT	DIMENSIONS		USE TYPE	WALL HT.	EXT. WALLS	INTERIOR - EXTERIOR DATA	
		FROM	TO		SIZE	PERIM.				CONST TYPE	INTERIOR FINISH
--	--	C1	B1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
--	--	01	M1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
--	--	B1	P1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
--	--	01	03	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
--	--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Entry 1 Creates the question, "Is there a sub basement?" *This type of entry should not be used.*

Entry 2 Creates the question, "Is there a second story, third story, etc.?" *This type of entry should not be used.*

Entry 3 Creates the question, "How many floors are there in between?" *This type of entry should not be used.*

Entry 4 As previously stated, the first floor must always be entered as a separate line entry.

Note: Not only are these entries confusing, they would not form unique interior/exterior lines.

YEAR BUILT – Required entry. Enter the year built of the structure. Estimate if year built is not known.

DIMENSIONS – Required entries. Size and perimeter must be entered for any line that is not vectored. When left blank the system will insert the size and perimeter automatically based on the vector. When entries are entered and vectored, the system will notify you if there is a mismatch. Since the perimeter may reflect a common wall, it is advised that size and perimeter be entered whether or not the interior/exterior line is vectored.

Size – Enter either the dimensions (width and length) or the square feet area of the level being described. To enter the *dimensions*, character positions are provided for eight characters: three numeric characters denoting the width, one multiplication (x) symbol, and four numeric characters denoting the length. The multiplication symbol must always be entered in the fourth character position from the left (within the two vertical hash marks). All character positions must be filled in. Use leading zeros if necessary. To enter the *square foot area*, character positions are provided to enter eight numeric characters (up to 99,999,999 square feet). Utilize the character positions to the right. Leading zeros are not necessary.

Notes: Do not enter the total square footage area for all stories of the interior/exterior line.
Use 75% of the section's first floor area for a-1/2 story.
Use 50% of the section's first floor area for an attic.

Perimeter – Space is provided to enter the effective perimeter of the interior/exterior line of the building section being described. Enter the sum of all exterior wall measurements around the base of the interior/exterior line to the nearest foot. Utilize the character positions to the right.

Note 1: When a common wall separates two sections with different wall heights, take the wall with that section which corresponds to the height of the wall. If both sections are the same height, take the wall with either one of the two sections, but not both.

Note 2: When an open area separates two sections, do not use this open area in calculating the effective perimeter.

Note 3: When a common wall separates the building from an adjacent parcel under different ownership, take the length of the common wall times 60% for both parcels to calculate effective perimeter.

USE TYPE – Required entry. Space is provided to enter a three-digit numeric code denoting the *current* use of the interior/exterior line.

Note: The current use may differ from the structure type.

The following three-digit codes should be utilized.

011 Apartment	054 Nursing Home
012 Hotel	055 School
021 Motel	056 Hospital
023 Dormitory	057 Library
025 Dwelling Conversion – Office	058 Funeral Home
026 Dwelling Conversion – Sales	061 Auditorium/Theater
027 Dwelling	062 Cinema
031 Restaurant	063 Religious Institution
032 Department Store	064 Social/Fraternal Hall
033 Discount Store/Market	070 Service Station with Bays
034 Retail Store	071 Service Station – Conversion Retail
035 Tavern/Bar	072 Service Station – Conversion Storage
036 Bar/Lounge	073 Service Station without Bays
037 Cafeteria	074 Car Wash – Manual
038 Convenience Store	075 Car Wash – Automatic
039 Mall Shops	076 Quik Lube
041 Mini Warehouse	081 Multi-Use – Apartment
042 Hangar	082 Multi-Use – Office
043 Manufacturing	083 Multi-Use – Sales
044 Light Manufacturing	084 Multi-Use – Storage
045 Warehouse	085 Enclosure
046 Auto Showroom/Office	086 Support Area
047 Auto Parts/Service	088 Restroom/Locker Room Facility
048 Tennis Club	090 Parking Garage
049 Racquetball Court	091 Unfinished Residential Basement
050 Skating Rink (Ice or Roller)	095 Covered Mall
051 Bank/Savings Institution	100 Franchise Food (see detailed list)
052 Medical Center	990 Parking, Upper Deck
053 Office Building	

Note: The use type for crawl space will always be "000 - None."

CODE RELATIONSHIPS CHART

Structure Type Code	Basic Structure Code	Construction Type Code	Normal Use Type Code
101-104 Residential - 1-4 Family	10	1	027 Dwelling
105 Mixed Residential/Commercial (built as Residential)	10	1	025 Dwelling Conversion - Office 026 Dwelling Conversion - Sales
106-107 Condominium	10	1	027 Dwelling
201 Residential Structure on Apartment Value Land	10	1	027 Dwelling
211 Apartment, Garden (1 to 3 stories)	2	1	011 Apartment
212 Apartment, High Rise	1	2 or 3	011 Apartment
301 Residential Structure on Commercial Value Land	10	1	027 Dwelling
314 Hotel/Motel, High Rise	1	2 or 3	012 Hotel 021 Motel
315 Hotel/Motel, Low Rise	2	1 or 2	012 Hotel 021 Motel
316 Nursing Home	2	1 or 2	054 Nursing Home
318 Boarding-Rooming House	10	1	081 Multi-Use - Apartment
319 Mixed Residential/Commercial (built as Commercial)	3	1 or 2	034 Retail Store 081 Multi-Use - Apartment 082 Multi-Use - Office
321 Restaurant	3	1 or 2	031 Restaurant 037 Cafeteria
323 Food Stand	3	1	034 Restaurant
325 Fast Food	9	1**	100 (Series) Food Franchise <i>See List</i>
326 Ice House	3	1	035 Tavern
327 Bar/Lounge	3	1 or 2	035 Tavern/Bar 036 Bar/Lounge
328 Night Club/Dinner Theater	3	1 or 2	031 Restaurant
330 Kwik Lube	3	1 or 2	076 Kwik Lube
331 Auto Dealer, Full Service	4	1, 2 or 4	046 Auto Showroom/Office 047 Auto Parts/Service
332 Auto Service Garage	4	1 or 2	047 Auto Parts/Service
333 Service Station (Full Service)	3	1 or 2	070 Service Station with Bays 071 Serv. St. - Conversion Retail 072 Serv. St. - Conv. Storage 073 Service Station without Bays
334 Service Station (Self Service)	3	1 or 2	071 Serv. St. - Conversion Retail 072 Serv. St. - Conv. Storage 073 Service Station without Bays
335 Truck Stop	4	1 or 2	047 Auto Parts/Service 070 Service Station with Bays 073 Service Station without Bays 081 Multi-Use Apartment (sleeping areas)

CODE RELATIONSHIPS CHART			
Structure Type Code	Basic Structure Code	Construction Type Code	Normal Use Type Code
336 Car Wash - Manual	7	1 or 4	074 Car Wash - Manual
337 Car Wash - Automatic	4	1 or 2	075 Car Wash - Automatic 083 Multi-Use - Sales
338 Parking Garage Deck	4	2 or 3	090 Parking Garage 990 Parking, Open Upper Deck
339 Quik Lube	3	1, 2 or 4	076 Quik Lube
340 Super Regional Shopping Mall 341 Regional Shopping Mall	3	2 or 3	<i>Sectionalized by use</i> 039 Mall Shops 095 Covered Mall
342 Community Shopping Center	3	1 or 2	<i>Sectionalized by use</i>
343 Neighborhood Shopping Center	3	1 or 2	<i>Sectionalized by use</i>
344 Strip Shopping Center	3	1 or 2	034 Retail Store
345 Discount Department Store	3	1 or 2	033 Discount Store/Market
346 Department Store	3	2 or 3	032 Department Store
347 Supermarket	3	1 or 2	033 Discount Store/Market
348 Convenience Food Market	3	1	038 Convenience Store
349 Medical Office Building	5	1 or 2	052 Medical Center
351 Bank	5	2 or 3	051 Bank/Savings Institution
352 Savings Institution	5	1 or 2	051 Bank/Savings Institution
353 Office Building, Low Rise - 1 to 4 stories	5	1 or 2	053 Office Building
354 Office Building, High Rise - 5 or more stories	8	2 or 3	053 Office Building
355 Office Condominium	5	1, 2 or 3	053 Office Building
356 Retail Condominium	5	1 or 2	034 Retail Store
361 Funeral Home	2	1	058 Funeral Home
362 Veterinary Clinic	3	1	082 Multi-Use - Office 084 Multi-Use - Storage
363 Legitimate Theatre	6	1, 2 or 3	061 Auditorium/Theater
364 Motion Picture Theater	6	1 or 2	061 Auditorium/Theater
365 Cinema/Theater	6	1 or 2	062 Cinema
366 Radio, TV or Motion Picture Studio	4	1 or 2	061 Auditorium/Theater
367 Social/Fraternal Hall	3	1 or 2	064 Social/Fraternal Hall
368 Hangar	4	2 or 4	042 Hangar

CODE RELATIONSHIPS CHART			
Structure Type Code	Basic Structure Code	Construction Type Code	Normal Use Type Code
369 Day Care Center	3	1	025 Dwelling Conversion 082 Multi-Use - Office 083 Multi-Use - Sales
370 Greenhouse	4	1	084 Multi-Use Storage
371 Downtown Row Type	3	1	034 Retail Store 081 Multi-Use - Apartment 082 Multi-Use - Office 083 Multi-Use - Sales 084 Multi-Use - Storage
373 Retail - Single Occupancy	3	1	034 Retail Store 081 Multi-Use - Apartment 082 Multi-Use - Office 084 Multi-Use - Storage
374 Retail - Multi Occupancy	3	1	034 Retail Store 081 Multi-Use - Apartment 082 Multi-Use - Office 084 Multi-Use - Storage
375 Retail - Drive-Up	3	1 or 4	083 Multi-Use - Sales 084 Multi-Use - Storage
381 Bowling Alley	4	1, 2 or 4	083 Multi-Use - Sales
382 Skating Rink	4	1, 2 or 4	050 Skating Rink (Ice or Roller)
383 Health Spa	5	1, 2 or 4	082 Multi-Use - Office
384 Indoor Swimming Pool	4	2	095 Covered Mall
385 Indoor Tennis Club	4	2 or 4	048 Tennis Club
386 Indoor Racquet Club	3	1, 2 or 4	049 Racquetball Court
387 Country Club	5	1	082 Multi-Use - Office
389 Country Club with Golf Course	5	1	082 Multi-Use - Office
391 Cold Storage Facility	4	1, 2 or 4	045 Warehouse
392 Lumber Storage	7	1 or 4	084 Multi-Use - Storage
395 Truck Terminal	4	1, 2 or 4	045 Warehouse 082 Multi-Use - Office
396 Mini Warehouse	4	1 or 4	041 Mini Warehouse
397 Office Warehouse	4	1 or 2	045 Warehouse 053 Office 082 Multi-Use - Office
398 Warehouse	4	1, 2 or 4	045 Warehouse
399 Prefab Processing Warehouse	7	4	045 Warehouse
401 Manufacturing/Processing	4	1 or 2	043 Manufacturing 044 Light Manufacturing 082 Multi-Use - Office
405 Research and Development	5	2 or 3	043 Manufacturing 082 Multi-Use - Office
610 Recreational/Health Club	5	1 or 2	as per specific use 083 Gymnasiums and Natatoriums
611 Library	5	1 or 2	057 Library
612 School	5	1, 2 or 3*	055 School

CODE RELATIONSHIPS CHART			
Structure Type Code	Basic Structure Code	Construction Type Code	Normal Use Type Code
610 Recreational/Health Club	5	1 or 2	<i>as per specific use</i> 083 Gymnasiums and Natatoriums
613 College or University	5	1, 2 or 3*	023 Dormitory 055 School
620 Religious	5	1 or 2	063 Religious Institution
630 Auditorium	6	2 or 3	061 Auditorium/Theater
640 Hospital	5	2 or 3	056 Hospital
660 Police or Fire Station	5	2 or 3	047 Auto Parts/Service 082 Multi-Use - Office
670 Correctional	5	3	082 Multi-Use - Office
680 Cultural Facility	5	2 or 3*	053 Office Building 061 Auditorium/Theater
690 Rail/Bus/Air Terminal	5	2 or 3	061 Auditorium/Theater
695 Courthouse	5	2 or 3	053 Office 057 Library 061 Auditorium
696 Armory	4	2 or 3	045 Warehouse 082 Multi-Use - Office
710 Telephone Equipment Building	4	2 or 3	043 Manufacturing 045 Warehouse
715 Telephone Service Garage	4	2	045 Warehouse 082 Multi-Use - Office
720 Radio/TV Transmitter Building	4	1 or 2	045 Warehouse

Construction type codes are suggested guidelines and may not always apply as given.

* Older structure occasionally construction type 1

** Refer to specialized schedules

WALL HEIGHT – Required entry. Space is provided to enter a two-digit number denoting the height of an interior/exterior line story to the nearest foot. Both character positions must be filled in. Use leading zeros if necessary. Measurement should be made from floor to floor, *not* from floor to ceiling.

Note: Parapets should not be included in this measurement.

Note: Gable-type roofs should be measured to the eaves. Other roof types (such as shed or sawtooth) should be averaged to compute the wall height to the roofline.

EXTERIOR WALL MATERIAL – Required entry. Space is provided to enter a two-digit numeric code denoting the exterior wall material of the interior/exterior line. Enter 00 to 17.

- | | |
|----------|--|
| Enter 00 | NONE to indicate the absence of an exterior wall material. |
| Enter 01 | BRICK OR STONE to indicate a brick or stone veneer. |
| Enter 02 | FRAME to indicate an exterior wall of wood, log, aluminum siding, composition siding, or shingles on sheathing. |
| Enter 03 | CONCRETE BLOCK to indicate a masonry wall consisting of concrete compressed into the shape of a block and allowed to harden. |
| Enter 04 | BRICK ON CONCRETE BLOCK to indicate that the exterior walls are of a brick or stone veneer on concrete block backup. |
| Enter 05 | TILE to indicate a hard, earthenware block that has molded and kiln fired such as terra cotta. |
| Enter 06 | MASONRY AND FRAME to indicate that at least one-third of the exterior walls are of a frame or masonry (brick or stone) material, and the rest of the exterior walls are of the other material. |
| Enter 07 | METAL, LIGHT to indicate walls constructed of metal panels on wood or steel frame. |
| Enter 08 | METAL, SANDWICH to indicate walls constructed of a core of insulation covered on both sides by metal panels. |
| Enter 09 | CONCRETE, LOAD BEARING to indicate a concrete wall that supports a part of the building, usually a floor or roof. |
| Enter 10 | CONCRETE, NON-LOAD BEARING to indicate a concrete curtain wall that does not support the roof or floor. |
| Enter 11 | GLASS to indicate walls of non-supporting glass panels set in metal frame. |
| Enter 12 | GLASS AND MASONRY to indicate walls of non-supporting glass set in brick or concrete backup. |
| Enter 13 | ENCLOSURE to indicate a wood stud or concrete block office or sales enclosure wall in the interior of a building. |
| Enter 14 | CONCRETE TILT-UP to indicate concrete wall sections that are cast horizontally and tilted or lifted into position. |
| Enter 15 | SOLAR GLASS to indicate a high quality, tinted, heat-absorbent glass set in metal frame. |
| Enter 16 | ASBESTOS, CORRUGATED RIGID to indicate a rigid, corrugated asbestos sheet on wood or steel frame. |
| Enter 17 | MASONRY/METAL to indicate that at least one-third of the exterior walls are of a metal or masonry (brick or stone) material, and the rest of the exterior walls are of the other material. |

Note: Exterior wall material for a basement and/or entries with Use Code 090 will always be Code 00 - "None," except when Use Code 090 is in a basement where Code 09 - "Concrete, Load Bearing" must be entered.

Note: Exterior wall material for enclosures should always be Code 13 - "Enclosure." Exterior wall material for mezzanines must be either Code 00 - "None" or Code 13 - "Enclosure."

CONSTRUCTION TYPE – Space is provided to enter a one-digit numeric code denoting the type of construction of an interior/exterior line.

- Enter 1 WOOD FRAME/JOIST/BREAM to indicate construction that incorporates wood stud balloon or platform framing or good post and beam framing (mill construction). This category also includes masonry structures that incorporate wood joist or plank floor systems, or wood joist, truss, or rafter roof systems.
- Enter 2 FIRE RESISTANT (Steel Frame) to indicate a rigidly connected frame of steel carrying all external and internal loads and stresses to the foundation. Multi-story structures will have steel floor joists with concrete plank or a reinforced concrete floor system.
- Enter 3 FIREPROOF (Reinforced Concrete) to indicate a rigidly connected frame of steel carrying all external and internal loads and stresses to the foundation. Incombustible materials are applied to protect structural components of the building so that it can withstand a complete burnout of contents without structural damage. Also, to indicate a frame consisting of concrete which is strengthened by embedding iron or steel bars, rods, or mesh into it.
- Enter 4 PRE-ENGINEERED STEEL to indicate buildings framed with prefabricated steel members. The structure will incorporate either metal beams, girders, columns and purlins, or light gauge steel joists manufactured from cold formed shapes of sheet or strip steel. Multi-story buildings may have floors of wood, steel, or concrete.

Note: All construction types must have entries for the remaining interior line (with zeros if necessary), as well as the applicable physical condition and functional utility. Mezzanines, enclosures, and all use type 990 entries require construction type 0. Crawl space requires construction type 1.

INTERIOR FINISH % (PERCENT) – Optional entry. Space is provided to enter the extent of interior finish expressed in a percent. Consideration should be given to the floors, ceilings, and walls. All character positions must be filled in. Use leading zeros if necessary.

Note: Consideration should be given to the structure type code previously entered. For example, you would not expect to find the same extent of interior finish in a warehouse as you would find in a professional building.

PARTITIONS – Required entry. Space is provided to enter a one-digit numeric code denoting the extent of partitioning of walls within the interior/exterior building line.

- Enter 0 NONE to indicate that there are no partitions at all.
- Enter 1 BELOW NORMAL to indicate that only a few partitions have been constructed and that most similar structures have a few more partitions than the subject structure.
- Enter 2 NORMAL to indicate that the subject structure has about the same extent of partitioning that is found in similar structures.
- Enter 3 ABOVE NORMAL to indicate that the subject structure has rather extensive partitioning when compared to similar structures used for the same purpose.

Note: The extent of partitioning should always be compared to what could be considered normal for structures having the same use. The use type should be considered. For example, a structure that was built as a hotel but is now used as an office building will probably have more extensive partitions (Code 3 - "Above Normal") than a structure built as an office building and used as an office building.

HEATING SYSTEM TYPE – Required entry. Space is provided to enter a one-digit numeric code denoting the predominant heating system type utilized within the interior/exterior line.

Enter 0 to indicate NONE.

Enter 1 to indicate HOT AIR, either forced or gravity.

Enter 2 to indicate HOT WATER or STEAM, both single and dual circulation types.

Enter 3 to indicate UNIT HEATERS, SPACE HEATERS.

Enter 4 to indicate ELECTRIC, either baseboard, floor, or ceiling.

Enter 5 to indicate the presence of a HEAT PUMP.

Enter 6 to indicate SOLAR.

AIR CONDITIONING TYPE – Required entry. Space is provided to enter a one-digit numeric code denoting the type of air conditioning existent within the interior/exterior line.

Enter 0 to indicate NONE.

Enter 1 to indicate CENTRAL.

Enter 2 to indicate UNIT REAL PROPERTY.

Note: Window air conditioners are not considered real property and should be entered using type code 0 - "None."

PLUMBING (WATER) – Required entry. Space is provided to enter a one-digit numeric code denoting the extent and adequacy of the plumbing and piping system present within the interior/exterior line.

Enter 0 to indicate NONE.

Enter 1 to indicate BELOW NORMAL.

Enter 2 to indicate NORMAL.

Enter 3 to indicate ABOVE NORMAL.

Note: Consideration must be given to the structural use. For example, motels naturally have more extensive plumbing systems than retail stores.

LIGHTING – Required entry. Space is provided to enter a one-digit numeric code denoting the extent and adequacy of the lighting present within the interior/exterior line.

Enter 0 to indicate NONE.

Enter 1 to indicate BELOW NORMAL.

Enter 2 to indicate NORMAL.

Enter 3 to indicate ABOVE NORMAL.

Note: Consideration must be given to the structural use. For example, retail stores are expected to have more lighting than warehouses.

PHYSICAL CONDITION – Required entry. Space is provided to enter a one-digit numeric code denoting the physical condition of the interior/exterior line in relation to its age of completion. Consideration should include the foundation, frame, exterior walls, roof; heating, air conditioning, lighting, and electrical systems, plumbing, internal walls, and floor finish.

Enter 1 POOR to indicate that the interior/exterior line is structurally unsound. Major structural elements require replacement. The interior is in a dilapidated condition and does not appear suitable for use.

Enter 2 FAIR to indicate that the interior/exterior line shows marked wear and deterioration, but the property is usable for commercial or industrial purposes. It could be characterized as needing work.

Enter 3 NORMAL to indicate that the interior/exterior line shows only minor signs of physical deterioration due to wear and tear. There are few indications of deferred maintenance and no significant repairs or replacements are necessary.

- Enter 4 GOOD to indicate that the interior/exterior line is in new or like new condition. There are no deficiencies in material or construction and no signs of deferred maintenance.
- Enter 5 RENOVATED to indicate that a major renovation or rehabilitation of the interior/exterior line has taken place. The effective age of the interior/exterior line has been altered to that of a much newer building in good condition. The amount of work done to enhance the appearance and structural soundness of the interior/exterior line is far in excess of that required for normal maintenance.

FUNCTIONAL UTILITY FACTOR – Required entry. Space is provided to enter a one-digit numeric code denoting the functional utility of the interior/exterior line. *Functional utility* may be defined as the ability of the interior/exterior line to perform the function for which it is intended. It is the combined effect on marketability of the condition, utility, and desirability of the property. Consideration should be given to architecture, design and layout, sizes and types of rooms, and performance standards. Enter (0 - 4) multiple choice:

Basement

- Enter 0 NONE to indicate that the basement has very little possibility of being utilized to any great degree. May be low posted and/or have a dirt floor. May be wet.
- Enter 1 POOR to indicate that the basement is capable of being only partially utilized due to height, size, ingress and egress, etc. Has no elevator service.
- Enter 2 FAIR to indicate that the basement may be capable of being utilized for dead storage, etc., but lacks good elevator service, although it may have old cable-controlled type.
- Enter 3 NORMAL to indicate that the basement is capable of being fully utilized with good movement of materials to the first floor level by elevator or other mechanical means.
- Enter 4 GOOD to indicate that an exceptional utilization of the entire basement area is possible. May house all or part sales, secondary office space, lounge, function rooms, kitchen, etc. Must be served by modern elevator.

First Floor

- Enter 0 NONE to indicate that no possible present or future usefulness exists.
- Enter 1 POOR to indicate that the first floor exhibits very little possible utility at present or in the future due to shape, layout, size, construction, etc.
- Enter 2 FAIR to indicate that there may be excessive wasted space due to shape and size. Headroom and/or bay size is less than adequate. Problems exist with ingress or egress.
- Enter 3 NORMAL to indicate that the first floor layout provides for nearly full utilization of space. There is sufficient headroom and bay size to fulfill the function for which it is intended. (Note: Most first floor areas will fall into this classification.)
- Enter 4 GOOD to indicate that the first floor has exceptional utilization due to layout, ingress and egress. There is little or no wasted floor area and a maximum of net leasable space exists.

Second Floor

- Enter 0 NONE to indicate that the second floor has no present or future utilization.
- Enter 1 POOR to indicate that the second floor has a low percentage of net leasable to gross floor area. The plumbing and lighting are obsolete. It may have small bays or be low posted. The overall layout is poor and no elevator service exists. There is no off-street parking available in the immediate area.
- Enter 2 FAIR to indicate that the second floor has excessive hallways, stairwells, elevator shafts, etc., which result in a lower percentage of net leasable space. There may be an older, manually-operated elevator or none at all. There is still proper ingress and egress, but little off-street parking is available in the area.

Enter 3 NORMAL to indicate that the second floor layout provides for nearly full utilization of space with normal hall and stairwell areas. A self-service elevator is available. There is adequate off-street parking available in the immediate area.

Enter 4 GOOD to indicate that the second floor has exceptional utilization. There is little or no wasted floor area. A modern self-service elevator is available. There is more than adequate off-street parking available in the immediate area.

Above the Second Floor

Use the same guidelines as second floor, taking into consideration that in buildings with no elevator, the higher you go, the less desirable the space becomes. It would be highly unlikely in any building to progress upward by floor and have the functional utility increase. For example, if the second floor is classified as *fair*, it would not be likely for the third floor to be *normal*.

(%) **PERCENT RENTABLE** – Optional entry. Three character positions are provided for entering the numeric percent of the interior/exterior line that is considered rentable. (*Note:* This entry will only be utilized for office buildings when accurate efficiency ratings are obtained or estimated.

SPLIT CLASS – Optional entry. Used to indicate a tax class that is *different* than the tax class established for the building.

(%) **PERCENT COMPLETE** – Optional entry. Three character positions are provided for entering the numeric percent of construction. If incomplete construction exists, the parcel should be flagged for field check until construction is complete.

BUILDING OTHER FEATURES - ATTACHED IMPROVEMENTS

There are numerous types of building other features (BOF) and attached improvements that may be encountered on commercial and industrial properties. The most common of these have been coded and printed on the data collection card. The inclusion of all possible items is somewhat impractical. However, the ability to collect data on uncoded items has been provided for by entering the code "MS1" (for miscellaneous structure) and a flat dollar amount in the Measurement 1 column.

CA32 BUILDING OTHER FEATURES - ATTACHED IMPROVEMENTS															
LINE	STRUCT. CODE	FLAT +/-	MEASUREMENT 1	MEASUREMENT 2	ELEV. STOPS	IDENT. UNITS	VECT. CODE	LINE	STRUCT. CODE	FLAT +/-	MEASUREMENT 1	MEASUREMENT 2	ELEV. STOPS	IDENT. UNITS	VECT. CODE
---	---	---	-----	-----	---	---	A11	---	---	---	-----	-----	---	---	A15
---	---	---	-----	-----	---	---	A12	---	---	---	-----	-----	---	---	A16
---	---	---	-----	-----	---	---	A13	---	---	---	-----	-----	---	---	A17
---	---	---	-----	-----	---	---	A14	---	---	---	-----	-----	---	---	A18

INTERIOR/EXTERIOR LINE NUMBER – Required entry when listing building other features. Space is provided to enter up to a four-digit number denoting the interior/exterior line number of the building section in which the building other feature or attached improvement is located.

Note: It is extremely important to enter the correct interior/exterior line number of the building section in which the building other feature or attached improvement is located. Because these items will be depreciated in the same manner as the interior/exterior line, it is important that they be properly assigned. For the following building other features and attached improvements the interior/exterior line should always correspond with the first floor of the building section:

Elevator, electric freight

Elevator, electric passenger

Elevator, hydraulic freight

Elevator, hydraulic passenger

Escalator

Store front, wood frame

Store front, average metal

Store front, elaborate

STRUCTURE CODE – Required entry when listing building other features. Space is provided to enter a three-digit alpha/numeric code denoting the type of building other feature/attached improvement being described. A complete list follows this section.

FLAT VALUE (+/-) – Space is provided to enter a plus (+) or a minus (–) sign to denote the addition or deduction of a flat dollar amount that would then be entered in the Measurement 1 column for a miscellaneous structure (MS1). *If the flat value field is not utilized, this entry must be left blank.* Consult your supervisor for instructions on possible uses of this field.

MEASUREMENT 1 / MEASUREMENT 2 – Required entry when listing building other features Space is provided to enter the appropriate measurements of the structure code being described. Utilize the character positions to the right. See guidelines following this section.

ELEVATOR STOPS – Required entry when listing elevators. Spaces are provided to enter the number of elevator stops when describing an elevator in this section of the data collection card.

NUMBER OF IDENTICAL UNITS – Required entry when listing building other features. Spaces are provided to enter the total number of identical building other feature/attached improvement units. Utilize the character positions to the right.

Note: When listing attached improvements for a line with multiple levels, the number of identical units will be the total for *all* levels on that line. For example, a 4-story apartment building with 4 balconies on each of the second and third floors would have 8 identical units for the interior/exterior line 02-03.

BUILDING OTHER FEATURES – ATTACHED IMPROVEMENTS DETAILED CHART - A detailed chart listing all existing building other features and attached improvements follows this page. The chart includes structure codes, necessary field entries, and appropriate measurement units, including the correct fields in which to enter them.

BUILDING OTHER FEATURES – ATTACHED IMPROVEMENTS

Description	Line No.	Str. Code	Flat Value (+/-)	Meas. 1	Meas. 2	No. Ident. Units
Aerial Walkway	Yes	AE1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Air Conditioning – Central	Yes	CA1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Air Conditioning – Unit	Yes	CA2	-	Width	Length	Yes
Atrium (cover only)	Yes	AT3	-	Width	Length	Yes
Atrium (walls)	Yes	AT4	-	Lineal Ft.	Height	Yes
Balcony	Yes	BA1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Bank Canopy, Drive-In	Yes	BC1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Bank Vault, Money	Yes	BE1	-	Floor Width	Floor Length	Yes
Bank Vault, Record Storage	Yes	BE2	-	Floor Width	Floor Length	Yes
Bank Vault Door, Circular - Money	Yes	BE3	-	-	-	Yes
Bank Vault Door, Rect. - Money	Yes	BE4	-	-	-	Yes
Bank Vault Door, Record Storage	Yes	BE5	-	-	-	Yes
Bank Night Deposit Chute	Yes	BE6	-	-	-	Yes
Bank Drive-In Window	Yes	BE7	-	-	-	Yes
Bank Service Window	Yes	BE8	-	-	-	Yes
Bank Drive-In Teller Booth	Yes	BE9	-	Floor Width	Floor Length	Yes
Bank Pneumatic Tube	Yes	BE0	-	Lineal Ft.	1	Yes
Bank Automatic Teller Structure(ATM)	Yes	BT0	-	-	-	Yes
Basement Top	Yes	BT1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Canopy (only)	Yes	CP5	-	Width	Length	Yes
Canopy, Roof/Slab	Yes	CP6	-	Width	Length	Yes
Canopy, Service Station – Economy	Yes	CP7	-	Width	Length	Yes
Canopy, Service Station – Average	Yes	CP8	-	Width	Length	Yes
Canopy, Service Station – Good	Yes	CP9	-	Width	Length	Yes
Carport	Yes	RC1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Computer Floor	Yes	CR1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Computer Room Air Control	Yes	CR2	-	Width	Length	Yes
Computer Fire Suppression System	Yes	CR3	-	Width	Length	Yes
Cooler – Chiller	Yes	CF1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Cooler – Freezer	Yes	CF2	-	Width	Length	Yes
Cooler – Sharp Freeze	Yes	CF3	-	Width	Length	Yes
Covered Mall	Yes	CM1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Craneway – Light	Yes	CW1	-	Length	1	Yes
Craneway – Medium	Yes	CW2	-	Length	1	Yes
Craneway – Heavy	Yes	CW3	-	Length	1	Yes
Dock Level Floor	Yes	DL1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Elevator, Electric Freight	Yes	EL1	-	See elevator example in the <i>Unique Applications</i> section of this manual.		Yes
Elevator, Electric Passenger	Yes	EL2	-			Yes
Elevator, Hydraulic Freight	Yes	EL3	-			Yes
Elevator, Hydraulic Passenger	Yes	EL4	-			Yes
Enclosed Entry	Yes	EE1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Escalator, 32" Stair Width	Yes	EL5	-	Feet of Rise	1	Yes
Escalator, 48" Stair Width	Yes	EL6	-	Feet of Rise	1	Yes
Fireplace, 1 Opening	Yes	FI1	-	-	-	Each
Fireplace, 2 Opening	Yes	FI2	-	-	-	Each
Fireplace, 3 Opening	Yes	FI3	-	-	-	Each

BUILDING OTHER FEATURES – ATTACHED IMPROVEMENTS						
Description	Line No.	Str. Code	Flat Value (+/-)	Meas. 1	Meas. 2	No. Ident. Units
Garage, 1 Story, Attached Frame	Yes	RA1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Garage, 1 Story, Attached Masonry	Yes	RA2	-	Width	Length	Yes
Gas Regulator Building	Yes	UG1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Gazebo	Yes	GZ1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Greenhouse, Economy	Yes	GH4	-	Width	Length	Yes
Greenhouse, Average	Yes	GH5	-	Width	Length	Yes
Greenhouse, Good	Yes	GH6	-	Width	Length	Yes
Loading Dock, Steel or Concrete	Yes	LD1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Loading Dock, Wood	Yes	LD2	-	Width	Length	Yes
Loading Dock, Interior	Yes	LD3	-	Width	Length	Yes
Truck and Train Well	Yes	LD4	-	Width	Length	Yes
Dock Levelers	Yes	LD5	-	-	-	Yes
Miscellaneous	Yes	MS1	Yes	Value	1	Yes
<u>Open Areas</u>						
High Rise Apartment or Hotel	Yes	OA1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Garden Apartment, Motel, or Dwelling	Yes	OA2	-	Width	Length	Yes
Store or Restaurant	Yes	OA3	-	Width	Length	Yes
Industrial or Warehouse	Yes	OA4	-	Width	Length	Yes
Bank or Office (low rise)	Yes	OA5	-	Width	Length	Yes
Theater or Auditorium	Yes	OA6	-	Width	Length	Yes
Light Metal Building	Yes	OA7	-	Width	Length	Yes
High Rise Office Building	Yes	OA8	-	Width	Length	Yes
<u>Overhead Doors</u>						
Wood or Metal	Yes	OD1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Rolling Steel	Yes	OD2	-	Width	Length	Yes
Motor Operated, Wood/Metal	Yes	OD3	-	Width	Length	Yes
Motor Operated, Rolling Steel	Yes	OD4	-	Width	Length	Yes
Patio, Concrete	Yes	LP3	-	Width	Length	Yes
Patio, Asphalt	Yes	LP4	-	Width	Length	Yes
Patio, Flagstone - Sand Base	Yes	LP5	-	Width	Length	Yes
Patio, Flagstone - Concrete Base	Yes	LP6	-	Width	Length	Yes
Patio, Brick	Yes	LP7	-	Width	Length	Yes
Pool, Indoor	Yes	SC2	-	Width	Length	Yes
Porch, Open	Yes	PR1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Porch, Enclosed	Yes	PR2	-	Width	Length	Yes
Porch, Open Upper Deck	Yes	PR3	-	Width	Length	Yes
Porch, Enclosed Upper	Yes	PR4	-	Width	Length	Yes
Porch, Covered	Yes	PR5	-	Width	Length	Yes
Porch, Screened	Yes	PR6	-	Width	Length	Yes
Porch, Covered Upper	Yes	PR7	-	Width	Length	Yes
Porch, Screened Upper	Yes	PR8	-	Width	Length	Yes
Railroad Trackage	Yes	RR1	-	Lineal Ft.	1	Yes
Roof, Monitor	1 st flr	MR1	-	Lineal Ft.	Height	Yes
Roof, High Bay	1 st flr	MR2	-	Lineal Ft.	Height	Yes
Skating Rink, Indoor Ice	Yes	SK1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Sprinkler System – Wet	Yes	SS1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Sprinkler System - Dry	Yes	SS2	-	Width	Length	Yes
Store Front, Wood Frame	Yes	SF1	-	Length	1	Yes
Store Front, Average Metal Frame	Yes	SF2	-	Length	1	Yes
Store Front, Elaborate	Yes	SF3	-	Length	1	Yes

BUILDING OTHER FEATURES – ATTACHED IMPROVEMENTS						
Description	Line No.	Str. Code	Flat Value (+/-)	Meas. 1	Meas. 2	No. Ident. Units
Truck Scale	Yes	TS1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Truck Scale – Elec. Reader	Yes	TS2	-	-	-	Yes
Utility Storage – Frame	Yes	RS1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Utility Storage – Metal	Yes	RS2	-	Width	Length	Yes
Utility Storage – Masonry	Yes	RS3	-	Width	Length	Yes
Tunnel – Pedestrian	Yes	TU1	-	Width	Length	Yes
Tunnel – Utility	Yes	TU2	-	Width	Length	Yes
Wood Deck	Yes	WD1	-	Width	Length	Yes

Note 1: If a non-rectangular shape is encountered in a building other feature or attached improvement requiring width and length, it is permissible to enter the total square foot area in *Measurement 1* and a right-justified "1" in *Measurement 2*.

Note 2: Dock level floors should not exist for collection purposes if there is a basement under the structure being described.

Note 3: Fireplaces are to be collected only on apartment structures.

APARTMENT DATA

Spaces are provided for entering eight different bedroom/bathroom/other feature combinations describing apartment buildings. For structure types 211 and/or 212 enter the apartment data as follows: use type = 011 for all entries activated. Number per building = the number of apartment units with the same number of bedrooms, baths, half baths, and fireplaces (other). Number of bedrooms can be 0 through 4 with 0 indicating an efficiency.

Example:

- 15 2 bedroom, 1 bath apartments
- 24 1 bedroom, 1 bath, 1 fireplace apartments
- 39 3 bedroom, 2 full and 1 half baths, 1 fireplace apartments
- 4 efficiency, 1 bath apartments

Data should be entered as follows:

APARTMENT DATA					
USE TYPE	NUMBER PER BUILDING	BED ROOMS	BATHS		OTHER
			FULL	HALF	
011	15	2	1	-	-
011	24	1	1	-	1
011	39	3	2	1	1
011	4	0	1	-	-
---	---	-	-	-	-
---	---	-	-	-	-
---	---	-	-	-	-
---	---	-	-	-	-

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DATA COLLECTION SPECIFICATIONS

Other Building and Yard Improvements

Other Building & Yard Improvements.....	67
Line Number.....	67
Type Code.....	67
Year Built.....	67
Effective Year	67
Year Remodeled	67
Size	67
Grade	68
Identical Units.....	68
Modification Codes.....	68
% Comp (Percent Complete).....	69
MA% (Market Adjustment).....	69
Split Class	69
Detailed Chart	70
Total Other Improvements	76

OTHER BUILDING AND YARD IMPROVEMENTS

Up to six segments of yard improvements/secondary buildings per card may entered in this section of the data collection card. There are numerous types of yard improvements or secondary buildings that may be encountered on commercial and industrial properties. The inclusion of all possible items is considered impractical. However, the ability to collect data on uncoded items has been provided for by using the entry "MS1". (Refer to the detailed chart for more information.)

Note: The structure type and modification codes table lists the available codes. Included with the codes are the size and quantity constraints. If the item to be entered falls outside of the size requirements, it should be manually priced and entered as a total value in the Total Gross Value field.

OTHER BUILDING AND YARD IMPROVEMENTS															
LINE NO.	TYPE CODE	YEAR BUILT	EFFECTIVE YEAR	YEAR REMOD.	SIZE	GPD	IDENT. UNITS	MOD CODE	COND	FUNC	% COMP	MA %	SPLIT CLASS	VECTOR CODE	ACHLD
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	A21	---
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	A22	---
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	A23	---
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	A24	---
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	A25	---
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	A26	---

LINE NUMBER – When data is entered, the system will automatically assign line numbers. An entry in this field will tell the data entry personnel in what order you want the items entered. Space is provided to enter a two-digit sequential number beginning with "01" denoting the identification number of the other building and yard item.

TYPE CODE – Required entry when activated. Space is provided to enter a three-digit alpha/numeric structure code denoting the type of yard improvement or secondary building being described. Refer to the detailed chart for a list of valid type codes.

YEAR BUILT – Required entry when activated. Space is provided to enter the four-digit year in which the item was constructed.

EFFECTIVE YEAR – Optional entry. Used to override the physical age of a building when remodeling or other factors indicate depreciation should be based on a different year. A common use is to override the age of special mod codes to match the age of the base building.

YEAR REMODELED – Optional entry. Refers to the year when the subject structure was significantly remodeled. When no remodeling is in evidence, simply leave blank. This field is descriptive only, it does not affect depreciation.

SIZE – Required entry when activated. Enter either the square foot area or the dimensions (width and length) of the item. *Square foot area* should be entered to the right. To enter *dimensions*, character positions are provided for eight characters: three numeric characters denoting either the width or diameter; a multiplication symbol (x); and four numeric characters denoting the length or height of the item. The multiplication symbol must always be entered on the single character position between the two upright hashmarks. All character positions must be filled in; use leading zeros if necessary.

GRADE – Required entry. Space is provided to enter one alpha character denoting the quality grade of the item. Valid grades are A, B, C, D, or E.

IDENTICAL UNITS – Required entry when activated. Space is provided to enter the total number of identical yard improvements or secondary buildings. In order to be classed as identical units, all characteristics (age, size, grade, mod codes, condition, and utility) must be identical. Both character positions must be filled in. Use leading zeros if necessary.

MODIFICATION CODES – Optional entry. Refers to an addition or deduction to modify the cost component from the base specification. Modification codes are identified by one numeric character, and should only be utilized for the specific structure(s) intended. Codes should be entered from the left. Refer to the detailed chart for a list of valid modification codes for each type code.

CONDITION – Required entry when activated. Space is provided to enter a one-digit numeric code denoting the overall condition of the item.

- Enter 1 POOR to indicate that the yard improvement or secondary building is in a dilapidated condition.
- Enter 2 FAIR to indicate that the yard improvement or secondary building shows signs of deferred maintenance. The improvement could be characterized as "needing work".
- Enter 3 NORMAL to indicate that the yard improvement or secondary building shows only minor signs of physical deterioration due to wear and tear. There are few indications of deferred maintenance.
- Enter 4 GOOD to indicate that the yard improvement or secondary building shows no signs of deferred maintenance. It could be characterized as in new or like new condition.
- Enter 5 RENOVATED to indicate that the yard improvement or secondary building has undergone major renovation or rehabilitation. Despite the actual age of the improvement, the effective age has been altered to a much newer improvement in good condition. The amount of work done to enhance the appearance and/or structure soundness of the improvement is far in excess of that required for normal maintenance.

Note: Deferred maintenance may be defined as desirable repairs and rehabilitation that will require immediate expenditures. It does not necessarily imply inadequate prior maintenance.

FUNCTIONAL UTILITY – Required entry when activated. Space is provided to enter a one-digit numeric code denoting the overall functional utility of the item. Functional utility may be defined as the ability of the improvement to assist the property to perform the function for which it is intended. Consideration should be given to design, size, and performance standards.

- Enter 0 NONE to indicate that the yard improvement or secondary building adds nothing to the ability of the property to perform the function for which it is intended. It can in no way be considered serviceable.
- Enter 1 POOR to indicate that the yard improvement or secondary building adds little to the ability of the property to perform the function for which it is intended. Major renovation is necessary to allow the improvement to make an adequate contribution to service.
- Enter 2 FAIR to indicate that the yard improvement or secondary building adds to the ability of the property to perform the function for which it is intended, but the effect is minimal.
- Enter 3 NORMAL to indicate that the yard improvement or secondary building adds an adequate amount to the ability of the property to perform the function for which it is intended.
- Enter 4 GOOD to indicate that the yard improvement or secondary building has no functional deficiencies and is well suited to aid the ability of the property to perform the function for which it is intended.

% COMP (PERCENT COMPLETE) – Optional entry. Three digits are provided to enter a percent for partially complete new construction. Leave blank if item is 100%. The parcel should be flagged for field review to adjust the percent complete the following year.

MA% (MARKET ADJUSTMENT) – Optional entry. Space is provided to enter the data collector's judgement of remaining percent good for the yard improvement or secondary building being described. Percent good refers to the resultant value after deduction of physical depreciation and functional and/or economic obsolescence, expressed as a percentage.

Note: When activated it will *override* the system-generated percent good. The year built, physical condition, and functional utility must still be entered.

SPLIT CLASS – Optional entry. Used to indicate a tax class that is *different* than the tax class established for the parcel in the general property data.

YARD IMPROVEMENTS/SECONDARY BUILDINGS DETAILED CHART – A detailed chart listing all available yard improvements and secondary buildings follows this page. The chart also includes structure codes, unit of measure, and modification and special modification codes.

OTHER BUILDING AND YARD IMPROVEMENTS			
Description	Str. Code	Unit of Measure	Modification Codes
Bank Barn	AB1	SF or Dim	1 Wood Loft Floor
Flat Barn	AB2	SF or Dim	2 Gambrel/Arch Type Roof
Special Mod Codes:			3 Stalls & Partitions
Water Connection	FB1	Quantity	4 Earth Floor
Roof Ventilator	FB2	Quantity	5 No Lighting
Wood Board Corn Crib	AC1	SF or Dim	1 Storage Bin Over Wood
Welded Wire Corn Crib	AC2	SF or Dim	2 Storage Bin Over Wire
			3 Lighting
35' Roof 5 Gauge Wire Corn Crib	AC3	Diam. x Height	1 No Concrete Slab
45' Roof 5 Gauge Wire Corn Crib	AC4	Diam. x Height	2 No Roof 35'
35' Roof 2 Gauge Wire Corn Crib	AC5	Diam. x Height	3 No Roof 45'
45' Roof 2 Gauge Wire Corn Crib	AC6	Diam. x Height	
Dairy & Horse Barns	AD1	SF or Dim	1 Earth Floor
Special Mod Codes:			2 No Lighting
Barn Cleaner Gutter	FD1	Lineal Ft.	
Concrete Feed Bunk	FD2	Lineal Ft.	
Wood Feed Bunk	FD3	Lineal Ft.	
Mechanical Feeder – Automatic	FD4	Lineal Ft.	
Mechanical Feeder – Manual	FD5	Lineal Ft.	
Stable Ceiling	FD6	SF or Dim	
Concrete Feed Bunk	AF1	Lineal Ft.	
Post and Plank Bunk	AF2	Lineal Ft.	
Concrete Fence Bun	AF3	Lineal Ft.	
Post and Plank Fence Bunk	AF4	Lineal Ft.	
Special Mod Codes:			
Roof, 10' Wide	FF1	Lineal Ft.	
Mechanical Feeder Automatic	FF2	Lineal Ft.	
Mechanical Feeder manual	FF3	Lineal Ft.	
Concrete Apron – 10' Wide	FF4	Lineal Ft.	
Add For Stock Waterer			
Stock Waterer (Cattle)	FF5	Quantity	
Stock Waterer (Hog or Sheep)	FF6	Quantity	
Stock Waterer (Comb Cattle & Hog)	FF7	Quantity	
Steel Grain Bin w/o Drying Bin	AG1	Diam. x Height	
Steel Grain Bin w/ Drying Bin	AG2	Diam. x Height	
1S Frame or Metal Poultry House	AH1	SF or Dim	1 Insulation – First Floor
2S Frame or Metal Poultry House	AH2	SF or Dim	2 Insulation – Second Floor
3S Frame or Metal Poultry House	AH3	SF or Dim	3 Insulation – Third Floor
1S Concrete Block Poultry House	AH4	SF or Dim	4 Earth Floor
2S Concrete Block Poultry House	AH5	SF or Dim	5 Single Pitch Roof
3S Concrete Block Poultry House	AH6	SF or Dim	
Special Mod Codes:			
Water Connection	FB1	Quantity	
Roof Ventilator	FB2	Quantity	
Bunker Silo	AK1	Height x LF	
1S Lean To	AL1	SF or Dim	1 Earth Floor
Attached Concrete Block Milk House	AM1	SF or Dim	1 Metal Roof
Attached Glazed Tile Milk House	AM2	SF or Dim	2 Wood Shingle Roof
Detached Concrete Block Milk House	AM3	SF or Dim	3 Composition Roof
Detached Glazed Tile Milk House	AM4	SF or Dim	4 No Heating
Concrete Block Milking Parlor	AM5	SF or Dim	
Glazed Tile Milking Parlor	AM6	SF or Dim	
Special Mod Codes:			
Water Heater	FM1	Quantity	
Exhaust Fan	FM2	Quantity	

OTHER BUILDING AND YARD IMPROVEMENTS			
Description	Str. Code	Unit of Measure	Modification Codes
<i>Potato Storage</i> Under Ground Above Ground <i>Special Mod Codes:</i> Ventilating Fan 24" Ventilating Fan 36"	AO1 AO2 FO1 FO2	SF or Dim SF or Dim Quantity Quantity	1 No Lighting 2 Concrete Floor
Tobacco Barn <i>Special Mod Codes:</i> Ventilating Fan 24" Ventilating Fan 36"	AO3 FO1 FO2	SF or Dim Quantity Quantity	1 No Lighting 2 Concrete Floor
<i>Pole Barns</i> Four Side Closed Metal Four Side Closed Wood One Side Open Metal One Side Open Wood Four Side Open Metal Four Side Open Wood <i>Special Mod Codes:</i> 14' x 12' Slide Door 14' x 10' Slide Door * 14' x 8' Slide Door 16' x 7' Overhead Door 9' x 7' Overhead Door	AP1 AP2 AP3 AP4 AP5 AP6 FP1 FP2 FP3 FP4 FP5	SF or Dim SF or Dim SF or Dim SF or Dim SF or Dim SF or Dim Quantity Quantity Quantity Quantity Quantity	1 Truss Roof Span to 50' 2 Concrete Floor 3 Insulation 4 Wood Lining
Quonset Building	AQ1	SF or Dim	1 Lighting 2 Asphalt Floor 3 Concrete Floor
Granary	AR1	SF or Dim	1 Wood Storage Bin 2 Metal Wall 3 Metal Roof 4 Wood Ventilating Duct 5 No Lighting 6 Pier Foundation
<i>Silos</i> Concrete Stave w/ Roof Concrete Stave w/o Roof Butler - Low Moisture Porcelain Prefabricated Steel Prefabricated Steel - High Moisture	AS1 AS2 AS3 AS4 AS5 AS6	Diam. x Height Diam. x Height Diam. x Height Diam. x Height Diam. x Height Diam. x Height	1 17' Automatic Unloader 2 20' Automatic Unloader 3 25' Automatic Unloader 4 17' Raised Arm Auger 5 20' Raised Arm Auger 6 25' Raised Arm Auger
<i>Trench Silos</i> Concrete or Plank Dirt	AT1 AT2	Depth x LF Depth x LF	
<i>Swine Barns</i> Swine Farrowing Barn Swine Finishing Barn Swine Confinement Barn	AV1 AW1 AW2	SF or Dim SF or Dim SF or Dim	1 25% Concrete Pit Area 2 100% Concrete Pit Area
<i>Prefabricated Steel Building</i>	AX1	SF or Dim	1 Lighting 2 Asphalt Floor 3 Concrete Floor
<i>Slurry Systems</i> Circular Rectangular	AY1 AY2	Cylind. Volume SF or Dim	

OTHER BUILDING AND YARD IMPROVEMENTS			
Description	Str. Code	Unit of Measure	Modification Codes
<i>Bank Features</i>			
Canopy – Drive In	BC1	SF or Dim	
Vault – Money – No Door	BE1	SF or Dim	
Vault – Record Storage – No Door	BE2	SF or Dim	
Vault Door – Money – Circular	BE3	Quantity	
Vault Door – Money – Rectangular	BE4	Quantity	
Vault Door – Record Storage	BE5	Quantity	
Night Deposit Chute	BE6	Quantity	
Drive in Window	BE7	Quantity	
Service Window	BE8	Quantity	
Drive In Teller Booth	BE9	SF or Dim	
Pneumatic Tube	BE0	Lineal Ft.	
Auto Teller Machine Structure (ATM)	BT0	Quantity	
Boathouse – Open	BH1	SF or Dim	
Boathouse – Enclosed	BH2	SF or Dim	
Bulkhead	BK1	Lineal Ft.	
<i>Docks</i>			
Boat Dock	BD1	SF or Dim	
Boat Slip – Economy	BS1	Quantity	
Boat Slip – Average	BS2	Quantity	
Boat Slip – Good	BS3	Quantity	
Basement Top	BT1	SF or Dim	
Bath House	BT2	SF or Dim	
Air Conditioning – Central	CA1	SF or Dim	
Air Conditioning – Unit	CA2	SF or Dim	
Cabin	CB1	SF or Dim	
Cellar	CE1	SF or Dim	
Paving – Asphalt or Blacktop	CI1	SF or Dim	
Paving – Concrete	CI2	SF or Dim	
Paving – Asphalt/Concrete	CI3	SF or Dim	
Paving – Concrete Heavy Duty	CI4	SF or Dim	
Paving – Concrete Mat/Slab	CI5	SF or Dim	
Canopy Only	CP5	SF or Dim	
Canopy – Roof over Slab	CP6	SF or Dim	
Canopy RF – Economy	CP7	SF or Dim	
Canopy RF – Average	CP8	SF or Dim	
Canopy RF – Good	CP9	SF or Dim	
Drive In Theater Screen	DT1	SF or Dim	
Drive In Theater Speakers	DT2	Quantity	
Drive In Heaters	DT3	Quantity	

OTHER BUILDING AND YARD IMPROVEMENTS			
Description	Str. Code	Unit of Measure	Modification Codes
<i>Exempt</i>			1 Finished Basement 2 Unfinished Basement
Auditorium	EA1	SF or Dim	
Armory	EA2	SF or Dim	
Church	EC1	SF or Dim	
Courthouse	EC2	SF or Dim	
Dormitory	ED1	SF or Dim	
Fire Station	EF1	SF or Dim	
School Gymnasium	EG1	SF or Dim	
College Gymnasium	EG2	SF or Dim	
Hospital	EH1	SF or Dim	
Jail	EJ1	SF or Dim	
Library	EL1	SF or Dim	
Nursing Home	EN1	SF or Dim	
Post Office	EP1	SF or Dim	
School	ES1	SF or Dim	
College Classroom	ES2	SF or Dim	
<i>Golf Course – Per hole:</i>			
Improvements – Excellent	GC1	Quantity	
Improvements – Very Good	GC2	Quantity	
Improvements – Good	GC3	Quantity	
Improvements – Average	GC4	Quantity	
Improvements – Fair	GC5	Quantity	
Improvements – Par 3	GC6	Quantity	
Miniature Course – Average	GC7	Quantity	
Miniature Course – Elaborate	GC8	Quantity	
<i>Greenhouses</i>			
Wood Frame – Glass Wall	GH1	SF or Dim	
Pipe/Metal Frame – Glass Wall	GH2	SF or Dim	
Wood Frame – Plastic Cover	GH3	SF or Dim	
Commercial – Economy	GH4	SF or Dim	
Commercial – Average	GH5	SF or Dim	
Commercial – Good	GH6	SF or Dim	
Gas Station Booth – Good	GS3	SF or Dim	
Gas Station Booth – Average	GS4	SF or Dim	
Gazebo	GZ1	SF or Dim	
Kiosk	KF1	SF or Dim	
Loading Dock – Concrete or Steel	LD1	SF or Dim	
Loading Dock – Wood	LD2	SF or Dim	
Loading Dock – Interior	LD3	SF or Dim	
Truck/Train Wells	LD4	SF or Dim	
Dock Levelers	LD5	Quantity	
Light – Mercury Vapor Wall Mntd Flood	LT1	Quantity	
Light – Incandescent Wall Mounted Flood	LT2	Quantity	
Light – Fluorescent Pole & Brk	LT3	Quantity	
Light – Incandescent Pole & Brk	LT4	Quantity	
Light – Mercury Vapor Pole & Brk	LT5	Quantity	
Misc. Comm. Bldg. On Res. Property	M98	Flat Value	
Mobile Home Park Imp. – Excellent	MH1	Quantity	
Mobile Home Park Imp. – Good	MH2	Quantity	
Mobile Home Park Imp. – Average	MH3	Quantity	
Mobile Home Park Imp. – Fair	MH4	Quantity	
Mobile Home Park Imp. – Poor	MH5	Quantity	

OTHER BUILDING AND YARD IMPROVEMENTS			
Description	Str. Code	Unit of Measure	Modification Codes
Miscellaneous	MS1	Flat Value	
Sound Value of Miscellaneous Structure	MV1	Flat Value	
Sound Value of Miscellaneous Structure	MV2	Flat Value	
Sound Value of Miscellaneous Structure	MV3	Flat Value	
Sound Value of Miscellaneous Structure	MV4	Flat Value	
Sound Value of Miscellaneous Structure	MV5	Flat Value	
Sound Value of Miscellaneous Structure	MV6	Flat Value	
Sound Value of Miscellaneous Structure	MV7	Flat Value	
Sound Value of Miscellaneous Structure	MV8	Flat Value	
Sound Value of Miscellaneous Structure	MV9	Flat Value	
Paving - Asphalt Parking	PA1	SF or Dim	
Paving - Concrete/Asphalt	PA2	SF or Dim	
Plumbing Fixture	PB1	Quantity	
Paving Concrete Average	PC1	SF or Dim	
Paving Concrete Heavy Duty	PC2	SF or Dim	
Paving Concrete Mat/Slab	PC3	SF or Dim	
Attached Garage - Frame or CB	RA1	SF or Dim	
Attached Garage - Masonry	RA2	SF or Dim	
Boat House - Frame or CB	RB1	SF or Dim	
Boat House - Masonry	RB2	SF or Dim	
Carport	RC1	SF or Dim	
Canopy	RC2	SF or Dim	
Carport	RC3	SF or Dim	
Detached Garage - Frame or CB	RG1	SF or Dim	1 Unfinished Interior
Detached Garage - Brick or Stone	RG2	SF or Dim	2 Finished Attic Above
			3 ½ Story Above
			4 Full Story Above
Real Single Wide Mobile Home	RM1	SF or Dim	1 Central Air Conditioning
Real Double Wide Mobile Home	RM2	SF or Dim	2 Metal Fireplace
Special Mod Codes:			3 Slide Out/Roll Out Room
Masonry Stoop	SM0	SF or Dim	4 Tip Out Room
Screened Porch	SM1	SF or Dim	
Wood/Metal/Glass Addition	SM2	SF or Dim	
Covered Patio/Carport	SM3	SF or Dim	
Skirting	SM4	Lineal Ft.	
Wood Deck	SM5	SF or Dim	
Attached 1S Frame	SM6	SF or Dim	
OFP (Dwelling Type)	SM7	SF or Dim	
Basement	SM8	SF or Dim	
Concrete Block Foundation	SM9	Lineal Ft.	
Plastic Pool Liner	RP1	SF or Dim	1 No Filter
Prefabricated Vinyl Pool	RP2	SF or Dim	2 Gas or Propane Heating
Reinforced Concrete Pool	RP3	SF or Dim	3 Electric Heating
Fiberglass Pool	RP4	SF or Dim	4 Diving Board
Gunite Pool	RP5	SF or Dim	5 Chrome or Steel Ladder
			6 Underwater Lighting
Railroad Trackage	RR1	Lineal Ft.	
Utility Shed - Frame	RS1	SF or Dim	
Utility Shed - Metal	RS2	SF or Dim	
Utility Shed - Brick	RS3	SF or Dim	

OTHER BUILDING AND YARD IMPROVEMENTS			
Description	Str. Code	Unit of Measure	Modification Codes
Swimming Pool - Commercial	SC1	SF or Dim	
Frame Machinery Shed	SH1	SF or Dim	
Aluminum Shed	SH2	SF or Dim	
Finished Metal Shed	SH3	SF or Dim	
Quonset Shed	SH4	SF or Dim	
Lumber Shed - 2 Sides Open	SH5	SF or Dim	
Lumber Shed - 4 Sides Open	SH6	SF or Dim	
Skating Rink	SK1	SF or Dim	
Summer Kitchen	SK2	SF or Dim	
Sprinkler System - Wet	SS1	SF or Dim	
Sprinkler System - Dry	SS2	SF or Dim	
Asphalt Tennis Court	TC1	Quantity	
Concrete Tennis Court	TC2	Quantity	
Clay Tennis Court	TC3	Quantity	
Platform Tennis Court	TC4	Quantity	
Tank Elevated Steel	TN1	Lineal Ft.	
Tank Elevated Bulk	TN2	Lineal Ft.	
Tank Concrete	TN3	Lineal Ft.	
Restroom Structure - Frame/CB	TR1	SF or Dim	
Restroom Structure - Brick/Stone	TR2	SF or Dim	
CB Gas Regulator Building	UG1	SF or Dim	
Fence - Chain Link	WA1	SF or Dim	
Fence - Picket	WA2	SF or Dim	
Fence - Stockade	WA3	SF or Dim	
Fence - Post & Rail	WA4	SF or Dim	
Fence - Basketweave	WA5	SF or Dim	
Wall - Brick/Stone	WA6	SF or Dim	
Fence - Wrought Iron	WA7	SF or Dim	
Wood Deck	WD1	SF or Dim	
Well/Septic	WS1	Quantity	

Note: Refer to the OBY Cost Schedules for additional information regarding size constraints and assigned depreciation tables for each out building or other yard improvement.

DATA COLLECTION SPECIFICATIONS

DATA COLLECTION SPECIFICATIONS

Parcel, Sales, and Land Data

Sample Data Collection Cards

Definition of Terms	1
General Property Characteristics	1
Owner's Name and Mailing Address	1
Legal Description	1
Parcel Identification	1
Card Number	2
Map	2
Routing Number	2
Tax Class	2
Field Review Flag	2
Property Class	3
Land Use	3
Living Units	3
Neighborhood	3
Property Address	4
Description	4
Building or Unit Number	4
Parcel Tieback	4
Sales Data	5
Building Permit Record	5
Entrance Information	6
Notes	6
Land Data & Computations	7
Front Foot	7
Regular Lot / Irregular Lot/ Waterfront	8
Rear (Minus) Lot	8
Square Feet	9
Acreage	9
Ag	9
Class	9
Total Acreage	10
Gross	10
Units	10
Income Data	11
Influence Factors	11
Property Factors	12
Topography	12
Utilities	12
Roads	12
Traffic	12
Location Factors	13
Fronting	13
Location	13
Parking Availability	14

IAS COST TABLES

IAS COST TABLES

IAS COST TABLE PRINTOUTS

Printouts of the cost tables are available through existing reports on SY31-Batch Reports. The various cost tables are grouped with related tables in one of the following reports. The table below is a list of the cost tables and the report in which they appear. As adjustments to the tables occur, you can run any report and replace the affected table data so that the manual stays current.

<i>Report</i>	<i>Report Name</i>	<i>Table</i>	<i>Table Name</i>
CA121	NBHD Model Assignments For Land and Income	LP51 CA72 AA44	NBHD Data Income Model Assignments Jurisdiction Parameters
CA122	CDU % Good Table	CA44 CA67	Depreciation Factors CDU Definitions
CA123	Dwelling Cost Factors	CA42 CA43	Cost Table Factors Residential Cost for Additions
CA124	OBY Table	CA45	OBY Cost Table
CA125	C/I Structure Code	CA61 CA62 CA63 CA64 CA65 CA66	Commercial Structure Codes Commercial Base Cost Table Commercial Exterior Cost Table Commercial Interior Cost Table Comm. Other Features Cost Table Commercial Elevator Cost Table
CA126	C/I Income Use Group	CA71 CA72 CA73 CA74 CA75	Income Group Assignment Income Model Assignment Income Models Income Age Adjustment Tax Rates for Income Calculations
CA127	Land Pricing Models	LP52	Land Pricing Models

COST TABLE FACTORS (CA42)

The cost table factor screen provides a means to enter and maintain cost table rates for various dwelling components (i.e., baths, basements, etc.) to be applied to CAMA data found on CA21-Dwelling Information. The table is also used to enter the overall commercial cost valuation index, the residential schedule level, and the valuation tax lien date.

An entry consists of:

Cost table version identifies the table(s) selected to value parcels in specific years as indicated on screen AA44.

Factor name is the system name assigned to a factor or rate to be used in dwelling valuation. Almost all factor names are pre-defined for use by the cost valuation program. For example BGAR is the name for basement garage.

Variable being costed is the assigned code used to define a breakdown within the factor name. For example, "ATTIC" codes 1 through 5 represent various degrees of attic, each of which has a different rate adjustment.

Description is a short description of the item.

Rate for valuation is the valuation rate or factor to be applied to the item. The way the cost program uses the rate is pre-determined by the factor being applied. As such, the rate may represent a factor, a flat rate, or a rate per square foot.

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IAS BASE COST TABLES
CAMA DWELLING COST FACTOR LISTING (CA42) (85.71)

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Factors	Code	Description	Factor Rate	Who	When
AIRCODE	4	AIR COND ADJ	0	CLT	23-APR-99
AREA	COEFF	AREA FACTOR=AREA*COEF1+CONST	.000584	CLT	23-APR-99
AREA	CONST	AREA FACTOR=AREA*COEFF+CONST	.2992	CLT	23-APR-99
ATTIC	1	NONE AT ALL	0	CLT	23-APR-99
ATTIC	2	UNFIN	3899.805	CLT	23-APR-99
ATTIC	3	PT-FIN	5999.7	CLT	23-APR-99
ATTIC	4	FULL-FIN	8099.595	CLT	23-APR-99
ATTIC	5	FF-WALL HGT FINISHED	9599.52	CLT	23-APR-99
ATTICSF	1	NO ATTIC	0	CLT	23-APR-99
ATTICSF	2	NO ATTIC SF	0	CLT	23-APR-99
ATTICSF	3	20% ATTIC SF/A	.2	CLT	23-APR-99
ATTICSF	4	40% ATTIC SF/A	.4	CLT	23-APR-99
ATTICSF	5	55% ATTIC SF/A	.55	CLT	23-APR-99
BGAR	0	NO BASEMENT GARAGE	0	CLT	23-APR-99
BGAR	1	1 CAR BASEMENT GARAGE	599.97	CLT	23-APR-99
BGAR	2	2 CAR BASEMENT GARAGE	771.39	CLT	23-APR-99
BGAR	3	3 CAR BASEMENT GARAGE	942.81	CLT	23-APR-99
BGAR	4	4 CAR BASEMENT GARAGE	1114.23	CLT	23-APR-99
BGAR	5	5 CAR BASEMENT GARAGE	1285.65	CLT	23-APR-99
BGAR	6	6 CAR BASEMENT GARAGE	1457.07	CLT	23-APR-99
BSMT	1	NONE	-6565.386	CLT	23-APR-99
BSMT	2	CRAWL	-3531.252	CLT	23-APR-99
BSMT	3	PART	-2879.856	CLT	23-APR-99
BSMT	4	FULL	0	CLT	23-APR-99
COMAREA	A	ATTIC AREA ADJ	.4	CLT	23-APR-99
COMLVL	C	CRAWL SPACE ADJ	.2	CLT	23-APR-99
COMLVL	E	ENCLOSURE ADJ	0	CLT	23-APR-99
COST	BASE	BASE COST VALUE	47517.624	CLT	23-APR-99
COST	VALYR	VALUATION YEAR	1999	CLT	23-APR-99
EXTWALL	01	FRAME	0	MGB	13-MAY-99
EXTWALL	02	IMITATION BRICK OR STONE	0	MGB	13-MAY-99
EXTWALL	03	ALUM/VINYL	0	MGB	13-MAY-99
EXTWALL	04	ASBESTOS	0	MGB	13-MAY-99
EXTWALL	05	CONCRETE BLOCK	0	MGB	13-MAY-99
EXTWALL	06	STUCCO	0	MGB	13-MAY-99
EXTWALL	07	BRICK	1	MGB	13-MAY-99
EXTWALL	08	STONE	1	MGB	13-MAY-99
EXTWALL	09	MASONRY & FRAME	.5	MGB	13-MAY-99
GRADE	A	VERY GOOD	1.55	CLT	23-APR-99
GRADE	A+	VERY GOOD +	1.67	CLT	23-APR-99
GRADE	A-	VERY GOOD -	1.45	CLT	23-APR-99
GRADE	B	GOOD	1.26	CLT	23-APR-99
GRADE	B+	GOOD +	1.35	CLT	23-APR-99
GRADE	B-	GOOD -	1.17	CLT	23-APR-99
GRADE	C	AVERAGE	1	CLT	23-APR-99

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IAS BASE COST TABLES
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Factors	Code	Description	Factor Rate	Who	When
GRADE	C+	AVERAGE +	1.08	CLT	23-APR-99
GRADE	C-	AVERAGE -	.92	CLT	23-APR-99
GRADE	D	BELOW AVERAGE	.78	CLT	23-APR-99
GRADE	D+	BELOW AVERAGE +	.85	CLT	23-APR-99
GRADE	D-	BELOW AVERAGE -	.7	CLT	23-APR-99
GRADE	E	POOR	.5	CLT	23-APR-99
GRADE	E+	POOR +	.6	CLT	23-APR-99
GRADE	E-	POOR -	.4	CLT	23-APR-99
GRADE	S	SUPERIOR	3.65	CLT	23-APR-99
GRADE	S+	SUPERIOR +	4.45	CLT	23-APR-99
GRADE	S-	SUPERIOR -	3	CLT	23-APR-99
GRADE	X	EXCELLENT	2.1	CLT	23-APR-99
GRADE	X+	EXCELLENT +	2.5	CLT	23-APR-99
GRADE	X-	EXCELLENT -	1.85	CLT	23-APR-99
HEAT	1	NONE	-2279.886	CLT	23-APR-99
HEAT	2	NON CENTRAL	-1208.511	CLT	23-APR-99
HEAT	3	CENTRAL	0	CLT	23-APR-99
HEAT	4	CENTRAL WITH A/C	1799.91	CLT	23-APR-99
HEATCODE	2	HEAT ADJ	0	CLT	23-APR-99
HEATCODE	3	HEAT ADJ	0	CLT	23-APR-99
LEVEL	COM	COMM LEVEL	100	CLT	23-APR-99
LEVEL	OBV	OBV LEVEL	85.71	CLT	23-APR-99
LEVEL	RES	RES LEVEL	85.71	CLT	23-APR-99
MISC	HA	HABITAT	7799.61	CLT	23-APR-99
MISC	JA	JACUZZI	2742.72	CLT	23-APR-99
MISC	SA	SAUNA	1971.33	CLT	23-APR-99
MISC	SC	SECURITY	3856.95	CLT	23-APR-99
OTH-FEAT	BLIV	FIN-BASEMENT LIVING AREA	14.99925	CLT	23-APR-99
OTH-FEAT	BLIVA	FIN-BASEMENT LIVING AREA	15.85635	CLT	23-APR-99
OTH-FEAT	BREC	FIN-BASEMENT REC ROOM	6.25683	CLT	23-APR-99
OTH-FEAT	BRECA	FIN-BASEMENT REC ROOM	6.25683	CLT	23-APR-99
OTH-FEAT	METFP	METAL FIREPLACES	1457.07	CLT	23-APR-99
OTH-FEAT	TRIMB	BRICK TRIM	6.25683	CLT	23-APR-99
OTH-FEAT	TRIMS	STONE TRIM	6.25683	CLT	23-APR-99
OTH-FEAT	UFAIR	DEDUCT FOR HIGH CIELING W/AIR	-13.7136	CLT	23-APR-99
OTH-FEAT	UFEAT	DEDUCT FOR HIGH CIELING	-12.8565	CLT	23-APR-99
OTH-FEAT	UFPCT	% +/- FOR SFLA	0	CLT	23-APR-99
OTH-FEAT	UNFIN	UNFINISHED AREA	-5.39973	CLT	23-APR-99
OTH-FEAT	WBFP1	WBFP-ONE STACK, ONE OPENING	2142.75	CLT	23-APR-99
OTH-FEAT	WBFP2	ADDITIONAL OPENINGS	1114.23	CLT	23-APR-99
OTH-FEAT	WHEAT	CENTRAL WOOD HEATING	1714.2	CLT	23-APR-99
PLUMB	ADDFX	NORMAL FIXTURES	0	CLT	23-APR-99
PLUMB	FIXT	PRICE PER PLUMBING FIXTURE	428.55	CLT	23-APR-99
REVEDIT	BLDG	REVIEWERS BLDG %		CLT	23-APR-99
REVEDIT	LAND	REVIEWERS LAND %		CLT	23-APR-99

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CAMA DWELLING COST FACTOR LISTING (CA42) (85.71)

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Factors	Code	Description	Factor Rate	Who	When
ROUND	APRTT	ROUND APR TOTALS	-2	CLT	23-APR-99
SH-BRICK	10	1 STORY MASONRY	.11	CLT	23-APR-99
SH-BRICK	15	1 1/2 STORY MASONRY	.12	CLT	23-APR-99
SH-BRICK	20	2 STORY MASONRY	.14	CLT	23-APR-99
SH-BRICK	25	2 1/2 STORY MASONRY	.145	CLT	23-APR-99
SH-BRICK	30	3 STORY MASONRY	.155	CLT	23-APR-99
SH-BRICK	35	3 1/2 STORY MASONRY	.16	CLT	23-APR-99
SH-BRICK	40	4 STORY MASONRY	.17	CLT	23-APR-99
SH-BRICK	45	4 1/2 STORY MASONRY	.175	CLT	23-APR-99
SH-FACT	10	1 STORY	1	CLT	23-APR-99
SH-FACT	15	1 1/2 STORY	1.29	CLT	23-APR-99
SH-FACT	20	2 STORY	1.48	CLT	23-APR-99
SH-FACT	25	2 1/2 STORY	1.77	CLT	23-APR-99
SH-FACT	30	3 STORY	1.96	CLT	23-APR-99
SH-FACT	35	3 1/2 STORY	2.262	CLT	23-APR-99
SH-FACT	40	4 STORY	2.452	CLT	23-APR-99
SH-FACT	45	4 1/2 STORY	2.746	CLT	23-APR-99
STDFIX	2	# ADD FIXTURES	0	CLT	23-APR-99
STORYSF	1	1 STORY SFLA FACT	1	CLT	23-APR-99
STORYSF	1.5	HALF STORY SFLA FACTOR	1.75	CLT	23-APR-99
STORYSF	2	2 STORY SFLA FACT	2	CLT	23-APR-99
STORYSF	2.5	HALF STORY SFLA FACTOR	2.75	CLT	23-APR-99
STORYSF	3	3 STORY SFLA FACT	3.75	CLT	23-APR-99
STORYSF	3.5	HALF STORY SFLA FACTOR	4.75	CLT	23-APR-99
STORYSF	4	4 STORY SFLA FACT	4	CLT	23-APR-99
STORYSF	4.5	HALF STORY SFLA FACTOR	4.75	CLT	23-APR-99

SAMPLE

RESIDENTIAL COST FOR ADDITIONS (CA43)

The residential cost for additions screen provides a means to enter and maintain cost for additions found in a CAMA record on CA22-Dwelling Additions.

An entry consists of :

Cost version is the table of rates selected to value dwelling additions in specific years as indicated on screen AA44.

Addition code is a two digit number assigned to each feature as a unique identifier. A description appears on the line below the addition code.

Floor Adj. indicates whether or not the upper floors are to be priced at a different cost rate than the first floor of the addition. "Y" will generate different rates, "N" will cost all levels at the same rate as the first floor.

OK on L 1 2 3 indicates which level the feature may appear Lower, First, Second, or Third. "Y" will allow the feature to be priced on the indicated levels, "N" will not allow the feature to be priced on the indicated levels.

A/C rate is the rate applied to the addition square footage when the base dwelling is listed with central air conditioning.

The next three columns portray the rates to be applied to the feature based on the floor levels of first and all upper. The rates reflect a *constant, a rate, and a square root term*. The use of these rates is pre-determined within the calculation.

Part SFLA is used to indicate the portion of an addition's area that is to be included in the total square foot living area of the dwelling. A full story addition such as 10-1 Story Frame is set at 1 to indicate 100% of the area is to be added to the dwelling SFLA. A half story has a SFLA indication of .75 which includes 75% of the addition area in the dwelling SFLA. Blank fields indicate the addition will not impact the dwelling SFLA.

Area % represents the percent of an addition that will be included in the "Total Under Roof" square foot calculation.

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Addn Code	Flr Adj	L	OK on 1	2	3	A/C Rate	1st Floor / Constant	Upper Floor Rate	Sq.Rt.Term	Part SFLA	Area %	Who When
10	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	1	10	25.88	10	1.00		CLT
1S FR	ONE STORY FRAME						10	18.94	10			23-APR-99
11	N	Y	Y	Y	Y			13.80				CLT
OFF	OPEN FRAME PORCH							8.66				23-APR-99
12	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			21.60				CLT
EFP	ENCL FRAME PORCH							12.94				23-APR-99
13	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			8.87				CLT
FR GR	FRAME GARAGE							8.87				23-APR-99
14	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			8.83				CLT
FR UT	FRAME UTILITY BUILDING							7.11				23-APR-99
15	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	1		25.88		1.00		CLT
FRBAY	FRAME BAY							18.94				23-APR-99
16	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	1		25.88		1.00		CLT
FROVR	FRAME OVERHANG							18.94				23-APR-99
17	Y			Y	Y			11.57		0.75		CLT
1/2FR	FRAME HALF-STORY							11.57				23-APR-99
18	Y			Y	Y			2.27				CLT
AT UN	ATTIC-UNFINISHED							2.27				23-APR-99
19	Y			Y	Y	1		4.71		0.40		CLT
AT FN	ATTIC-FINISHED							4.71				23-APR-99
20	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	1		27.51		1.00		CLT
1SMAS	MASONRY							20.48				23-APR-99
21	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			15.60			100	CLT
OMP	OPEN MASONRY PORCH							10.37				23-APR-99
22	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			23.40			100	CLT
EMP	ENCL MASONRY PORCH							14.66				23-APR-99
23	Y	Y	Y					10.33			100	CLT
MG/BG	MASONRY/BRICK GARAGE							10.33				23-APR-99

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IAS BASE CODE TABLES
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Addn Code	Flr Adj	L	OK on 1	2	3	A/C Rate	1st Floor / Upper Floor Constant Rate	Sq.Rt.Term	Part SFLA	Area %	Who When
24	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		10.97 9.09				CLT 23-APR-99
MASUT MASONRY UTIL											
25	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	1	27.51 20.48		1.00		CLT 23-APR-99
MABAY MASONRY BAY											
26	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	1	27.51 20.48		1.00		CLT 23-APR-99
MASOH MASONRY OVERHANG											
27	Y			Y	Y	1	12.43 12.43		0.75		CLT 23-APR-99
1/2MA 1/2ST MASONRY											
28	Y			Y	Y		4.80 4.80		0.20		CLT 23-APR-99
?											
30	Y	Y	Y				4.80 4.80				CLT 23-APR-99
CARPT CARPORT											
31	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		6.00 6.00				CLT 23-APR-99
WDDCK WOOD DECKS											
32	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		4.80 4.80				CLT 23-APR-99
CANPY CANOPY											
33	Y	Y	Y				1.93 1.93				CLT 23-APR-99
MA_PT CONC/MAS PATIO											
34	Y	Y	Y				5.14 5.14				CLT 23-APR-99
ST_PT STONE OR TILE PATIO											
35	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		9.00 9.00				CLT 23-APR-99
STOOP STOOP											
36	Y	Y	Y				34.28 34.28				CLT 23-APR-99
GRNHS ATTACHED GREENHOUSE											
37	Y	Y	Y				8.87 8.87				CLT 23-APR-99
FR GAR GARAGE EXTENSION											
38	Y	Y	Y				10.33 10.33				CLT 23-APR-99
MS GAR MASONRY GARAGE EXT											

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IAS BASE CO. TABLES
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Addn Code	Flr Adj	L	OK on			A/C Rate	1st Floor / Upper Floor		Sq.Rt.Term	Part SPLA	Area %	Who When
			1	2	3		Constant	Rate				
41	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			16.76 10.29		1.00	100	CLT 23-APR-99
SRN PRCH SCREEN PORCH												
42	N	Y	Y	Y	Y			24.60 24.60				CLT 23-APR-99
SUMMER KITCHEN												
43	N	Y	Y					-8.10 -8.10		-1.00		CLT 23-APR-99
INTEGRAL GARAGE												
50	N	Y						3.94 3.94				CLT 23-APR-99
UNFIN BSMT BASEMENT UNFINISHED												
51	N	Y				1		18.94 18.94		1.00		CLT 23-APR-99
FIN BSMT FIN BSMT LIVING AREA												
58		Y	Y	Y	Y			6.77 6.77				CLT 23-APR-99
DON'T KNOW#2												
59		Y	Y	Y	Y			2.36 2.36				CLT 23-APR-99
DON'T KNOW#2												
60		Y	Y	Y	Y			7.03 7.03				CLT 23-APR-99
DON'T KNOW#2												
62		Y	Y	Y	Y			7.33 7.33				CLT 23-APR-99
DON'T KNOW#2												
64		Y	Y	Y	Y			7.59 7.59				CLT 23-APR-99
DON'T KNOW#2												
66		Y	Y	Y	Y			7.89 7.89				CLT 23-APR-99
DON'T KNOW#2												
68		Y	Y	Y	Y			8.14 8.14				CLT 23-APR-99
DON'T KNOW#2												
70		Y	Y	Y	Y			8.40 8.40				CLT 23-APR-99
DON'T KNOW#2												
72		Y	Y	Y	Y			8.66 8.66				CLT 23-APR-99
DON'T KNOW#2												

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Addn Code	Flr Adj	L	OK on 1	2	3	A/C Rate	1st Floor / Upper Floor Constant Rate	Sq.Rt.Term	Part SFLA	Area %	Who When
73		Y	Y	Y	Y		17.14				CLT
DON'T KNOW#2							17.14				23-APR-99
74		Y	Y	Y	Y		4.80				CLT
BALCONY							4.80				23-APR-99
75		Y	Y	Y	Y		8.87				CLT
CABANA							8.87				23-APR-99
76		Y	Y	Y	Y		10.29				CLT
							10.29				23-APR-99
77		Y	Y	Y	Y		12.86				CLT
							12.86				23-APR-99
78		Y	Y	Y	Y		15.43				CLT
DON'T KNOW#1							15.43				23-APR-99
79		Y	Y	Y	Y		18.00				CLT
DON'T KNOW#2							18.00				23-APR-99
80		Y	Y	Y	Y		25.71			100	CLT
MOBILE HOME SINGLEWIDE							25.71				23-APR-99
81		Y	Y	Y	Y		25.71			100	CLT
MOBILE HOME DOUBLE WIDE							25.71				23-APR-99
82		Y	Y	Y	Y		24.00			100	CLT
MOBILE HOME TRIPLE WIDE							24.00				23-APR-99
99	N	Y					.86				CLT
MISC ADDN TOTAL							.86				23-APR-99
C2							.00				CLT
							.00				23-APR-99
C3							.00				CLT
							.00				23-APR-99
C4							.00				CLT
							.00				23-APR-99

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Addn Code	Flr Adj	L	OK on 1	2	3	A/C Rate	1st Floor / Upper Floor Constant Rate	Sq.Rt.Term	Part SFLA	Area %	Who When
C5							.00 .00				CLT 23-APR-99
M1							.00 .00				CLT 23-APR-99
M2							.00 .00				CLT 23-APR-99
M3							.00 .00				CLT 23-APR-99
M4							.00 .00				CLT 23-APR-99
M5							.00 .00				CLT 23-APR-99
M6							.00 .00				CLT 23-APR-99
M7							.00 .00				CLT 23-APR-99
M8							.00 .00				CLT 23-APR-99
M9							.00 .00				CLT 23-APR-99
MS							.86 .86				CLT 23-APR-99
UC							.86 .86				CLT 23-APR-99

SAMPLE

DEPRECIATION FACTORS (CA44)

The depreciation factor screen provides a means to create and maintain percent good tables to be applied in determining the replacement cost new less depreciation of a given item.

An entry consists of:

Cost version is the table of rates selected to value dwelling additions in specific years as indicated on screen AA44.

Table # is the number assigned to identify each specific table. Multiple tables are available to be used for dwelling, OB&Y, and Personal Property items.

Age depreciated is the actual age of the building based on year built or an adjusted age based on effective year built. Many tables allow for incremental depreciation on a year to year basis while others may be at multiple year increments such as 3 years or 5 years.

The next 10 columns represent a CDU that is specified for the dwelling and/or addition code from CA21-Dwelling Information and/or CA22-Dwelling Additions. The depreciation for other items is based on the combination of Physical Condition and/or Functional Utility as outlined in the CDU Matrix found in table CA67-CDU Definitions.

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IAS BASE COST TABLES
CDU PERCENT GOOD (CA44) 1998
RESIDENTIAL DWELLING TABLE LEVEL 1 (EX)

PAGE: 2
CA122

COUNTY: 46

		AGE	EXCELLENT	VERY GOOD	GOOD	AVERAGE	FAIR	POOR	P- VERY POOR	V-	UN SOUND	
BA	01	1	100	100	100	100	95	84	79	74	42	10
		2	100	100	100	100	95	84	78	73	41	10
		3	100	100	100	100	94	83	77	72	41	10
		4	100	100	100	99	94	83	77	71	40	10
		5	100	100	100	99	93	82	76	70	40	10
		6	100	100	100	98	93	82	75	69	39	10
		7	100	100	100	98	92	81	74	68	39	10
		8	100	100	100	97	91	81	74	67	38	10
		9	100	100	100	97	91	80	73	66	38	10
		10	100	100	99	96	90	80	72	65	37	10
		11	100	100	99	96	89	79	71	64	37	10
		12	100	100	99	95	89	79	71	63	36	10
		13	100	100	98	95	88	78	70	62	36	10
		14	100	100	98	94	87	77	69	61	35	10
		15	100	100	98	94	87	77	68	60	35	10
		16	100	100	97	93	86	76	67	59	34	10
		17	100	100	97	93	85	75	66	58	34	10
		18	100	100	97	92	85	74	65	57	33	10
		19	100	100	96	92	84	74	65	57	33	10
		20	100	100	96	91	83	73	64	56	33	10
		21	100	100	96	91	83	72	63	55	32	10
		22	100	99	95	90	82	72	63	55	32	10
		23	100	99	95	90	82	71	62	54	32	10
		24	100	99	95	89	81	70	61	53	31	10
		25	100	99	94	89	80	70	61	53	31	10
		26	100	98	94	88	80	69	60	52	31	10
		27	100	98	93	88	79	68	59	51	30	10
		28	100	98	93	87	78	68	59	51	30	10
		29	100	97	92	87	78	67	58	50	30	10
		30	100	97	92	86	77	66	57	49	29	10
		31	100	97	91	86	77	66	57	49	29	10
		32	100	96	91	85	76	65	56	48	29	10
		33	100	96	90	85	76	64	56	48	29	10
		34	100	96	90	84	75	64	55	47	28	10
		35	100	95	89	84	75	63	55	47	28	10
		36	100	95	89	83	74	62	54	46	28	10
		37	100	95	88	83	74	62	54	46	28	10
		38	100	94	88	82	73	61	53	45	27	10
		39	100	94	87	81	73	60	52	45	27	10
		40	100	94	87	81	72	60	52	44	27	10
		41	99	93	86	80	72	59	51	44	27	10
		42	99	93	86	80	71	58	50	43	26	10
		43	99	93	85	79	71	58	50	43	26	10
		44	99	92	85	79	70	57	49	42	26	10
		45	98	92	84	78	70	56	49	42	26	10
		46	98	91	84	78	69	56	48	41	25	10
		47	98	91	83	77	69	55	48	41	25	10
		48	97	90	83	77	68	54	47	40	25	10

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IAS BASE COST TABLES
CDU PERCENT GOOD (CA44) 1998
RESIDENTIAL DWELLING TABLE LEVEL 1 (EX)

PAGE: 3
CA122

COUNTY: 46

L		AGE	EXCELLENT	VERY GOOD	GOOD	AVERAGE	FAIR	POOR	P-	VERY POOR	V-	UN SOUND
BA	01	49	97	90	82	76	68	54	47	40	25	10
		50	96	89	82	76	67	53	46	39	24	10
		51	96	89	81	75	67	53	46	39	24	10
		52	95	88	81	75	66	52	45	38	24	10
		53	95	88	80	74	66	52	45	38	24	10
		54	94	87	80	74	65	51	44	37	23	10
		55	94	87	79	73	65	51	44	37	23	10
		56	93	86	79	73	64	50	43	36	23	10
		57	93	86	78	72	64	50	43	36	23	10
		58	92	85	78	72	63	49	42	35	22	10
		59	92	85	77	71	63	49	42	35	22	10
		60	91	84	77	71	62	48	41	34	22	10
		999	90	83	76	70	61	47	40	33	21	10

SAMPLE

RESIDENTIAL OBY COST TABLE (CA45)

The residential OBY cost screen allows you to create or modify records.

An entry consists of:

Cost version is the table of rates selected to value dwelling additions in specific years as indicated on screen AA44.

Structure Code is the 3-character code that identifies the structure.

Description is the name of the OBY code.

Name is a brief name of the OBY code for display on selected output documents.

Unit Code is the unit of measure against which the indicated rates will be applied. See Data Collection Manual for the proper use of the rates and the corresponding formulae.

Minimum Size represents the minimum allowable size of an OBY structure.

Maximum Size represents the maximum allowable size of an OBY structure.

Depreciation Table represents the table number from CA44-Depreciation Factors that will be used for a given OBY structure to calculate percent good.

CDU Table represents the CDU table (R1 or C1) found on CA67-CDU Definitions that will be used to determine the CDU column from CA44-Depreciation Factors.

Area % represents the percentage of the structures area that will be included in the "Total Under Roof" square foot calculation.

Factors represent the grade factors to be applied to the pre-defined grades A, B, C, D, and E based on the quality of construction. Entries should be in decimal format where 100% is 1.0 and 50% is .50.

Cost Equation represents the rate components 1, 2, and 3 that are required based on the Unit Code of a structure. See Data Collection Manual for the proper use of the rates and the corresponding formulae.

Modification Costs represent a value modification to the base cost of a structure based on the presence or absence of a special feature.

Mod Code is a 1-digit code identifying the special feature.

Description is the item for which the rate is being adjusted.

Rate is the unit rate that will be used to adjust the base cost of a structure for the particular Mod Code.

Value is the flat value to be added to adjust the base cost of a structure for the particular Mod Code.

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IAS BASE COST TABLES
CAMA OTHER BUILDING AND YARD ITEMS TABLE (CA45) 1998 (85.71%)

PAGE: 1
CA124

COUNTY: 46
VER: BA

DESCRIPTION	MIN SIZE	MAX UNITS OF SIZE MEASURE	RATE 1	RATE 2	RATE 3	DEP TBL	CDU TBL	A	B	C	D	E	AREA %
AB1 BANK BARN	500	15000 AREA	6371.6814	0	12.59937	91	R1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
AB2 FLAT BARN	250	15000 AREA	0	134.57327	5.039748	73	R1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
AC1 WOOD BOARD CORN CRIB	35	2000 AREA	0	92.635368	5.579721	74	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AC2 WELDED WIRE CORN CRIB	35	2000 AREA	0	66.716664	4.019799	74	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AC3 35' ROOF 5 GAUGE WIRE CRI B	750	20000 CYL AREA	341.9829	2.8232874	1.5144957	76	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AC4 45' ROOF 5 GAUGE WIRE CRI B	750	20000 CYL AREA	341.9829	2.8232874	2.1187512	76	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AC5 35' ROOF 2 GAUGE WIRE CRI B	750	20000 CYL AREA	341.9829	2.8232874	2.4007371	76	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AC6 45' ROOF 2 GAUGE WIRE CRI B	750	20000 CYL AREA	341.9829	3.6692451	2.4007371	76	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AD1 DAIRY AND HORSE BARN	400	20000 AREA	0	443.9778	12.359382	72	R1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.66	
AF1 CONCRETE FEED BUNK	5	500 LIN FOOT	36.298185	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AF2 POST AND PLANK BUNK	5	500 LIN FOOT	18.94191	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AF3 CONCRETE FENCE BUNK	5	500 LIN FOOT	25.45587	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AF4 POST AND PLANK FENCE BUNK	5	500 LIN FOOT	15.85635	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AG1 STEEL GRAIN BIN W/O DRYIN G BIN	1000	275000 CYL VOL	2897.8551	.4988322	0	76	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AG2 STEEL GRAIN BIN W DRYING BIN	1000	275000 CYL VOL	2897.8551	.4988322	.9983315	76	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AH1 1S FRAME OR METAL POULTRY HSE	50	36000 AREA	9.59952	95.035248	3.0067068	73	R1	1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78	
AH2 2S FRAME OR METAL POULTRY HSE	50	20000 AREA	169.9115	132.18539	5.1066018	73	R1	1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78	
AH3 3S FRAME OR METAL POULTRY HSE	50	20000 AREA	329.26354	169.9115	7.2047826	73	R1	1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78	
AH4 2S CONCRETE BLOCK POULTRY HSE	50	20000 AREA	0	137.84911	2.9475669	73	R1	1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78	
AH5 2S CONCRETE BLOCK POULTRY HSE	50	20000 AREA	641.24794	156.85616	5.6260044	73	R1	1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78	
AH6 3S CONCRETE BLOCK POULTRY HSE	50	20000 AREA	1282.4959	175.81521	8.3044419	73	R1	1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78	
AK1 BUNKER SILO	10	3000 DP/LIN FT	59.997	6.59967	0	76	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AL1 1S LEAN TO	10	5000 AREA	0	0	4.45692	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AM1 ATTACHED CB MILK HOUSE	50	2000 AREA	1928.3036	92.875356	6.719664	73	R1	1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78	

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IAS BASE COST TABLES

CAMA OTHER BUILDING AND YARD ITEMS TABLE (CA45) 1998 (85.71%)

PAGE: 2
CA124JUL 15, 1999
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VER = BA

DESCRIPTION	MIN SIZE	MAX UNITS OF SIZE MEASURE	RATE 1	RATE 2	RATE 3	DEP TBL	CDU TBL	A	B	C	D	E	AREA %
AM2 ATTACHED GLAZED TILE MILK HSE	50	2000 AREA	1372.7314	60.356982	16.892584	73	R1	1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78	
AM3 DETACHED CB MILK HOUSE	50	2000 AREA	2342.2829	107.75461	7.0676466	73	R1	1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78	
AM4 DETACHED GLAZED TILE MILK HSE	50	2000 AREA	1581.5209	99.59502	16.612312	73	R1	1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78	
AM5 CONCRETE BLOCK MILKING PA RLOR	50	2000 AREA	2458.6771	124.0738	12.5788	73	R1	1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78	
AM6 GLAZED TILE MILKING PARLO R	50	2000 AREA	1019.949	263.74681	11.204868	73	R1	1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	1.00	
AO1 POTATO STORAGE UNDERGROUN D	500	25000 AREA	0	29.638518	4.5949131	74	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AO2 POTATO STORAGE ABOVE GROU ND	500	25000 AREA	0	369.58152	5.9277036	74	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AO3 TOBACCO BARN	500	15000 AREA	0	221.9889	4.0017999	74	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AP1 FENCE CHAIN LINK	200	50000 AREA	0	0	1.28465	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
AP2 PICKET	200	20000 AREA	0	0	1.37136	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
AP3 STOCKADE	200	20000 AREA	0	0	.94281	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
AP4 POST & RAIL	200	2000 AREA	0	0	.77139	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
AP5 BASKETWEAVE	200	20000 AREA	0	0	1.242795	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
AP6 BRICK/STONE WALL	200	20000 AREA	0	0	4.756905	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
AP7 FENCE WROUGHT IRON	200	20000 AREA	0	0	4.71405	20	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AQ1 QUONSET BUILDING	250	20000 AREA	1391.8304	162.69986	4.079796	74	R1	1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78	
AR1 GRANARY	200	5000 AREA	1481.9259	106.67467	5.9277036	74	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AS1 CONCRETE STAVE WITH ROOF	1500	75000 CYL AREA	479.976	11.39943	4.79976	73	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AS2 CONCRETE STAVE WITHOUT RO OF	1500	75000 CYL AREA	479.976	11.39943	0	73	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AS3 BUTLER LMS SILO	1500	100000 CYL AREA	0	29.638518	23.698815	74	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AS4 PORCELAIN SILO	3000	200000 CYL AREA	0	35.458227	8.879556	79	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
ABRICATED STEEL SILO	1500	100000 CYL AREA	592.77036	14.459277	2.939853	74	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AB. STEEL SILO HIGH M OIST.	1500	100000 CYL AREA	741.56292	18.061668	3.7078146	74	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AT1 CONCRETE OR PLANK TRENCH SILO	10	3000 DP/LIN FT	23.9988	10.499475	0	76	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AT2 DIRT TRENCH SILO	10	3000 DP/LIN FT	7.405344	3.239838	0	76	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AV1 SWINE FARROWING BARN	200	20000 AREA	2393.8803	0	8.99955	74	R1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
AW1 SWINE FINISHING BARN	200	20000 AREA	3308.2346	1.8959052	5.2677366	74	R1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
AW2 SWINE CONFINEMENT BARN	200	20000 AREA	3308.2346	1.8959052	6.2276886	74	R1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
AX1 PREFABRICATED STEEL BUILD ING	200	20000 AREA	449.9775	211.46543	3.3718314	74	R1	1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78	

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IAS BASE COST TABLES
CAMA OTHER BUILDING AND YARD ITEMS TABLE (CA45) 1998 (85.71%)

PAGE: 3
CA124

COUNTY: 46
VER = BA

DESCRIPTION	MIN SIZE	MAX SIZE	UNITS OF MEASURE	RATE 1	RATE 2	RATE 3	DEP TBL	CDU TBL	A	B	C	D	E	AREA %
AY1 CIRCULAR SLURRY SYSTEM	20000	500000	CYL VOL	2939.853	1.1467998	0	79	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
AY2 RECTANGULAR SLURRY SYSTEM	100000	300000	AREA	2579.871	0	12.179391	74	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
BC1 BANK CANOPY - DRIVE IN	50	5000	AREA	0	0	19.070475	30	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
BD1 BOAT DOCK (WOOD TRIM)	50	1000	AREA	0	0	6.59967	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
BE9 BANK DRIVE IN TELLER BOOT H	25	650	AREA	0	0	56.782875	30	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
BH1 BOATHOUSE OPEN	150	2000	AREA	0	0	3.77124	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
BH2 BOATHOUSE ENCLOSED	150	2000	AREA	0	0	7.45677	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
BK1 BULKHEAD	10	1000	LIN FOOT	94.96668	0	0	20	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
BRW BRICK 8" WALL	0	0	AREA	0	0	8.14245		R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
BS1 BOAT SLIP ECONOMY			QUANTITY	3445.542	0	0	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
BS2 BOAT SLIP AVERAGE			QUANTITY	4302.642	0	0	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
BS3 BOAT SLIP GOOD			QUANTITY	5168.313	0	0	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
BT0 BANK AUTOMATIC TELLER ATM STR			QUANTITY	16927.725	0	0	20	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
BT1 BASEMENT TOP	200	5000	AREA	0	0	5.65686	30	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
BT2 BATH HOUSE	100	5000	AREA	0	0	25.713	13	R1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
CA1 AIR COND. CENTRAL	100	500000	AREA	0	0	2.185605	15	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
CA2 AIR COND. UNIT	50	500000	AREA	0	0	1.11423	15	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
CB1 CABIN	200	5000	AREA	0	0	25.713	11	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
CBW CONCRETE BLOCK WALL	0	0	AREA	0	0	4.928325		R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
CDK COVERED DOCK	0	0	AREA	0	0	29.9985		R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
CE1 CELLAR	200	2500	AREA	0	0	7.156785	12	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
CF4 COOLER DOOR	0	0	AREA	0	0	4.440635		C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
CF5 COOLER INSULATION	0	0	AREA	0	0	2.99985		C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
CH1 FRAME CLUBHOUSE	100	4000	AREA	0	0	21.4275	10	R1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
CHM SMOKE STACK			VALUE	.6571	.6571	.8571	75	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
CHS BRICK CLUBHOUSE	100	4000	AREA	0	0	23.9988	10	R1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
CP5 CANOPY ONLY	75	20000	AREA	0	0	4.11408	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
CP6 CANOPY, ROOF/SLAB	75	20000	AREA	0	0	5.099745	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
CP7 CANOPY RF-ECONOMY	10	100000	AREA	0	0	4.11408	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
CP8 CANOPY RF-AVERAGE	100	100000	AREA	0	0	6.899655	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
CP9 CANOPY RF-GOOD	100	20000	AREA	0	0	10.070925	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
CP0 CANOPY RF-GOOD D VALUE			VALUE	0	0	0			1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
DB1 BASEMENT DWELLING	300	2000	AREA	0	0	16.842015	12	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
DPA APRON DETACHED POOL	20	20000	AREA	0	0	2.871285	76	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
DT1 DR-IN-TH SCREEN	0	0	AREA	0	0	9.94236	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
DT2 DRIVE-IN SPEAKERS			QUANTITY	0	0	124.2795	00	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
DT3 DRIVE-IN HEATERS			QUANTITY	0	0	55.7115	00	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
EA1 AUDITORIUM	1000	999000	AREA	0	0	48.25473	60	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
EA2 ARMORY	1000	999000	AREA	0	0	34.284	60	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
EC1 CHURCH	250	250000	AREA	0	0	44.39778	60	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
EC2 COURTHOUSE	500	999000	AREA	0	0	58.45422	60	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
ED1 DORMITORY	1000	750000	AREA	0	0	40.62654	60	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
EF1 FIRE STATION	400	200000	AREA	0	0	44.39778	60	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	

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JUL 15, 1999
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IAS BASE COST TABLES
CAMA OTHER BUILDING AND YARD ITEMS TABLE (CA45) 1998 (85.71%)

PAGE: 4
CA124

COUNTY: 46
VER = BA

DESCRIPTION	MIN SIZE	MAX SIZE	UNITS OF MEASURE	RATE 1	RATE 2	RATE 3	DEP TBL	CDU TBL	A	B	C	D	E	AREA %
EG1 SCHOOL GYMNASIUM	1000	750000	AREA	0	0	36.8553	60	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
EG2 COLLEGE GYMNASIUM	1000	750000	AREA	0	0	49.45467	60	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
EH1 HOSPITAL	1000	999000	AREA	0	0	68.48229	60	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
EJ1 JAIL	500	999000	AREA	0	0	81.25308	60	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
EL1 LIBRARY	250	500000	AREA	0	0	46.96908	60	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
EN1 NURSING HOME	1000	999000	AREA	0	0	50.82603	50	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
EP1 POST OFFICE	100	500000	AREA	0	0	35.82678	60	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
ES1 SCHOOL	400	999000	AREA	0	0	43.19784	60	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
ES2 COLLEGE CLASSROOM	1000	999000	AREA	0	0	57.08286	60	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
FB1 WATER CONNECTION			QUANTITY	179.991	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FB2 ROOF VENTILATOR			QUANTITY	221.9889	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FD1 BARN CLEANER GUTTER	0	0	LIN FOOT	29.65566	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FD2 CONCRETE FEED BUNK	0	0	LIN FOOT	36.298185	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FD3 WOOD FEED BUNK	0	0	LIN FOOT	18.94191	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FD4 MECHANICAL FEEDER AUTOMAT IC	0	0	LIN FOOT	82.495875	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FD5 MECHANICAL FEEDER MANUAL	0	0	LIN FOOT	65.353875	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FD6 STABLE CEILING	0	0	AREA	0	0	557115	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FF1 ROOF 10' WIDE	5	500	LIN FOOT	32.99835	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FF2 MECHANICAL FEEDER AUTOMAT IC	5	500	LIN FOOT	82.495875	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FF3 MECHANICAL FEEDER MANUAL	5	500	LIN FOOT	65.353875	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FF4 CONCRETE APRON 10' WIDE	5	500	LIN FOOT	11.956545	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FF5 STOCK WATERER (CATTLE)			QUANTITY	377.9811	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FF6 STOCK WATERER (HOG OR SHE EP)			QUANTITY	239.988	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FF7 STOCK WATERER COMB. CATT E&HOG			QUANTITY	467.9766	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FM1 WATER HEATER			QUANTITY	563.9718	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FM2 EXHAUST FAN			QUANTITY	266.5581	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FO1 VENTILATING FAN 24'			QUANTITY	293.9853	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
F2 VENTILATING FAN 36'			QUANTITY	443.9778	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
F3 12' SLIDE DOOR			QUANTITY	377.9811	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FP2 10'X10' SLIDE DOOR			QUANTITY	347.9826	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FP3 14'X'8' SLIDE DOOR			QUANTITY	275.9862	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FP4 16'X7' OVERHEAD DOOR			QUANTITY	413.9793	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FP5 9'X7' OVERHEAD DOOR			QUANTITY	263.9868	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
FUR FURNISHED MANUFACTURED HOME	100	1500	AREA				86	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
GC1 GOLF COURSE IMP. EX			QUANTITY	102852	0	0	30	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
GC2 GOLF COURSE IMP VG			QUANTITY	72853.5	0	0	30	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
GC3 GOLF COURSE IMP. GD			QUANTITY	59997	0	0	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
GC4 GOLF COURSE IMP AV			QUANTITY	47140.5	0	0	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	

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IAS BASE COST TABLES
CAMA OTHER BUILDING AND YARD ITEMS TABLE (CA45) 1998 (85.71%)

PAGE: 5
CA124

COUNTY: 46
VER = BA

DESCRIPTION	MIN SIZE	MAX SIZE	UNITS OF MEASURE	RATE 1	RATE 2	RATE 3	DEP TBL	CDU TBL	A	B	C	D	E	AREA %
GC5 GOLF COURSE IMP FR			QUANTITY	37283.85	0	0 15		C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
GC6 GOLF COURSE PAR 3			QUANTITY	22713.15	0	0 15		C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
GC7 MINIATURE GOLF			QUANTITY	4799.76	0	0 15		C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
GC8 GOLF COURSE ELABORATE MIN I			QUANTITY	14699.265	0	0 15		C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
GH1 GREENHSE - ECONOMY	20	1000	AREA			5.22831 20		C1	1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78	
GH2 GREENHSE AVG	20	1000	AREA			6.68538 20		C1	1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78	
GH3 GREENHSE GOOD	20	10000	AREA			7.842465 20		C1	1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78	
GH4 COMM GREENHSE - ECONOMY	200	500000	AREA	0	0	6.042555 20		C1	1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78	
GH5 COMM GREENHSE - AVERAGE	200	500000	AREA	0	0	7.756755 20		C1	1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78	
GH6 COMM GREENHSE - GOOD	200	500000	AREA	0	0	9.042405 20		C1	1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78	
GS3 GAS STATION BOOTH	0	0	AREA	0	0	63.553965 20		C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
GS4 GAS STATION BOOTH	0	0	AREA	0	0	50.868885 20		C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
GZ1 GAZEBO	50	1000	AREA	0	0	10.54233 20		C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
HYP HYDALON ROOF	0	0	AREA	0	0	.8571		R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
JAC JACUZZI			QUANTITY	3762.669	0	0		R1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
KF1 KIOSK	0	0	AREA	0	0	112.36581 20		C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
LD1 LOADING DOCK CONT. OR STL	50	5000	AREA	0	0	7.328205 20		C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
LD2 LOADING DOCK WOOD	500	5000	AREA	0	0	4.97118 20		C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
LD3 LOADING DOCK INTERIOR	50	5000	AREA	0	0	15.94206 20		C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
LD4 TRUCK/TRAIN WELLS	50	5000	AREA	0	0	8.74242 20		C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
LD5 DOCK LEVELERS			QUANTITY	3616.962	0	0 20		C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
LT1 LIGHT - MER-WL-MTD-FLD			QUANTITY	0	0	171.42 20		C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
LT2 LIGHT - INC-WL-MTD-FLD			QUANTITY	0	0	55.7115 20		C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
LT3 LIGHT - FLO-POLE & BRK			QUANTITY	0	0	467.1195 20		C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
LT4 LIGHT - INCN-POLE & BRK			QUANTITY	0	0	407.1225 20		C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
LT5 LIGHT - MER - POLE & BRK			QUANTITY	0	0	522.831 20		C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
M98 MISC. COMM BLDG ON RES PR OP.			VALUE	0	0	0 13		C1			1.00			
MH1 MOBILE HOME SINGLE WIDE	0	2000	AREA	0	0	10.2852 30		R1	1.60	1.30	1.15	1.00	.88	
MH2 M.H. PARK IMP GD			QUANTITY	5999.7	0	0 20		C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
MH3 M.H. PARK IMP. AV			QUANTITY	4499.775	0	0 20		C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
MH4 M.H. PARK IMP. FR			QUANTITY	3218.4105	0	0 15		C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
M M H. PARK IMP. PR			QUANTITY	1932.7605	0	0 15		C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
M M BELLANEOUS			VALUE	0	0	.8571 13		C1	.00	.00	1.00	.00	.00	
MV1 SOUND VALUE OF MISC. STRU CTURE			VALUE	0	0	0 13		R1	.00	.00	1.00	.00	.00	
MV2 SOUND VALUE OF MISC. STRU CTURE			VALUE	0	0	0 13		R1	.00	.00	1.00	.00	.00	
MV3 SOUND VALUE OF MISC. STRU CTURE			VALUE	0	0	0 13		R1	.00	.00	1.00	.00	.00	
MV4 SOUND VALUE OF MISC. STRU CTURE			VALUE	0	0	0 13		R1	.00	.00	1.00	.00	.00	

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IAS BASE COST TABLES
CAMA OTHER BUILDING AND YARD ITEMS TABLE (CA45) 1998 (85.71%)

PAGE: 6
CA124

COUNTY: 46
VER = BA

DESCRIPTION	MIN SIZE	MAX UNITS OF SIZE MEASURE	RATE 1	RATE 2	RATE 3	DEP TBL	CDU TBL	A	B	C	D	AREA E
MV5 SOUND VALUE OF MISC. STRUCTURE		VALUE	0	0	0 13	R1		.00	.00	1.00	.00	.00
MV6 SOUND VALUE OF MISC. STRUCTURE		VALUE	0	0	0 13	R1		.00	.00	1.00	.00	.00
MV7 SOUND VALUE OF MISC. STRUCTURE		VALUE	0	0	0 13	R1		.00	.00	1.00	.00	.00
MV8 SOUND VALUE OF MISC. STRUCTURE		VALUE	0	0	0 13	R1		.00	.00	1.00	.00	.00
MV9 SOUND VALUE OF MISC. STRUCTURE		VALUE	0	0	0 13	R1		.00	.00	1.00	.00	.00
MVD MOVED MANUFACTURED HOME		AREA			87	R1		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PA1 PAVING ASPHALT PARKING	1	999999 AREA	0	0	.94281 15	C1		1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50
PA2 PAVING SERVICE STATION		AREA	0	0	1.071375 15	C1		1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50
PB1 PLUMBING FIXTURES		QUANTITY	419.979	0	0 20	C1		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PB2 ONE SIDE OPEN WD POLE BLDG	200	20000 AREA	1277.9361	47.9976	2.7187212 74	R1		1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78
PB3 FOUR SIDE OPEN MTL POLE BLDG	200	20000 AREA	281.9859	56.637168	1.8179091 74	R1		1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78
PB4 FOUR SIDE WD POLE BLDG	200	20000 AREA	0	96.355182	1.3327405 74	R1		1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78
PB5 FOUR SIDE CLOSED MTL POLE BLDG	200	20000 AREA	1173.5413	64.916754	2.579871 74	R1		1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78
PB6 FOUR SIDE CLOSED WD POLE BLDG	200	20000 AREA	1475.9262	63.716814	2.4958031 74	R1		1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78
PB7 ONE SIDE OPEN MTL POLE BLDG	200	20000 AREA	1616.3192	19.79901	2.9132829 74	R1		1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78
PC1 PAVING CONCRETE AVERAGE		AREA	0	0	1.757055 15	C1		1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50
PC2 PAVING CONCRETE HEAVY DUTY		AREA	0	0	1.928475 15	C1		1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50
PC3 PAVING CONCRETE MAT/SLAB		AREA	0	0	2.65701 15	C1		1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50
RA1 FR OR CB ATTACHED GARAGE	150	5000 AREA	803.9598	0	8.879556 72	R1		1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50
RA2 ATTACHED MASONRY GARAGE	150	5000 AREA	1103.9448	0	11.279436 72	R1		1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50
RB1 FRAME OR CB BOAT HOUSE	100	5000 AREA	0	0	6.77109 75	R1		1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78
RB2 MASONRY BOAT HOUSE	100	5000 AREA	0	0	8.956695 75	R1		1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78
RC1 CARPORT	80	1200 AREA	0	0	4.11408 75	R1		1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78
RC2 CANOPY	10	2500 AREA	0	0	4.79976 75	R1		1.26	1.26	1.00	.78	.78
RD1 LIGHT WOOD DECK LIGHT POS	15	3500 AREA	0	0	11.9994 76	R1		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

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CAMA OTHER BUILDING AND YARD ITEMS TABLE (CA45) 1998 (85.71%)

PAGE: 7
CA124

COUNTY: 46
VER = BA

DESCRIPTION	MIN SIZE	MAX UNITS OF SIZE MEASURE	RATE 1	RATE 2	RATE 3	DEP TBL	CDU TBL	A	B	C	D	E	AREA *
TS													
RD2 MED. WD. DECK WD. GIRDERS BOLT	15	3500 AREA	0	0	17.9991	76	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
RD3 HEAVY WOOD DECK HEAVY PIL ING	15	3500 AREA	0	0	29.9985	76	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
RG1 FRAME OR CB DETACHED GARA GE	150	5000 AREA	2171.8914	0	8.699565	71	R1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.78	
RG2 BRICK OR STONE DETACHED G AR.	150	5000 AREA	3917.8041	0	12.059397	71	R1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
RG4 GARAGE, DETACHED FRAME		AREA	0	0	9.34239	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
RG5 GARAGE, DET. MASONARY		AREA	0	0	14.39928	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
RM1 SINGLE WIDE MOBILE HOME	160	1600 AREA	2807.8596	167.9916	9.359532	20	R1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
RM2 DOUBLE WIDE MOBILE HOME	480	2500 AREA	7919.604	0	14.099295	20	R1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
RM3 MOBILE HOME DOUBLE WIDE P P	480	2500 AREA	0	0	0	11	R1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
ROM METAL ROOF OVER		AREA	0	0	.8571		R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
ROW WOOD ROOF OVER		AREA	0	0	.8571		R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
RP1 PLASTIC LINER POOL	100	5000 AREA	1953.5023	64.436778	5.9757012	76	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
RP2 PREFABRICATED VINYL POOL	100	5000 AREA	3719.814	0	7.079646	76	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
RP3 REINFORCED CONCRETE POOL	100	5000 AREA	863.9568	345.58272	1.559922	76	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
RP4 FIBERGLASS POOL	100	5000 AREA	1739.913	299.985	3.3238338	76	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
RP5 GUNITE POOL	100	5000 AREA	1055.9472	191.9904	13.499325	76	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
RR1 TRACK, RAILROAD		LIN FOOT	51.51171	0	0	20	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
RS1 FRAME UTILITY SHED	12	5000 AREA	0	0	14.671195	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
RS2 METAL UTILITY SHED	15	5000 AREA	0	0	6.217975	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
RS3 BRICK/STN UTILITY SHED	15	5000 AREA	0	0	8.262495	20	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SBC SHUFFLE BOARD COURT	20	1000 AREA	0	0	2.785575		R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SC1 COMMERCIAL SWIMMING POOL	100	30000 AREA	0	0	30.041355	20	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SH1 FRAME MACHINERY SHED	50	20000 AREA	0	0	5.22831	30	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SH2 ALUMINUM SHED	50	20000 AREA	0	0	6.42825	30	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SH3 FINISHED METAL SHED	50	20000 AREA	0	0	9.17097	30	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SH4 MOONSET SHED	50	20000 AREA	0	0	7.45677	30	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SH5 LUMBER SHED 2 SIDE OPEN	50	20000 AREA	0	0	3.214125	20	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SH6 LUMBER SHED 4 SIDE OPEN	50	20000 AREA	0	0	2.91414	20	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SK1 SKATING RINK OUTDOORS		AREA	0	0	9.299535	20	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SK2 SUMMER KITCHEN	80	5000 AREA	0	0	24.59877	12	R1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
SM0 MAS STOOP	10	500 AREA	0	18.8562	5.22831	78	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SM1 SCREENED PORCH	10	500 AREA	0	0	5.65686	78	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SM2 WOOD/METAL/GLASS ADDITION	10	1000 AREA	0	0	13.070775	78	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SM3 COVERED PATIO/CARPORT	10	1000 AREA	0	0	4.79976	78	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SM4 SKIRTING	60	220 LIN FOOT	4.2855	0	0	78	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SM5 WOOD DECK	10	1000 AREA	235.7025	17.142	2.91414	78	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	

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CAMA OTHER BUILDING AND YARD ITEMS TABLE (CA45) 1998 (85.71%)

PAGE: 8
CA124

COUNTY: 46
VER = BA

DESCRIPTION	MIN SIZE	MAX SIZE	UNITS OF MEASURE	RATE 1	RATE 2	RATE 3	DEP TBL	CDU TBL	A	B	C	D	E	AREA %
SM6 ATTACHED 1 STORY FRAME	10	2000	AREA	0	0	16.704879	78	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SM7 OFF (DWELLING TYPE)	10	500	AREA	0	0	13.79931	78	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SM8 BASEMENT	180	2500	AREA	0	0	3.059847	78	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SM9 CONCRETE BLOCK FOUNDATION	40	220	LIN FOOT	8.39958	0	0	78	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SP1 DIVING BOARD			QUANTITY	385.695	0	0	76	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SP2 CHROME OR STEEL LADDER			QUANTITY	154.278	0	0	76	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SP3 UNDERWATER LIGHTING			QUANTITY	145.707	0	0	76	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SPA SPA			QUANTITY	2185.605	0	0		R1	1.55	1.26	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SPP SWIMMING POOL PATIO	10	20000	AREA	0	0	2.357025		R1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
SS1 SPRINKLER W/S			AREA	0	0	1.499925	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
SS2 SPRINKLER D/S			AREA	0	0	1.7142	20	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
ST1 STACKS BRICK	10	200	LIN FOOT	942.81	0	0	30	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SWB SEAWALL BAYFRONT	0	3000	LIN FOOT	47.1405	0	0		R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SWC SEAWALL CANAL	0	3000	LIN FOOT	37.7124	0	0		R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SWF SEAWALL FLAT VALUE			QUANTITY	2571.3	0	0		R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SWG SEAWALL GULF			QUANTITY	188.562	0	0		R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SWL SEAWALL LAKE			QUANTITY	37.7124	0	0	75	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
SWR SEAWALL RIVER			QUANTITY	113.1372	0	0		R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
TC1 ASPHALT TENNIS COURT			QUANTITY	12778.504	0	0	15	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
TC2 CONCRETE TENNIS COURT			QUANTITY	14510.703	0	0	15	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
TC3 CLAY TENNIS COURT			QUANTITY	8476.719	0	0	15	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
TC4 PLATFORM TENNIS			QUANTITY	21341.79	0	0	15	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
TN1 TANK ELEVATED STEEL	50	999999	LIN FOOT	1.11423	0	0	30	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
TN2 TANK ELEVATED BULK	10000	999999	LIN FOOT	.625683	0	0	20	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
TN3 TANK CONCRETE	10000	999999	LIN FOOT	.694251	0	0	20	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
TR1 RESTROOM STR/FRM-CB			AREA	0	0	16.97058	30	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
TR2 RESTROOM STR/BRK-STN			AREA	0	0	20.098995	40	C1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
TRT TRAVEL TRAILER	0	1000	AREA	0	0	12.8565		R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
TS1 TRUCK SCALES			AREA	0	0	0	30	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
UG1 CB GAS REGULATOR BUILDING	50	800	AREA	1092.8025	220.3743	11.65656		C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
UNF UNFURNISHED MANUFACTURED HOM	100	1500	AREA				85	R1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
WD1 WOOD DECK			AREA	0	0	5.9997	13	R1	1.55	1.26	1.00	.78	.50	
WS1 WOOD SEPTIC			QUANTITY	3599.82	0	0	20	C1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	

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IAS BASE COST TABLES
RESIDENTIAL OBY COST MOD CODE TABLE (CA45) 1998 (85.71%)

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COUNTY: 46

CODE	FIXED COST	DESCRIPTION	OBY MOD	PER SF
AB1		WOOD LOFT FLOOR	1	1.671345
AB1		GAMBREL/ARCH TYPE	2	1.19994
AB1		STALLS AND PARTITIONS	3	.34284
AB1		EARTH FLOOR	4	-1.328505
AB1		NO LIGHTING	5	-.34284
AB2		WOOD LOFT DOOR	1	1.671345
AB2		GAMBREL/ARCH TYPE ROOF	2	1.19994
AB2		STALLS AND PARTITION	3	.34284
AB2		EARTH FLOOR	4	-1.328505
AB2		NO LIGHTING	5	-.34284
AC1		STORAGE BIN OVER WOOD	1	2.39988
AC1		STORAGE BIN OVER WIRE	2	1.54278
AC1		LIGHTING	3	.557115
AC2		STORAGE BIN OVER WOOD	1	2.39988
AC2		STORAGE BIN OVER WELDED	2	1.54278
AC2		LIGHTING	3	.557115
AC3	-351.411	NO CONCRETE SLAB	1	
AC3	-351.411	NO ROOF 35'	2	
AC3	-471.405	NO ROOF 45'	3	
AC4	-351.411	NO CONCRETE SLAB	1	
AC4	-351.411	NO ROOF 35'	2	
AC4	-471.405	NO ROOF 45'	3	
AC5	-351.411	NO CONCRETE SLAB	1	
AC5	-351.411	NO ROOF 35'	2	
AC5	-471.405	NO ROOF 45'	3	
AC6	-351.411	NO CONCRETE SLAB	1	
AC6	-351.411	NO ROOF 35'	2	
AC6	-471.405	NO ROOF 45'	3	
AD1		EARTH FLOOR	1	-1.328505
AD1		NO LIGHTING	5	-.34284
AH1		1 STY INSULATION	1	1.79991
AH1		INSULATION SECOND FLOOR	2	.59997
AH1		INSULATION THIRD FLOOR	3	.59997
AH1		EARTH FLOOR	4	-1.328505
AH1		SINGLE PITCH ROOF	5	-.34284
AH2		INSULATION FIRST FLOOR	1	1.79991
AH2		INSULATION SECOND FLOOR	2	.59997
AH2		INSULATION THIRD FLOOR	3	.59997
AH2		EARTH FLOOR	4	-1.328505
AH2		SINGLE PITCH ROOF	5	-.34284
AH3		INSULATION FIRST FLOOR	1	1.79991
AH3		INSULATION SECOND FLOOR	2	.59997
AH3		INSULATION THIRD FLOOR	3	.59997
AH3		EARTH FLOOR	4	-1.328505
AH3		SINGLE PITCH ROOF	5	-.34284
AH4		INSULATION FIRST FLOOR	1	1.79991
AH4		INSULATION SECOND FLOOR	2	.59997
AH4		INSULATION THIRD FLOOR	3	.59997
AH4		EARTH FLOOR	4	-1.328505

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IAS BASE COST TABLES
RESIDENTIAL OBY COST MOD CODE TABLE (CA45) 1998 (85.71%)

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COUNTY: 46

VDP	CODE	FIXED COST	DESCRIPTION	OBY MOD	PER SF
	AH4		SINGLE PITCH ROOF	5	-.34284
	AH5		INSULATION FIRST FLOOR	1	1.79991
	AH5		INSULATION SECOND FLOOR	2	.59997
	AH5		INSULATION THIRD FLOOR	3	.59997
	AH5		EARTH FLOOR	4	-1.328505
	AH5		SINGLE PITCH ROOF	5	-.34284
	AH6		INSULATION FIRST FLOOR	1	1.79991
	AH6		INSULATION SECOND FLOOR	2	.59997
	AH6		INSULATION THIRD FLOOR	3	.59997
	AH6		EARTH FLOOR	4	-1.328505
	AH6		SINGLE PITCH ROOF	5	-.34284
	AL1		EARTH FLOOR	1	-1.328505
	AM1		METAL ROOF	1	.642825
	AM1		WOOD SHINGLE	2	.557115
	AM1		COMPOSITION ROOF	3	-.557115
	AM1		NO HEATING	4	-1.842765
	AM2		METAL ROOF	1	.642825
	AM2		WOOD SHINGLE	2	.557115
	AM2		COMPOSITION ROOF	3	-.557115
	AM2		NO HEATING	4	-1.842765
	AM3		METAL ROOF	1	.642825
	AM3		WOOD SHINGLE	2	.557115
	AM3		COMPOSITION ROOF	3	-.557115
	AM3		NO HEATING	4	-1.842765
	AM4		METAL ROOF	1	.642825
	AM4		WOOD SHINGLE	2	.557115
	AM4		COMPOSITION ROOF	3	-.557115
	AM4		NO HEATING	4	-1.842765
	AM5		METAL ROOF	1	.642825
	AM5		WOOD SHINGLE	2	.557115
	AM5		COMPOSITION ROOF	3	-.557115
	AM5		NO HEATING	4	-1.842765
	AM6		METAL ROOF	1	.642825
	AM6		WOOD SHINGLE	2	.557115
	AM6		COMPOSITION ROOF	3	-.557115
	AM6		NO HEATING	4	-1.842765
	AO1		NO LIGHTING	1	-.557115
	AO1		CONCRETE FLOOR	2	1.328505
	AO2		NO LIGHTING	1	-.557115
	AO2		CONCRETE FLOOR	2	1.328505
	AO3		NO LIGHTING	1	-.557115
	AO3		CONCRETE FLOOR	2	1.328505
	AQ1		LIGHTING	1	.59997
	AQ1		ASPHALT FLOOR	2	.59997
	AQ1		CONCRETE FLOOR	3	1.328505
	AR1		WOOD STORAGE BIN	1	2.39988
	AR1		METAL WALL	2	.557115
	AR1		METAL ROOF	3	.17142
	AR1		WOOD VENTILATING DUCT	4	1.19994

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IAS BASE COST TABLES
RESIDENTIAL OBY COST MOD CODE TABLE (CA45) 1998 (85.71%)

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COUNTY: 46

VER	CODE	FIXED COST	DESCRIPTION	OBY MOD	PER SF
1	AR1		NO LIGHTING	5	-.557115
	AR1		PIER FOUNDATION	6	-.899955
	AS1	10113.78	17' AUTOMATIC UNLOADER	1	
	AS1	10225.203	20' AUTOMATIC UNLOADER	2	
	AS1	14339.283	25' AUTOMATIC UNLOADER	3	
	AS1	3591.249	17' RAISED ARM AUGER	4	
	AS1	3865.521	20' RAISED ARM AUGER	5	
	AS1	4148.364	25' RAISED ARM AUGER	6	
	AS2	10113.78	17' AUTOMATIC UNLOADER	1	
	AS2	10225.203	20' AUTOMATIC UNLOADER	2	
	AS2	14339.283	25' AUTOMATIC UNLOADER	3	
	AS2	3591.249	17' RAISED ARM AUGER	4	
	AS2	3865.521	20' RAISED ARM AUGER	5	
	AS2	4148.364	25' RAISED ARM AUGER	6	
	AS3	10113.78	17' AUTOMATIC UNLOADER	1	
	AS3	10225.203	20' AUTOMATIC UNLOADER	2	
	AS3	14339.283	25' AUTOMATIC UNLOADER	3	
	AS3	3591.249	17' RAISED ARM AUGER	4	
	AS3	3865.521	20' RAISED ARM AUGER	5	
	AS3	4148.364	25' RAISED ARM AUGER	6	
	AS4	10113.78	17' AUTOMATIC UNLOADER	1	
	AS4	10225.203	20' AUTOMATIC UNLOADER	2	
	AS4	14339.283	25' AUTOMATIC UNLOADER	3	
	AS4	3591.249	17' RAISED ARM AUGER	4	
	AS4	3865.521	20' RAISED ARM AUGER	5	
	AS4	4148.364	25' RAISED ARM AUGER	6	
	AS5	10113.78	17' AUTOMATIC UNLOADER	1	
	AS5	10225.203	20' AUTOMATIC UNLOADER	2	
	AS5	14339.283	25' AUTOMATIC UNLOADER	3	
	AS5	3591.249	17' RAISED ARM AUGER	4	
	AS5	3865.521	20' RAISED ARM AUGER	5	
	AS5	4148.364	25' RAISED ARM AUGER	6	
	AS6	10113.78	17' AUTOMATIC UNLOADER	1	
	AS6	10225.203	20' AUTOMATIC UNLOADER	2	
	AS6	14339.283	25' AUTOMATIC UNLOADER	3	
	AS6	3591.249	17' RAISED ARM AUGER	4	
	AS6	3865.521	20' RAISED ARM AUGER	5	
	AS6	4148.364	25' RAISED ARM AUGER	6	
	AV1		25% CONCRETE PIT AREA	1	1.671345
	AV1		100% CONCRETE PIT AREA	2	3.556965
	AW1		25% CONCRETE PIT AREA	1	1.671345
	AW1		100% CONCRETE PIT AREA	2	3.556965
	AW2		25% CONCRETE PIT AREA	1	1.671345
	AW2		100% CONCRETE PIT AREA	2	3.556965
	AX1		LIGHTING	1	.59997
	AX1		ASPHALT FLOOR	2	.25713
	AX1		CONCRETE FLOOR	3	.728535
	EA1		FINISHED BSMT	1	33.94116
	EA1		UN FINISHED BSMT	2	9.08526

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IAS BASE COST TABLES
RESIDENTIAL OBY COST MOD CODE TABLE (CA45) 1998 (85.71%)

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COUNTY: 46

CODE	FIXED COST	DESCRIPTION	OBY MOD	PER SF
EA2		FINISHED BSMT	1	24.08451
EA2		UNFINISHED BSMT	2	6.34254
EC1		FINISHED BSMT	1	31.79841
EC1		UNFINISHED BSMT	2	8.82813
EC2		FINISHED BSMT	1	40.62654
EC2		UNFINISHED BSMT	2	11.39943
ED1		FINISHED BSMT	1	27.94146
ED1		UNFINISHED BSMT	2	7.62819
EF1		FINISHED BSMT	1	31.28415
EF1		UNFINISHED BSMT	2	9.08526
EG1		FINISHED BSMT	1	25.88442
EG1		UNFINISHED BSMT	2	6.8568
EG2		FINISHED BSMT	1	34.79826
EG2		UNFINISHED BSMT	2	9.25668
EH1		FINISHED BSMT	1	48.25473
EH1		UNFINISHED BSMT	2	13.97073
EJ1		FINISHED BSMT	1	57.76854
EJ1		UNFINISHED BSMT	2	16.2849
EL1		FINISHED BSMT	1	32.99835
EL1		UNFINISHED BSMT	2	8.82813
EN1		FINISHED BSMT	1	35.56965
EN1		UNFINISHED BSMT	2	10.19949
EP1		FINISHED BSMT	1	31.79841
EP1		UNFINISHED BSMT	2	8.82813
ES1		FINISHED BSMT	1	30.42705
ES1		UNFINISHED BSMT	2	8.82813
ES2		FINISHED BSMT	1	40.62654
ES2		UNFINISHED BSMT	2	11.39943
MH1	428.55	DECK 8X10	1	
MH1		SKIRTING	2	642825
PB2		TRUSS ROOF SPAN TO 50'	1	.299985
PB2		CONCRETE FLOOR	2	1.328505
PB2		INSULATION	3	.299985
PB2		WOOD LINING	4	.8571
PB3		TRUSS ROOF SPAN TO 50'	1	.299985
PB3		CONCRETE FLOOR	2	1.328505
PB3		INSULATION	3	.299985
PB3		WOOD LINING	4	.8571
PB4		TRUSS ROOF SPAN TO 50'	1	.299985
PB4		CONCRETE FLOOR	2	1.328505
PB4		INSULATION	3	.299985
PB4		WOOD LINING	4	.8571
PB5		TRUSS ROOF SPAN TO 50'	1	.299985
PB5		CONCRETE FLOOR	2	1.328505
PB5		INSULATION	3	.299985
PB5		WOOD LINING	4	.8571
PB6		TRUSS ROOF SPAN TO 50'	1	.299985
PB6		CONCRETE FLOOR	2	1.328505
PB6		INSULATION	3	.299985

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IAS BASE COST TABLES
RESIDENTIAL OBY COST MOD CODE TABLE (CA45) 1998 (85.71%)

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COUNTY: 46

CODE	FIXED COST	DESCRIPTION	OBY MOD	PER SF
PB6		WOOD LINING	4	.8571
PB7		TRUSS ROOF SPAN TO 50'	1	.299985
PB7		CONCRETE FLOOR	2	1.328505
PB7		INSULATION	3	.299985
PB7		WOOD LINING	4	.8571
RG1		UNFINISHED INTERIOR	1	-2.271315
RG1		FIN. ATTIC ABOVE	2	7.28535
RG1		1/2 STORY ABOVE	3	8.571
RG1		FULL STORY ABOVE	4	9.59952
RG2		UNFINISHED INTERIOR	1	-2.271315
RG2		FIN. ATTIC ABOVE	2	8.74242
RG2		1/2 STORY ABOVE	3	14.48499
RG2		FULL STORY ABOVE	4	16.2849
RM1		CENTRAL AIR CONDITIONING	1	.8571
RM1	1079.946	METAL FIREPLACE	2	
RM1	1619.919	SLIDE OUT/ROLLOUT ROOM	3	
RM1	1079.946	TIP-OUT ROOM	4	
RM2		CENTRAL AIR CONDITIONING	1	.8571
RM2	1079.946	METAL FIREPLACE	2	
RM2	1619.919	SLIDE OUT/ROLLOUT ROOM	3	
RM2	1079.946	TIP-OUT ROOM	4	
RM4		CENTRAL AIR CONDITIONING	1	.8571
RM4	1079.946	METAL FIREPLACE	2	
RM4	1619.919	SLIDE OUT/ROLL OUT ROOM	3	
RM4	1079.946	TIP OUT ROOM	4	
RP1	-1131.372	NO FILTER	1	
RP1	908.526	GAS OR PROPANE HEATING	2	
RP1	1979.901	ELECTRIC HEATING	3	
RP1	377.124	DIVING BOARD	4	
RP1	154.278	CHROME OR STEEL LADDER	5	
RP1	137.136	UNDERWATER LIGHTING	6	
RP2	-1131.372	NO FILTER	1	
RP2	908.526	GAS OR PROPANE HEATING	2	
RP2	1979.901	ELECTRIC HEATING	3	
RP2	377.124	DIVING BOARD	4	
RP2	154.278	CHROME OR STEEL LADDER	5	
RP2	137.136	UNDERWATER LIGHTING	6	
RP3	-1131.372	NO FILTER	1	
RP3	908.526	GAS OR PROPANE HEATING	2	
RP3	1979.901	ELECTRIC HEATING	3	
RP3	377.124	DIVING BOARD	4	
RP3	154.278	CHROME OR STEEL LADDER	5	
RP3	137.136	UNDERWATER LIGHTING	6	
RP4	-1131.372	NO FILTER	1	
RP4	908.526	GAS OR PROPANE HEATING	2	
RP4	1979.901	ELECTRIC HEATING	3	
RP4	377.124	DIVING BOARD	4	
RP4	154.278	CHROME OR STEEL LADDER	5	
RP4	137.136	UNDERWATER LIGHTING	6	

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IAS BASE COST TABLES
RESIDENTIAL OBY COST MOD CODE TABLE (CA45) 1998 (85.71%)

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COUNTY: 46

CODE	FIXED COST	DESCRIPTION	OBY MOD	PER SF
RP5	-1131.372	NO FILTER	1	
RP5	908.526	GAS OR PROPANE HEATING	2	
RP5	1979.901	ELECTRIC HEATING	3	
RP5	377.124	DIVING BOARD	4	
RP5	154.278	CHROME OR STEEL LADDER	5	
RP5	137.136	UNDERWATER LIGHTING	6	

SAMPLE

COMMERCIAL STRUCTURE CODES (CA61)

The commercial structure code screen allows you to define the codes that are used to describe the overall structure of commercial buildings. It is also used to assign the structure code to a Use Group (Income Model) for income approach valuation.

An entry consists of:

Cost Version is the set of cost tables selected to value parcels in specific years as indicated on screen AA44.

Structure Code is the code representing the overall use for which the building was constructed.

Description is the description for the structure code. It is found on screen CA31 – Commercial Building.

Name is a short description for display on selected output documents.

Basic Structure Code is the cost component that describes the frame and foundation cost for the building.

Depreciation Table represents the depreciation table associated with the expected life of a building based on the Construction Type from screen CA34 – Commercial Interior/Exterior. The tables in column "Frm" are used when construction types 1 (wood joist) and 4 (prefabricated metal) are entered on CA34 and the tables in the column "Fire Resistant" are used when construction types 2 (fire resistant) and 3 (fire proof) are entered on CA34.

Other Construction is not currently utilized or modeled.

Use Group is the group to which the structure is assigned for income valuation purposes. The use groups are identified on CA71 – Income Group Assignment.

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Taylor WV IAS BASE COST TABLES
COMMERCIAL / INDUSTRIAL STRUCTURE TYPE CODES (CA61) 1998 (100%)

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+-----DEPRECIATION TABLE-----+

VEP	CODE	DESCRIPTION	NAME	BASIC BLDG CODE	FRAME/ MASONRY	FIRE RESIST	OTHER	INCOME GR
	101	RESIDENTIAL 1 FAMILY	RESIDENTIAL	10	40	50		0
	102	RESIDENTIAL 2 FAMILY	RESIDENTIAL	10	40	50		0
	103	RESIDENTIAL 3 FAMILY	RESIDENTIAL	10	40	50		0
	104	RESIDENTIAL 4 FAMILY	RESIDENTIAL	10	40	50		0
	105	MIXED RESIDENTIAL/COMMERCIAL	MIXED RESIDE	10	40	50		0
	106	CONDO COMMON ELEMENT	CONDO COMMON	10	40	50		0
	107	CONDO FEE SIMPLE	CONDO FEE SI	10	40	50		0
	201	RES STRCT ON APT VAL	RES STRCT ON	10	40	40		0
	211	APARTMENTS - GARDEN	APARTMENTS -	2	40	50		1
	212	APARTMENTS HIGH RISE	APARTMENTS H	1	50	50		0
	301	RES ON COMM LAND	RES ON COMM	10	40	40		0
	314	HOTEL/MOTEL HI RISE	HOTEL/MOTEL	1	40	50		2
	315	HOTEL/MOTEL LO RISE	HOTEL/MOTEL	2	30	40		2
	316	NURSING HOME	NURSING HOME	2	50	50		0
	318	BRDING-ROOMING HOUSE	BRDING-ROOMI	10	40	50		0
	319	MIXED RES/COMM	MIXED RES/CO	3	40	50		3
	321	RESTAURANT	RESTAURANT	3	40	40		16
	323	FOOD STAND	FOOD STAND	3	20	20		0
	325	FRANCHISE FOOD	FRANCHISE FO	9	20	20		20
	326	ICE HOUSE	ICE HOUSE	3	30	40		0
	327	BAR/LOUNGE	BAR/LOUNGE	3	30	40		24
	328	NIGHT/CLUB/DNR THEATER	NIGHT/CLUB/D	3	30	40		16
	330	KWIK LUBE	KWIK LUBE	3	20	20		14
	331	AUTO DEALER/F-SEVICE	AUTO DEALER/	4	30	40		4
	332	AUTO SERVICE GARAGE	AUTO SERVICE	4	30	40		14
	333	SERVICE STATION - FULL	SERVICE STAT	3	20	20		0
	334	SERVICE STATION - SELF SERVE	SERVICE STAT	3	20	20		0
	335	TRUCK STOP	TRUCK STOP	4	30	40		16
	336	CAR WASH - MANUAL	CAR WASH - M	7	20	20		0
	337	CAR WASH - AUTOMATIC	CAR WASH - A	4	30	40		0
	338	PARKING GARAGE/DECK	PARKING GARA	4	30	40		13
	340	SUPER REG SHOPMALL	SUPER REG SH	3	40	50		5
	341	REGIONAL SHPMALL/CNT	REGIONAL SHP	3	40	50		5
	342	COMM SHOPPING CENTER	COMM SHOPPIN	3	40	50		3
	343	NBHD SHOPPING CENTER	NBHD SHOPPIN	3	30	40		3
	344	STRIP SHOPPING CNTR	STRIP SHOPPI	3	30	40		3
	345	DISCOUNT DEPT STORE	DISCOUNT DEP	3	40	50		19
	346	DEPARTMENT STORES	DEPARTMENT S	3	40	50		9
	347	SUPERMARKET	SUPERMARKET	3	30	40		19
	348	CONVENIENCE FOOD MKT	CONVENIENCE	3	30	40		22
	349	MEDICAL OFFICE BLDG	MEDICAL OFFI	8	40	50		10
	351	BANK	BANK	5	40	60		15
	352	SAVINGS INSTITUTION	SAVINGS INST	5	40	50		15
	353	OFFICE BLDG L/R 1-4S	OFFICE BLDG	5	40	50		4
	354	OFFICE BLDG H-R 5ST	OFFICE BLDG	8	50	60		4
	355	OFFICE CONDOMINIUM	OFFICE CONDO	5	40	50		4
	356	RETAIL CONDOMINIUM	RETAIL CONDO	5	40	50		3
	361	FUNERAL HOME	FUNERAL HOME	2	40	50		0
	362	VETERINARY CLINIC	VETERINARY C	3	30	40		24

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Taylor WV IAS BASE COST TABLES
COMMERCIAL / INDUSTRIAL STRUCTURE TYPE CODES (CA61) 1998 (100%)

				+-----DEPRECIATION TABLE-----+				
CODE	DESCRIPTION	NAME	BASIC BLDG CODE	FRAME/ MASONRY	FIRE RESIST	OTHER	INCOME GR	
363	LEGITIMATE THEATER	LEGITIMATE T	6	50	60		0	
364	MOTION PICTURE THEATER	MOTION PICTU	6	40	50		0	
365	CINEMA/THEATER	CINEMA/THEAT	6	30	40		0	
366	RADIO/TV/MIN PIC STUDIO	RADIO/TV/MIN	4	40	50		0	
367	SOCIAL/FRATERNAL HALL	SOCIAL/FRATE	3	30	40		24	
368	HANGAR	HANGAR	4	30	40		7	
369	DAY CARE CENTER	DAY CARE CEN	3	30	40		0	
370	GREENHOUSE/FLORIST	GREENHOUSE/F	4	20	20		3	
371	DOWNTOWN ROW TYPE	DOWNTOWN ROW	3	40	50		3	
373	RETAIL SINGLE OCCUP	RETAIL SINGL	3	30	40		3	
374	RETAIL MULTI OCCUP	RETAIL MULTI	3	30	40		3	
375	RETAIL DRIVE-UP	RETAIL DRIVE	3	30	40		3	
381	BOWLING ALLEY	BOWLING ALLE	4	30	40		0	
382	SKATING RINK	SKATING RINK	4	30	40		0	
383	HEALTH SPA	HEALTH SPA	5	30	40		0	
384	SWIMMING-INDOOR POOL	SWIMMING-IND	4	20	30		0	
385	TENNIS CLUB - INDOOR	TENNIS CLUB	4	30	40		0	
386	RACQUET CLUB INDOOR	RACQUET CLUB	3	30	40		0	
387	COUNTRY CLUB	COUNTRY CLUB	5	40	50		4	
388	CLUB HOUSE	CLUB HOUSE	3	30	40		3	
389	COUNTRY CLUB/W CRSE	COUNTRY CLUB	5	30	50		4	
391	COLD STORAGE	COLD STORAGE	4	30	40		12	
392	LUMBER STORAGE	LUMBER STORA	4	20	30		7	
395	TRUCK TERMINAL	TRUCK TERMIN	4	30	40		7	
396	MINI WAREHOUSE	MINI WAREHOV	4	30	40		8	
397	OFFICE/WAREHOUSE	OFFICE/WAREH	4	40	50		7	
398	WAREHOUSE	WAREHOUSE	4	30	40		7	
399	PREFAB WAREHOUSE	PREFAB WAREH	7	30	30		7	
401	MFG/PROCESSING	MFG/PROCESSI	4	40	50		12	
405	RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT	RESEARCH & D	5	40	50		4	
501	BARN	BARN						
502	DAIRY BARN	DAIRY BARN						
610	RECREATIONAL/HEALTH	RECREATIONAL	5	30	40		0	
611	LIBRARY	LIBRARY	5	50	60		0	
612	SCHOOL	SCHOOL	5	50	60		0	
613	COLLEGES & UNIVERSITY	COLLEGES & U	5	50	60		0	
620	RELIGIOUS	RELIGIOUS	5	50	60		0	
630	AUDITORIUM	AUDITORIUM	6	50	60		0	
640	HOSPITALS	HOSPITALS	5	50	60		0	
660	POLICE/FIRE STATIONS	POLICE/FIRE	5	50	60		0	
670	CORRECTIONAL	CORRECTIONAL	5	50	60		0	
680	CULTURAL FACILITIES	CULTURAL FAC	5	50	60		0	
690	RAIL/BUS/AIR TERMINAL	RAIL/BUS/AIR	5	50	60		0	
710	TELEPHONE EQUIPMENT BLDG	TELEPHONE EQ	4	50	60		0	
715	TELE SRV GAR FACILITY	TELE SRV GAR	4	50	60		0	
720	RADIO/TV TRANSMITTER BLD	RADIO/TV TRA	4	30	40		0	

COMMERCIAL BASE COST TABLE (CA62)

The commercial Base Cost Table screen allows you to enter rates for use in cost value calculation for each basic structure code. These rates will be applied to calculate a component of the cost on a Commercial Interior/Exterior line on CA34.

An entry consists of:

Cost Version is the set of cost tables selected to value parcels in specific years as indicated on screen AA44.

Basic Structure Code is the cost component that describes the frame and foundation cost for the building. Allowable entries are 1 through 10.

Level represents the level "from/to" on CA34 – Commercial Interior/Exterior Data as follows:

- B Represents basement levels (B1 to B1, etc.)
- F Represents the first floor (01 to 01)
- U Represents the upper floors (02 to 99)

Construction Type corresponds to the construction type entry from CA34 – Commercial Interior/Exterior Data as follows:

- 1 Wood Joist
- 2 Fire Resistant
- 3 Fire Proof
- 4 Prefabricated Metal

Rate is the rate per square foot to be applied for the basic structure code, level, and construction type specified.

Name allows 12 characters to describe the record.

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Taylor WV IAS BASE COST TABLES
COMMERCIAL BASE STRUCTURE RATES (CA62) 1998 (100%)

PAGE: 1
CA125

*****--BASEMENT--***** *****--FIRST FLOOR--***** *****--UPPER FLOOR--*****													
LEVEL	BASIC	PRE-				PRE-				PRE-			
BUDG	DE	WOOD	FIRE	FIRE	ENGINEERED	WOOD	FIRE	FIRE	ENGINEERED	WOOD	FIRE	FIRE	ENGINEERED
		FRAME	RESIST.	PROOF	STEEL	FRAME	RESIST.	PROOF	STEEL	FRAME	RESIST.	PROOF	STEEL
BA	1	11.75	13.55	13.55	.00	9.20	13.55	17.05	.00	6.35	8.55	11.60	.00
	10	3.60	5.70	.00	.00	7.95	12.55	.00	.00	5.80	6.65	.00	.00
	2	9.70	11.20	11.20	.00	8.00	12.60	15.95	.00	5.80	6.60	10.70	.00
	3	11.80	14.35	14.35	11.05	9.50	15.00	18.00	11.25	6.55	9.40	11.95	6.95
	4	11.60	14.35	14.35	11.70	10.70	15.40	18.15	9.45	7.75	9.65	12.10	6.90
	5	9.05	14.25	14.25	10.70	10.85	17.15	20.25	11.25	7.55	10.60	13.50	7.30
	6	11.70	14.95	14.95	11.70	11.50	18.90	23.20	11.85	7.90	11.90	15.60	7.75
	7	9.00	11.05	11.05	9.00	8.15	10.30	12.70	8.35	5.90	6.50	8.55	5.95
	8	12.30	14.65	14.65	.00	11.30	19.30	23.10	.00	8.50	12.55	16.10	.00
	9	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00

SAMPLE

COMMERCIAL EXTERIOR COST TABLE (CA63)

The Commercial Exterior Cost Table allows you to assign rates for cost valuation for various types of exterior wall material entered on CA34 – Commercial Interior/Exterior Data. The rates are assigned based on the Basic Structure Code and Wall Rates.

An entry consists of:

Cost Version is the set of cost tables selected to value parcels in specific years as indicated on screen AA44.

Wall Code represents the construction material of the exterior wall codes as listed on CA34-Commercial Interior Exterior.

Basic Structure Code is the cost component that describes the frame and foundation cost for the building. Allowable entries are 1 through 10.

Description is the wall material represented by the wall code.

Name is a short description of the wall material for display on selected output documents.

Rate represents the cost component to be applied for the exterior wall code entered on CA34 - Commercial Interior/Exterior Data and the associated basic structure code determined by the structure code entered on CA31-Commercial Building.

COMMERCIAL INTERIOR COST TABLE (CA64)

The Commercial Interior Cost Table allows you to assign rates for cost valuation of the components of the interior finish. The cost rates will be applied based on data entered on CA34 – Commercial Interior/Exterior Data. Rates are assigned to the components of the interior finish based on the use code.

An entry consists of:

Cost Version is the set of cost tables selected to value parcels in specific years as indicated on screen AA44.

Use Type is the 3-digit code that represents the current use of the area.

Description represents the use of the area represented by the use type code.

Name is a short description for display on selected output documents.

Base Rate represents the base cost per square foot for the use type assuming normal finish and amenities.

Interior Finish represents an adjustment to the base rate for no interior finish. It is applied to the Percent Interior Finish entered on CA34 – Commercial Interior/Exterior Data.

Partition represents an adjustment to the base cost for the degree of partitioning.

- 0 No partitions
- 1 Below normal partitioning
- 2 Normal
- 3 Above normal partitioning

Heating represents an adjustment to the base cost for the type of heating.

- 0 No heat
- 1 Central heat
- 2 Hot water/steam heat
- 3 Unit heat

Air Conditioning represents an adjustment to the base cost for the presence or absence of air conditioning.

- 0 No air conditioning
- 1 Central air conditioning
- 2 Unit air conditioning

Plumbing represents an adjustment to the base cost for the degree of plumbing.

- 0 No plumbing
- 1 Below normal plumbing
- 2 Normal plumbing
- 3 Above normal plumbing

Lighting represents an adjustment to the base cost for the degree of lighting.

- 0 No lighting
- 1 Below normal lighting
- 2 Normal lighting
- 3 Above normal lighting

Income Use Group is the use group on CA71 – Income Use Group from which the income model will be assigned based on the parcel neighborhood and the use entered on CA34 – Commercial Interior/Exterior Data.

Area % represents the percent of the area for the given use that will be included in the "Total Under Roof" square foot calculation.

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Taylor WV IAS BASE COST TABLES
COMMERCIAL / INDUSTRIAL INTERIOR FINISH USE TYPE COST FACTORS (CA64) 1998 (100%)

PAGE: 1
CA125

USE VER TYP DESCRIPTION	NAME	BASE SF RATE	INT PIN	INCOME MODEL
CRAWL SPACE	CRAWL SPACE	.00	.00	00
APARTMENT	APARTMENT	17.35	-3.40	01
012 HOTEL	HOTEL	24.30	-3.10	02
021 MOTEL	MOTEL	21.95	-2.90	02
023 DORMITORY	DORMITORY	25.20	-3.10	00
025 DWG CONV-OFFICE	DWG CONV-OFF	16.90	-2.90	00
026 DWG CONV-SALES	DWG CONV-SAL	16.90	-2.90	00
027 DWG	DWG	16.90	-2.90	00
031 RESTAURANT	RESTAURANT	37.05	-6.20	16
032 DEPARTMENT STORE	DEPARTMENT S	14.05	-3.15	09
033 DISCOUNT STORE/MKT	DISCOUNT STO	10.15	-2.15	19
034 RETAIL STORE	RETAIL STORE	13.60	-3.85	03
035 TAVERN/BAR	TAVERN/BAR	22.45	-3.85	03
036 BAR LOUNGE	BAR LOUNGE	22.45	-3.85	03
037 CAFETERIA	CAFETERIA	24.50	-3.15	16
038 CONVENIENCE STORE	CONVENIENCE	13.60	-3.85	22
039 MALL SHOPS	MALL SHOPS	17.35	-4.90	05
041 MINI-WAREHOUSE	MINI-WAREHOU	4.65	- .65	00
042 HANGAR	HANGAR	4.90	- .65	17
043 MANUFACTURING	MANUFACTURIN	5.70	- .65	12
044 LIGHT MANUFACTURING	LIGHT MANUPA	5.70	- .65	07
045 WAREHOUSE	WAREHOUSE	4.65	- .65	07
046 AUTO SHOWROOM/OFFICE	AUTO SHOWROO	15.30	-3.50	04
047 AUTO PARTS/SERVICE	AUTO PARTS/S	8.05	- .65	07
048 TENNIS CLUB	TENNIS CLUB	12.35	- .65	00
049 RACQUET BALL COURT	RACQUET BALL	23.65	-1.40	00
050 SKATE RINK ICE/ROLL	SKATE RINK I	11.20	-1.80	00
051 BANK/SAVINGS INST	BANK/SAVINGS	36.75	-6.65	15
052 MEDICAL CENTER	MEDICAL CENT	36.85	-6.65	10
053 OFFICES	OFFICES	28.80	-6.65	04
054 NURSING HOMES	NURSING HOME	32.75	-6.65	00
055 SCHOOL	SCHOOL	29.65	-6.65	00
056 HOSPITAL	HOSPITAL	50.75	-6.65	00
057 LIBRARY	LIBRARY	31.95	-6.65	00
058 FUNERAL HOME	FUNERAL HOME	23.55	-3.50	00
061 AUDITORIUM/THEATER	AUDITORIUM/T	24.80	-3.30	00
062 CINEMA	CINEMA	23.90	-3.30	00
RELIGIOUS INST	RELIGIOUS IN	24.40	-3.30	00
SOCIAL/FRATERNAL HALL	SOCIAL/FRATE	22.75	-3.30	19
SERVICE STATION W/BAYS	SERVICE STAT	13.75	- .65	00
071 SERVICE STN-CONV RETAIL	SERVICE STN-	14.55	- .65	03
072 SERVICE STN-CONV STORAGE	SERVICE STN-	13.75	- .65	07
073 SERVICE STATION W/O BAY	SERVICE STAT	20.80	- .65	00
074 CAR WASH MANUAL	CAR WASH MAN	5.65	-1.40	00
075 CAR WASH AUTOMATIC	CAR WASH AUT	5.65	-1.40	00
076 KWIK LUBE	KWIK LUBE	15.90	- .75	00
081 MULTI APTS	MULTI APTS	17.05	-2.70	17
082 MULTI OFFICE	MULTI OFFIC	23.55	-3.50	04
083 MULTI SALE	MULTI SALE	11.20	-1.80	03
084 MULTI-STRG	MULTI-STRG	5.65	-1.40	07

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Taylor WV IAS BASE COST TABLES
COMMERCIAL / INDUSTRIAL INTERIOR FINISH USE TYPE COST FACTORS (CA64) 1998 (100%)

PAGE: 2
CA125

USE VER TYP DESCRIPTION	NAME	BASE SF RATE	INT FIN	INCOME MODEL
ENCLOSURE	ENCLOSURE	17.55	-3.45	11
SUPPORT	SUPPORT	5.65	-1.40	00
088 MULTI USE RR/LOCKER	MULTI USE RR	5.65	-1.40	07
090 PARKING GARAGE	PARKING GARA	1.75	.00	13
091 UNFIN RES BSMT	UNFIN RES BS	4.15	-1.40	00
095 COVERED MALL	COVERED MALL	12.60	-3.85	00
100 FOOD FRANCHISE	FOOD FRANCHI	56.20	.00	20
101 APPLEBEE'S	APPLEBEE'S	56.20	.00	20
102 BENNIGAN'S	BENNIGAN'S	56.20	.00	20
103 BONANZA FAMILY RESTAURANT	BONANZA FAMI	56.20	.00	20
104 BILL KNAPP'S	BILL KNAPP'S	56.20	.00	20
105 BURGER KING	BURGER KING	56.20	.00	20
106 CASSANO'S PIZZA	CASSANO'S PI	56.20	.00	20
107 CAPTAIN D'S	CAPTAIN D'S	56.20	.00	20
108 CHI'S CHI'S	CHI'S CHI'S	56.20	.00	20
109 CHURCH'S FRIED CHICKEN	CHURCH'S FRI	56.20	.00	20
110 CHILI'S	CHILI'S	56.20	.00	20
111 DAIRY QUEEN	DAIRY QUEEN	56.20	.00	20
112 DENNY'S	DENNY'S	56.20	.00	20
113 CHIC-FIL-A	CHIC-FIL-A	56.20	.00	20
114 CRACKER BARREL	CRACKER BARR	56.20	.00	20
115 DUNKIN' DONUTS	DUNKIN' DONU	56.20	.00	20
116 HARDEE'S	HARDEE'S	56.20	.00	20
117 HOWARD JOHNSON'S	HOWARD JOHNS	56.20	.00	20
118 HOUSE OF PANCAKES	HOUSE OF PAN	56.20	.00	20
119 FAMOUS RECIPE (LEE'S)	FAMOUS RECIP	56.20	.00	20
120 HOT 'N' NOW	HOT 'N' NOW	56.20	.00	20
121 HUDDLE HOUSE	HUDDLE HOUSE	56.20	.00	20
122 GINO'S	GINO'S	56.20	.00	20
123 LONG HORN STEAKS	LONG HORN ST	56.20	.00	20
124		56.20	.00	20
125 PO' FOLKS	PO' FOLKS	56.20	.00	20
126 COOKER BAR & GRILL	COOKER BAR &	56.20	.00	20
127 RUBY TUESDAY	RUBY TUESDAY	56.20	.00	20
128 KENTUCKY FRIED CHICKEN	KENTUCKY FRI	56.20	.00	20
129 RYAN'S STEAK HOUSE	RYAN'S STEAK	56.20	.00	20
130 SUBWAY SANDWICHES	SUBWAY SANDW	56.20	.00	20
PERKINS	PERKINS	56.20	.00	20
T.G.I. FRIDAYS	T.G.I. FRIDA	56.20	.00	20
DONATO'S PIZZA	DONATO'S PIZ	56.20	.00	20
134 RUDY'S HOT DOGS	RUDY'S HOT D	56.20	.00	20
135 LONG JOHN SILVER'S	LONG JOHN SI	56.20	.00	20
136 GOLDEN CORRAL	GOLDEN CORRA	56.20	.00	20
137 MASTER DONUT	MASTER DONUT	56.20	.00	20
138 MC DONALD'S	MC DONALD'S	56.20	.00	20
139 J. ALEXANDER'S	J. ALEXANDER	56.20	.00	20
140 LITTLE CAESAR'S	LITTLE CAESA	56.20	.00	20
141 DOMINO'S	DOMINO'S	56.20	.00	20
142 MARION'S	MARION'S	56.20	.00	20
143 PIZZA HUT	PIZZA HUT	56.20	.00	20

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Taylor WV IAS BASE COST TABLES

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COMMERCIAL / INDUSTRIAL INTERIOR FINISH USE TYPE COST FACTORS (CA64) 1998 (100%)

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CA125

USE VER TYP	DESCRIPTION	NAME	BASE SF RATE	INT FIN	INCOME MODEL
	OLIVE GARDEN	OLIVE GARDEN	56.20	.00	20
	PONDEROSA STEAK HOUSE	PONDEROSA ST	56.20	.00	20
147	KRSYTALL'S	KRSYTALL'S	56.20	.00	
150	RALLY'S	RALLY'S	56.20	.00	20
151	RAX'S	RAX'S	56.20	.00	20
152	RED LOBSTER	RED LOBSTER	56.20	.00	20
165	SHAKEY'S	SHAKEY'S	56.20	.00	20
166	FRISCH'S OR SHONEY'S	FRISCH'S OR	56.20	.00	20
167	SIZZLER'S FAMILY STEAKHOUSE	SIZZLER'S FA	56.20	.00	20
168	KENNY RODGER'S ROASTER	KENNY RODGER	56.20	.00	
170	STEAK AND ALE	STEAK AND AL	56.20	.00	
172	STEAK 'N' SHAKE	STEAK 'N' SH	56.20	.00	20
173	STEAK 'N' EGG KITCHEN	STEAK 'N' EG	56.20	.00	20
175	T.C.B.Y.	T.C.B.Y.	56.20	.00	20
180	TACO BELL	TACO BELL	56.20	.00	20
185	WAPFLE HOUSE	WAPFLE HOUSE	56.20	.00	20
186	BOSTON MARKET	BOSTON MARKE	56.20	.00	
187	WENDY'S	WENDY'S	56.20	.00	20
190	WESTERN SIZZLIN' STEAK HOUSE	WESTERN SIZZ	56.20	.00	20
191	WHITE CASTLE	WHITE CASTLE	56.20	.00	20
193	ARTHUR TREACHERS	ARTHUR TREAC	56.20	.00	20
194	FRIENDLY'S	FRIENDLY'S	56.20	.00	20
195	BOB EVANS	BOB EVANS	56.20	.00	20
196	ARBY'S ROAST BEEF	ARBY'S ROAST	56.20	.00	20
990	PARKING GARAGE UPPER LEVEL	PARKING GARA	.10	.00	13

SAMPLE

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Taylor WV IAS BASE COST TABLES
COMMERCIAL / INDUSTRIAL MECHANICAL FEATURE ADJUSTMENTS (CA64) 1998 (100%)

PAGE: 1
CA125

*****--PARTITIONS--*****					*****--HEATING--*****							
		0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
		NONE	BELOW NORM	NORM	ABOVE NORM	NONE	HOT AIR	STEAM OTHER	UNIT HEATER	ELEC.	HEAT PUMP	SOLAR
BA	001	CRAWL SPACE										
	011	APARTMENT	-6.55	- .70	.00	.75	-1.35	.00	.00	-.95	.00	.00
	012	HOTEL	-9.85	-1.15	.00	1.35	-1.60	.00	.00	-1.10	.00	.00
	021	MOTEL	-9.15	-1.15	.00	1.35	-1.45	.00	.00	-1.10	.00	.00
	023	DORMITORY	-10.00	-1.15	.00	1.30	-1.60	.00	.00	-1.10	.00	.00
	025	DWG CONV-OFF	-6.35	-1.10	.00	1.35	-1.45	.00	.00	-1.10	.00	.00
	026	DWG CONV-SAL	-6.35	-1.10	.00	1.35	-1.45	.00	.00	-1.10	.00	.00
	027	DWG	-6.35	-1.10	.00	1.35	-1.45	.00	.00	-1.10	.00	.00
	031	RESTAURANT	-8.45	-2.95	.00	5.95	-1.65	.00	.00	-.95	.00	.00
	032	DEPARTMENT S	-1.60	-.35	.00	.45	-1.10	.00	.00	-1.10	.00	.00
	033	DISCOUNT STO	-.75	-.15	.00	.20	-.80	.00	.00	-.80	.00	.00
	034	RETAIL STORE	-1.70	-.55	.00	.70	-1.65	.00	.00	-.95	.00	.00
	035	TAVERN/BAR	-5.50	-1.90	.00	3.00	-1.65	.00	.00	-.95	.00	.00
	036	BAR LOUNGE	-5.50	-1.90	.00	3.00	-1.65	.00	.00	-.95	.00	.00
	037	CAFETERIA	-2.90	-1.05	.00	1.60	-1.15	.00	.00	-.80	.00	.00
	038	CONVENIENCE	-1.70	-.55	.00	.70	-1.65	.00	.00	-.95	.00	.00
	039	MALL SHOPS	-1.95	-.65	.00	.80	-1.90	.00	.00	-1.10	.00	.00
	041	MINI-WAREHOU	-.60	-.45	.00	.60	-1.60	.00	.00	-.85	.00	.00
	042	HANGAR	-.45	-.15	.00	.20	-1.60	.00	.00	-.85	.00	.00
	043	MANUFACTURIN	-.80	-.30	.00	.60	-1.60	.00	.00	-.85	.00	.00
	044	LIGHT MANUFA	-.80	-.30	.00	.60	-1.60	.00	.00	-.85	.00	.00
	045	WAREHOUSE	-.60	-.45	.00	.60	-1.60	.00	.00	-.85	.00	.00
	046	AUTO SHOWROO	-2.65	-.70	.00	1.00	-1.60	.00	.00	-.85	.00	.00
	047	AUTO PARTS/S	-.80	-.30	.00	.45	-1.60	.00	.00	-.85	.00	.00
	048	TENNIS CLUB	-2.65	-.30	.00	.45	-1.60	.00	.00	-.85	.00	.00
	049	RACQUET BALL	-12.95	-1.25	.00	3.75	-1.25	.00	.00	-.55	.00	.00
	050	SKATE RINK I	-1.65	-.55	.00	.70	-1.45	.00	.00	-.85	.00	.00
	051	BANK/SAVINGS	-14.25	-2.20	.00	2.55	-2.25	.00	.00	-1.65	.00	.00
	052	MEDICAL CENT	-15.25	-2.25	.00	2.65	-2.25	.00	.00	-1.65	.00	.00
	053	OFFICES	-11.10	-2.40	.00	3.15	-2.25	.00	.00	-1.65	.00	.00
	054	NURSING HOME	-11.55	-1.90	.00	2.25	-2.25	.00	.00	-1.65	.00	.00
	055	SCHOOL	-11.10	-.45	.00	1.90	-2.25	.00	.00	-1.65	.00	.00
	056	HOSPITAL	-21.10	-1.95	.00	2.10	-2.25	.00	.00	-1.65	.00	.00
	057	LIBRARY	-11.10	-1.40	.00	1.70	-2.25	.00	.00	-1.65	.00	.00
	058	FUNERAL HOME	-9.20	-2.25	.00	2.90	-2.20	.00	.00	-1.60	.00	.00
		AUDITORIUM/T	-9.05	-1.70	.00	2.50	-2.55	.00	.00	-1.90	.00	.00
		CINEMA	-9.10	-2.10	.00	2.70	-2.55	.00	.00	-1.90	.00	.00
	063	RELIGIOUS IN	-9.50	-2.20	.00	2.90	-2.55	.00	.00	-1.90	.00	.00
	064	SOCIAL/FRATE	-8.25	-1.60	.00	1.85	-2.55	.00	.00	-1.90	.00	.00
	070	SERVICE STAT	-5.65	-.70	.00	.80	-1.40	.00	.00	-.20	.00	.00
	071	SERVICE STN-	-5.65	-.70	.00	.80	-1.40	.00	.00	-.20	.00	.00
	072	SERVICE STN-	-5.65	-.70	.00	.80	-1.40	.00	.00	-.20	.00	.00
	073	SERVICE STAT	-5.65	-.70	.00	.80	-1.40	.00	.00	-.20	.00	.00
	074	CAR WASH MAN	-.70	-.20	.00	.30	-1.45	.00	.00	-.85	.00	.00
	075	CAR WASH AUT	-.70	-.20	.00	.30	-1.45	.00	.00	-.85	.00	.00
	076	KWIK LUBE	-6.55	-.80	.00	.90	-1.65	.00	.00	-.25	.00	.00
	081	MULTI APTS	-6.75	-.70	.00	.80	-1.35	.00	.00	-1.00	.00	.00
	082	MULTI OFFIC	-9.20	-2.25	.00	2.90	-2.20	.00	.00	-1.60	.00	.00

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Taylor WV IAS BASE COST TABLES
COMMERCIAL / INDUSTRIAL MECHANICAL FEATURE ADJUSTMENTS (CA64) 1998 (100%)

PAGE: 2
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		*****--PARTITIONS--*****				*****--HEATING--*****						
		0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
		NONE	BELOW NORM	NORM	ABOVE NORM	NONE	HOT AIR	STEAM OTHER	UNIT HEATER	ELEC.	HEAT PUMP	SOLAR
BA	083 MULTI SALE	-1.65	-.55	.00	.70	-1.45	.00	.00	-.85	.00	.00	.00
	084 MULTI-STRG	-.70	-.20	.00	.30	-1.45	.00	.00	-.85	.00	.00	.00
	085 ENCLOSURE	-6.35	-1.10	.00	1.35	-1.45	.00	.00	-.85	.00	.00	.00
	086 SUPPORT	-.20	.00	.00	.30	-1.45	.00	.00	-.85	.00	.00	.00
	088 MULTI USE RR	-.70	-.20	.00	.30	-1.45	.00	.00	-.85	.00	.00	.00
	090 PARKING GARA	-.60	-.45	.00	.60	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	091 UNFIN RES BS	-.65	-.20	.00	.35	-1.45	.00	.00	-.85	.00	.00	.00
	095 COVERED MALL	-.70	-.30	.00	.20	-1.65	.00	.00	-.95	.00	.00	.00
	100 FOOD FRANCHI	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	101 APPLEBEE'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	102 BENNIGAN'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	103 BONANZA FAMI	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	104 BILL KNAPP'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	105 BURGER KING	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	106 CASSANO'S PI	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	107 CAPTAIN D'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	108 CHI'S CHI'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	109 CHURCH'S FRI	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	110 CHILI'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	111 DAIRY QUEEN	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	112 DENNY'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	113 CHIC-FIL-A	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	114 CRACKER BARR	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	115 DUNKIN' DONU	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	116 HARDEE'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	117 HOWARD JOHNS	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	118 HOUSE OF PAN	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	119 FAMOUS RECIP	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	120 HOT 'N' NOW	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	121 HUDDLE HOUSE	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	122 GINO'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	123 LONG HORN ST	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	124	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	125 PO' FOLKS	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	126 COOKER BAR &	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	RUBY TUESDAY	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	KENTUCKY FRI	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	RYAN'S STEAK	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	130 SUBWAY SANDW	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	131 PERKINS	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	132 T.G.I. FRIDA	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	133 DONATO'S PIZ	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	134 RUDY'S HOT D	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	135 LONG JOHN SI	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	136 GOLDEN CORRA	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	137 MASTER DONUT	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	138 MC DONALD'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	139 J. ALEXANDER	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00

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Taylor WV IAS BASE COST TABLES
COMMERCIAL / INDUSTRIAL MECHANICAL FEATURE ADJUSTMENTS (CA64) 1998 (100%)

PAGE: 3
CA125

*****--PARTITIONS--*****					*****--HEATING--*****						
	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
NAME	NONE	BELOW NORM	NORM	ABOVE NORM	NONE	HOT AIR	STEAM OTHER	UNIT HEATER	ELEC.	HEAT PUMP	SOLAR
BA 140 LITTLE CAESA	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
141 DOMINO'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
142 MARION'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
143 PIZZA HUT	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
145 OLIVE GARDEN	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
146 PONDEROSA ST	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
147 KRSTALL'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
150 RALLY'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
151 RAX'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
152 RED LOBSTER	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
165 SHAKEY'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
166 FRISCH'S OR	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
167 SIZZLER'S FA	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
168 KENNY RODGER	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
170 STEAK AND AL	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
172 STEAK 'N' SH	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
173 STEAK 'N' EG	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
175 T.C.B.Y.	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
180 TACO BELL	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
185 WAFFLE HOUSE	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
186 BOSTON MARKE	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
187 WENDY'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
190 WESTERN SIZZ	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
191 WHITE CASTLE	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
193 ARTHUR TREAC	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
194 FRIENDLY'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
195 BOB EVANS	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
196 ARBY'S ROAST	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
990 PARKING GARA	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00

SAMPLE

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Taylor WV IAS BASE COST TABLES
COMMERICAL/INDUSTRIAL MECHANICAL FEATURE ADJUSTMENTS (CA64) 1998 (100%)

PAGE: 1
CA125

--AIR CONDITIONING-- *****--PLUMBING--***** *****--LIGHTING--*****																							
0			1			2			0			1			2			3					
BELOW			BELOW			BELOW			BELOW			BELOW			BELOW			BELOW					
NORM			NORM			NORM			NORM			NORM			NORM			NORM					
ABOVE			ABOVE			ABOVE			ABOVE			ABOVE			ABOVE			ABOVE					
NORM			NORM			NORM			NORM			NORM			NORM			NORM					
NONE			NONE			NONE			NONE			NONE			NONE			NONE					
NONE			NONE			NONE			NONE			NONE			NONE			NONE					
CENT.			CENT.			CENT.			CENT.			CENT.			CENT.			CENT.					
UNIT			UNIT			UNIT			UNIT			UNIT			UNIT			UNIT					
USE												E NAME											
BA	001	CRAWL SPACE																					
	011	APARTMENT	-2.10	.00	-.85	-2.40	-.55	.00	.65	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	012	HOTEL	-2.30	.00	-.95	-4.15	-1.05	.00	1.30	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	021	MOTEL	-2.20	.00	-.95	-3.90	-1.00	.00	1.30	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	023	DORMITORY	-2.30	.00	-.95	-4.05	-1.05	.00	1.40	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	025	DWG CONV-OFF	-2.20	.00	-.95	-2.40	-.75	.00	1.05	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	026	DWG CONV-SAL	-2.20	.00	-.95	-2.40	-.75	.00	1.05	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	027	DWG	-2.20	.00	-.95	-2.40	-.75	.00	1.05	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	031	RESTAURANT	-5.65	.00	-1.35	-4.90	-1.65	.00	2.35	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	032	DEPARTMENT S	-2.65	.00	-1.35	-1.05	-.90	.00	.30	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	033	DISCOUNT STO	-2.65	.00	-1.35	-.75	-.35	.00	.20	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	034	RETAIL STORE	-2.65	.00	-1.35	-1.10	-.45	.00	.70	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	035	TAVERN/BAR	-2.65	.00	-1.35	-4.90	-1.65	.00	2.35	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	036	BAR LOUNGE	-2.65	.00	-1.35	-4.90	-1.65	.00	2.35	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	037	CAFETERIA	-2.65	.00	-1.35	-3.15	-1.10	.00	1.60	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	038	CONVENIENCE	-2.65	.00	-1.35	-1.10	-.45	.00	.70	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	039	MALL SHOPS	-3.00	.00	-1.60	-1.25	-.50	.00	.80	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	041	MINI-WAREHOU	.00	2.35	1.10	-.75	-.60	.00	.65	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	042	HANGAR	.00	2.35	1.10	-.75	-.60	.00	.75	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	043	MANUFACTURIN	.00	2.35	1.10	-.85	-.30	.00	.55	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	044	LIGHT MANUPA	.00	2.35	1.10	-.85	-.30	.00	.45	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	045	WAREHOUSE	.00	2.35	1.10	-.75	-.60	.00	.65	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	046	AUTO SHOWROO	-2.35	.00	-1.10	-1.80	-.55	.00	.70	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	047	AUTO PARTS/S	-2.35	.00	-1.10	-1.00	-.45	.00	.65	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	048	TENNIS CLUB	-2.35	.00	-1.10	-1.80	-.55	.00	.70	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	049	RACQUET BALL	-1.95	.00	-1.00	-1.25	-.55	.00	1.25	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	050	SKATE RINK I	-2.55	.00	-1.30	-1.10	-.45	.00	.65	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	051	BANK/SAVINGS	-2.90	.00	-1.30	-3.00	-1.10	.00	1.65	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	052	MEDICAL CENT	-2.90	.00	-1.30	-4.50	-1.70	.00	2.30	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	053	OFFICES	-2.90	.00	-1.30	-1.45	-.20	.00	1.90	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	054	NURSING HOME	-2.90	.00	-1.30	-4.80	-1.35	.00	1.90	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	055	SCHOOL	-2.90	.00	-1.30	-3.10	-1.05	.00	1.45	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	056	HOSPITAL	-2.90	.00	-1.30	-7.55	-1.85	.00	2.45	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	057	LIBRARY	-2.90	.00	-1.30	-2.50	-.95	.00	1.35	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	058	FUNERAL HOME	-2.85	.00	-1.30	-2.10	-.85	.00	1.25	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
		AUDITORIUM/T	-2.85	.00	-1.15	-3.10	-.75	.00	1.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
		CINEMA	-2.85	.00	-1.15	-2.25	-.55	.00	.70	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
		RELIGIOUS IN	-2.85	.00	-1.15	-2.35	-.85	.00	1.25	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	064	SOCIAL/FRATE	-2.85	.00	-1.15	-2.50	-.95	.00	1.35	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	070	SERVICE STAT	.00	2.35	1.10	-4.10	-1.35	.00	.80	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	071	SERVICE STN-	.00	2.35	1.10	-4.10	-1.35	.00	.80	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	072	SERVICE STN-	.00	2.35	1.10	-4.10	-1.35	.00	.80	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	073	SERVICE STAT	.00	2.35	1.10	-11.10	-5.65	.00	2.10	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	074	CAR WASH MAN	.00	2.30	1.05	-.70	-.20	.00	.30	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	075	CAR WASH AUT	.00	2.30	1.05	-.70	-.20	.00	.30	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	076	KWIK LUBE	.00	2.75	1.25	-4.75	-1.60	.00	.90	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	081	MULTI APTS	-2.05	.00	-.85	-2.10	-.60	.00	.70	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
	082	MULTI OFFIC	-2.85	.00	-1.30	-2.10	-.85	.00	1.25	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		

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Taylor WV IAS BASE COST TABLES
COMMERICAL/INDUSTRIAL MECHANICAL FEATURE ADJUSTMENTS (CA64) 1998 (100%)

PAGE: 2
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--AIR CONDITIONING--				*****--PLUMBING--*****				*****--LIGHTING--*****			
0 1 2				0 1 2 3				0 1 2 3			
NAME	NONE	CENT.	UNIT	NONE	BELOW NORM	NORM	ABOVE NORM	NONE	BELOW NORM	NORM	ABOVE NORM
BA 083 MULTI SALE	-2.55	.00	-1.30	-1.10	-.45	.00	.65	.00	.00	.00	.00
084 MULTI-STRG	.00	2.30	1.05	-.70	-.20	.00	.30	.00	.00	.00	.00
085 ENCLOSURE	-2.30	.00	-.85	-2.40	-.75	.00	1.05	.00	.00	.00	.00
086 SUPPORT	.00	2.30	1.05	-.70	-.20	.00	.30	.00	.00	.00	.00
088 MULTI USE RR	.00	2.30	1.05	-.70	-.20	.00	.30	.00	.00	.00	.00
090 PARKING GARA	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
091 UNFIN RES BS	.00	2.30	1.05	-.65	-.20	.00	.35	.00	.00	.00	.00
095 COVERED MALL	-2.65	.00	-1.35	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
100 FOOD FRANCHI	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
101 APPLEBEE'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
102 BENNIGAN'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
103 BONANZA FAMI	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
104 BILL KNAPP'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
105 BURGER KING	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
106 CASSANO'S PI	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
107 CAPTAIN D'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
108 CHI'S CHI'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
109 CHURCH'S FRI	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
110 CHILI'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
111 DAIRY QUEEN	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
112 DENNY'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
113 CHIC-FIL-A	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
114 CRACKER BARR	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
115 DUNKIN' DONU	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
116 HARDEE'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
117 HOWARD JOHNS	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
118 HOUSE OF PAN	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
119 FAMOUS RECIP	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
120 HOT 'N' NOW	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
121 HUDDLE HOUSE	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
122 GINO'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
123 LONG HORN ST	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
124	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
125 PO' FOLKS	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
126 COOKER BAR &	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
RUBY TUESDAY	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
KENTUCKY FRI	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
RYAN'S STEAK	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
130 SUBWAY SANDW	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
131 PERKINS	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
132 T.G.I. FRIDA	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
133 DONATO'S PIZ	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
134 RUDY'S HOT D	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
135 LONG JOHN SI	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
136 GOLDEN CORRA	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
137 MASTER DONUT	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
138 MC DONALD'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
139 J. ALEXANDER	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00

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Taylor WV IAS BASE COST TABLES

COMMERICAL/INDUSTRIAL MECHANICAL FEATURE ADJUSTMENTS (CA64) 1998 (100%)

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--AIR CONDITIONING-- *****--PLUMBING--***** *****--LIGHTING--*****

0			1			2			3		
NONE	CENT.	UNIT	NONE	BELOW NORM	NORM	ABOVE NORM	NONE	BELOW NORM	NORM	ABOVE NORM	

BA	140	LITTLE CAESA	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	141	DOMINO'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	142	MARION'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	143	PIZZA HUT	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	145	OLIVE GARDEN	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	146	PONDEROSA ST	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	147	KRSTALL'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	150	RALLY'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	151	RAX'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	152	RED LOBSTER	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	165	SHAKY'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	166	FRISCH'S OR	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	167	SIZZLER'S FA	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	168	KENNY RODGER	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	170	STEAK AND AL	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	172	STEAK 'N' SH	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	173	STEAK 'N' EG	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	175	T.C.B.Y.	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	180	TACO BELL	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	185	WAFFLE HOUSE	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	186	BOSTON MARKE	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	187	WENDY'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	190	WESTERN SIZZ	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	191	WHITE CASTLE	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	193	ARTHUR TREAC	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	194	FRIENDLY'S	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	195	BOB EVANS	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	196	ARBY'S ROAST	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
	990	PARKING GARA	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00

COMMERCIAL OTHER FEATURES (CA65)

The commercial Other Features Cost Table allows you to enter the allowable codes and associated cost rates for commercial attached improvements entered on CA32 – Building Other Features/Attached Improvements.

An entry consists of:

Cost Version is the set of cost tables selected to value parcels in specific years as indicated on screen AA44.

Struct Code is the 3-character structure code listed on CA32 – Building Other Features/Attached Improvements.

Description is the description of the structure code.

Name is a short description for display on selected output documents.

Unit of Measure is the basis for the application of the associated rate.

- 1 Unit (quantity)
- 2 Square Feet
- 3 Linear Feet
- 4 Circle Area (footprint)
- 5 Cylindrical Volume (cubic feet) or (width or height)
- 6 Number of Stops (elevators)
- 7 Feet of Rise (escalators)

Rate Per Unit is the cost applied to the measurements entered on CA32 – Building Other Features/Attached Improvements.

Area % represents the percent of the structure's area that will be included in the "Total Under Roof" square foot calculation.

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Taylor WV IAS BASE COST TABLES
COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL OTHER FEATURE AND ATTACHED IMPROVEMENTS COST FACTORS (CA65) 1998 (100%)

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VER	CODE	DESCRIPTION	NAME	UNITS OF MEASUREMENT	SQUARE FOOT RATE
	AE1	AERIAL WALK	AERIAL WALK	SQ.FT.	154.50
	AT3	ATRIUM-COVER ONLY	ATRIUM-COVER	SQ.FT.	24.75
	AT4	ATRIUM WALLS	ATRIUM WALLS	SQ.FT.	9.00
	BA1	BALCONY	BALCONY	SQ.FT.	7.00
	BA2	CHURCH BALCONY	CHURCH BALCO	SQ.FT.	30.00
	BC1	BANK CANOPY-DRIVE IN	BANK CANOPY-	SQ.FT.	22.25
	BE0	BANK PNEUMATIC TUBE	BANK PNEUMAT	LINEAL FOOT	510.00
	BE1	BANK VAULT - NO DOOR	BANK VAULT -	SQ.FT.	79.70
	BE2	BANK VAULT REC ST/ND	BANK VAULT R	SQ.FT.	24.10
	BE3	BANK VAULT DR CIRC \$	BANK VAULT D	EACH	
	BE4	BANK VAULT DR RECT \$	BANK VAULT D	EACH	
	BE5	BANK VAULT DR REC ST	BANK VAULT D	EACH	
	BE6	BANK NT DEP CHUTE	BANK NT DEP	EACH	
	BE7	BANK DR IN WINDOW	BANK DR IN W	EACH	
	BE8	BANK SERV WINDOW	BANK SERV WI	EACH	
	BE9	BANK DR IN TELLER BOOTH	BANK DR IN T	SQ.FT.	57.20
	BT0	ATM STRUCTURE	ATM STRUCTUR	EACH	
	BT1	BASEMENT TOP	BASEMENT TOP	SQ.FT.	5.70
	CA1	CENTRAL AIR CONDITIONING	CENTRAL AIR	SQ.FT.	2.55
	CA2	UNIT AIR CONDITIONER	UNIT AIR CON	SQ.FT.	1.30
	CF1	COOLER-CHILLER	COOLER-CHILL	SQ.FT.	6.40
	CF2	COOLER-FREEZER	COOLER-FREEZ	SQ.FT.	8.05
	CF3	COOLER-SHARP FREEZE	COOLER-SHARP	SQ.FT.	10.95
	CLG	COOLING ONLY	COOLING ONLY	SQ.FT.	2.65
	CLI	COOLER INSULATION	COOLER INSUL	SQ.FT.	3.40
	CLR	COOLER DOORS	COOLER DOORS	SQ.FT.	52.50
	CM1	COVERED MALL	COVERED MALL	SQ.FT.	18.55
	CP5	CANOPY ONLY	CANOPY ONLY	SQ.FT.	4.80
	CP6	CANOPY ROOF/SLAB	CANOPY ROOF/	SQ.FT.	5.95
	CP7	CANOPY RF-ECONOMY	CANOPY RF-EC	SQ.FT.	4.80
	CP8	CANOPY RF-AVERAGE	CANOPY RF-AV	SQ.FT.	8.05
	CP9	CANOPY RF-GOOD	CANOPY RF-GO	SQ.FT.	11.30
	CR1	COMPUTER FLOOR	COMPUTER FLO	SQ.FT.	10.05
	CR2	COMPUTER ROOM AIR CTL	COMPUTER ROO	SQ.FT.	6.65
	CR3	COMPUTER FIRE SUPP	COMPUTER FIR	SQ.FT.	8.55
	CW1	CRANEWAYS LIGHT	CRANEWAYS LI	LINEAL FOOT	27.20
	CW2	CRANEWAYS MEDIUM	CRANEWAYS ME	LINEAL FOOT	50.00
	CW3	CRANEWAYS HEAVY	CRANEWAYS HE	LINEAL FOOT	100.00
	DL1	DOCK LEVEL FLOOR	DOCK LEVEL F	SQ.FT.	.85
	EE1	ENCLOSED ENTRY	ENCLOSED ENT	SQ.FT.	16.70
	EL1	ELEVATOR ELECTRIC FREIGHT	ELEVATOR ELE	TABLE	1.00
	EL2	ELEVATOR ELECTRIC PASNGR	ELEVATOR ELE	TABLE	1.00
	EL3	ELEVATOR HYDRAULIC FREIGHT	ELEVATOR HYD	TABLE	1.00
	EL4	ELEVATOR HYDRAULIC PASNGR	ELEVATOR HYD	TABLE	1.00
	EL5	ESCALATOR WIDTH=32	ESCALATOR WI	LINEAL FOOT	
	EL6	ESCALATOR WIDTH=48	ESCALATOR WI	LINEAL FOOT	
	FI1	FIREPLACE 1 OPENING	FIREPLACE 1	EACH	
	FI2	FIREPLACE 2 OPENINGS	FIREPLACE 2	EACH	
	FI3	FIREPLACE 3 OPENINGS	FIREPLACE 3	EACH	
	FRI	FREEZER INSULATION	FREEZER INSU	SQ.FT.	4.00

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Taylor WV IAS BASE COST TABLES
COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL OTHER FEATURE AND ATTACHED IMPROVEMENTS COST FACTORS (CA65) 1998 (100%)

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VER	CODE	DESCRIPTION	NAME	UNITS OF MEASUREMENT	SQUARE FOOT RATE
	FRZ	FREEZER DOOR	FREEZER DOOR	SQ.FT.	65.50
	GH4	GREENHSE-ECONOMY	GREENHSE-ECO	SQ.FT.	6.10
	GH5	GREENHSE-AVERAGE	GREENHSE-AVE	SQ.FT.	7.80
	GH6	GREENHSE-GOOD	GREENHSE-GOO	SQ.FT.	9.15
	GZ1	GAZEBO	GAZEBO	SQ.FT.	12.00
	KI1	MOTEL KITCHEN AVG	MOTEL KITCHE	EACH	
	KI2	MOTEL KITCHEN EX	MOTEL KITCHE	EACH	
	KI3	MOTEL KITCHEN GD	MOTEL KITCHE	EACH	
	KI4	MOTEL KITCHEN LC	MOTEL KITCHE	EACH	
	LD1	LOAD DOCK, ST OR CONC	LOAD DOCK, ST	SQ.FT.	7.40
	LD2	LOADING DOCK, WOOD	LOADING DOCK	SQ.FT.	5.05
	LD3	LOADING DOCK, INTR	LOADING DOCK	SQ.FT.	16.05
	LD4	TRUCK & TRAIN WELLS	TRUCK & TRAI	SQ.FT.	8.80
	LD5	DOCK LEVELERS	DOCK LEVELER	EACH	
	LP3	PATIO, CONCRETE	PATIO, CONCR	SQ.FT.	1.15
	LP4	PATIO, ASPHALT	PATIO, ASPHA	SQ.FT.	.60
	LP5	PATIO, FLGST-SND-BSE	PATIO, FLGST	SQ.FT.	3.05
	LP6	PATIO, FLGST-CON-BSE	PATIO, FLGST	SQ.FT.	4.30
	LP7	PATIO, BRICK	PATIO, BRICK	SQ.FT.	2.85
	MR1	MONITOR ROOF	MONITOR ROOF	SQ.FT.	2.35
	MR2	HIGH BAY ROOF	HIGH BAY ROO	SQ.FT.	2.35
	MS1	MISCELLANEOUS	MISCELLANEOU	SQ.FT.	1.00
	OA1	OPEN AREA APT. HOTEL	OPEN AREA APT	SQ.FT.	4.55
	OA2	OPEN AREA MOTEL DWLG	OPEN AREA MO	SQ.FT.	4.20
	OA3	OPEN AREA STORE RSTR	OPEN AREA ST	SQ.FT.	4.95
	OA4	OPEN AREA INDSTR/WHS	OPEN AREA IN	SQ.FT.	4.95
	OA5	OPEN AREA BANKS OFFICE	OPEN AREA BA	SQ.FT.	6.00
	OA6	OPEN AREA THEAT AUDT	OPEN AREA TH	SQ.FT.	6.50
	OA7	OPEN AR.LT MTL/AG BD	OPEN AR.LT M	SQ.FT.	3.55
	OA8	OPEN AREA HI RISE OFFICE	OPEN AREA HI	SQ.FT.	6.15
	OD1	OVERHEAD DR-WOOD/MTL	OVERHEAD DR-	SQ.FT.	8.55
	OD2	OVERHEAD DR-ROLL STL	OVERHEAD DR-	SQ.FT.	13.55
	OD3	OVRHD DR-MTR-OP-WD-MT	OVRHD DR-MTR	SQ.FT.	11.45
	OD4	OVRHD DR-MTR-OP-RL-ST	OVRHD DR-MTR	SQ.FT.	16.45
	PIT	MINI-LUBE PIT	MINI-LUBE PI	EACH	
	PR1	PORCH, OPEN	PORCH, OPEN	SQ.FT.	9.30
	PR2	PORCH, ENCLOSED	PORCH, ENCLO	SQ.FT.	16.05
	PR3	PORCH, OPEN UPPER	PORCH, OPEN	SQ.FT.	5.45
	PR4	PORCH, ENCLOSED UPPER	PORCH, ENCLO	SQ.FT.	9.30
	PR5	PORCH COVERED	PORCH COVERE	SQ.FT.	9.45
	PR6	PORCH, SCREENED	PORCH, SCREE	SQ.FT.	10.40
	PR7	PORCH COV-UPPER	PORCH COV-UP	SQ.FT.	5.65
	PR8	PORCH SCREEN-UPPER	PORCH SCREEN	SQ.FT.	6.25
	RA1	GARAGE-ATTACHED-FRM	GARAGE-ATTAC	SQ.FT.	10.50
	RA2	GARAGE-ATTACHED-MAS	GARAGE-ATTAC	SQ.FT.	13.45
	RC1	CARPORT	CARPORT	SQ.FT.	5.95
	RR1	RAILROAD TRACKAGE	RAILROAD TRA	LINEAL FOOT	60.10
	RS1	UTILITY BLDG-FRAME	UTILITY BLDG	SQ.FT.	5.45
	RS2	UTILITY BLDG-METAL	UTILITY BLDG	SQ.FT.	7.25
	RS3	UTILITY BLDG-BRK/STN	UTILITY BLDG	SQ.FT.	8.45

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Taylor WV IAS BASE COST TABLES
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VER	CODE	DESCRIPTION	NAME	UNITS OF MEASUREMENT	SQUARE FOOT RATE
	SC2	INDOOR POOL	INDOOR POOL	SQ.FT.	30.90
	SF1	STORE FRONT/WOOD FRAME	STORE FRONT/	LINEAL FOOT	61.80
	SF2	STORE FRONT/AV MET F	STORE FRONT/	LINEAL FOOT	123.60
	SF3	STORE FRONT/ELABORATE	STORE FRONT/	LINEAL FOOT	185.40
	SK1	INDOOR SKATING RINK	INDOOR SKATI	SQ.FT.	10.85
	SS1	SPRINKLER SYS WET	SPRINKLER SY	SQ.FT.	1.10
	SS2	SPRINKLER SYS DRY	SPRINKLER SY	SQ.FT.	1.25
	TS1	TRUCK SCALE	TRUCK SCALE	SQ.FT.	.00
	TS2	TRUCK SCALE-ELEC.RDR.	TRUCK SCALE-	EACH	.00
	TU1	TUNNEL	TUNNEL	SQ.FT.	259.50
	TU2	TUNNEL UTILITY	TUNNEL UTILI	SQ.FT.	92.65
	UG1	GAS REGULATOR BLDG	GAS REGULATO	SQ.FT.	45.00
	WD1	WOOD DECK	WOOD DECK	SQ.FT.	7.00

SAMPLE

COMMERCIAL ELEVATOR COST TABLE (CA66)

The Commercial Elevator Cost Table allows you to define rates for cost valuation for each elevator/escalator code based on the speed, weight capacity, and number of stops entered on CA32 – Building Other Features/Attached Improvement.

An entry consists of:

Cost Version is the set of cost tables selected to value parcels for a specific tax year as indicated on screen AA44.

Code for the allowable elevator/escalator entries.

Speed of the elevator based on a range of feet per minute. The range must contain both the minimum "Min" and maximum "Max" speed range for each elevator/escalator code entry.

Capacity is the maximum weight for the elevator code being priced. The capacity entered on CA32 – Building Other Features/Attached Improvement must exactly match the capacity of an elevator cost table record for a cost value to be calculated. For example, two elevators with the same speed rate but different capacities would require different elevator cost table records. Escalators have no entry for capacity.

Rate represents the cost per elevator for the Code, Speed, and Capacity combination.

Per Stop/Per Ft represents the rate per stop for elevators and the rate per foot of rise for escalators.

Name is a short description for display on selected output documents.

Description is a more descriptive representation of the Code.

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Taylor WV IAS BASE COST TABLES
COMMERCIAL / INDUSTRIAL ESCALATORS (CA66) 1998 (100%)

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CA125

VER	STRUCTURE CODE	DESCRIPTION	BASE RATE	ADD. PER FT. TOTAL VERTICAL RISE
	EL5	ESCALATOR - 32 IN WIDE	73000	1350
	EL6	ESCALATOR - 48 IN WIDE	77000	1700

SAMPLE

COMMERCIAL CDU DEFINITIONS (CA67)

The commercial CDU definitions allow you to create or maintain a matrix based on the physical condition and/or functional utility of a given commercial or OBY item. The resultant CDU will be used to determine the percent good from the depreciation tables on CA44.

Cost Version is the set of cost tables selected to value parcels for a specific tax year as indicated on screen AA44.

CDU Table is the table that links the CDU definition records with the same number for application of depreciation. LP51-CALP NBHD Data Screen sets the CDU Table for commercial structures in that neighborhood and CA45-OBY Cost Table sets the CDU Table for the OBY item.

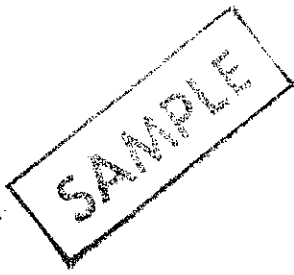
Physical Condition represents the allowable 1-character code representing physical condition.

Functional Utility represents the allowable 1-character code representing functional utility.

CDU represents the resultant condition, desirability, and utility based on the physical/functional combination. It is used to determine the column from which the percent good is pulled from CA44-Depreciation Factors.

COUNTY: 46

FUNCTIONAL/ ECONOMIC UTIL.	CDU	CDU TABLE	PHYSICAL
A-AVERAGE	AV	C1	A-AVERAGE
F-FAIR	FR	C1	A-AVERAGE
G-GOOD	GD	C1	A-AVERAGE
P-POOR	VP	C1	A-AVERAGE
U-UN SOUND	V-	C1	A-AVERAGE
A-AVERAGE	GD	C1	E-EXCELLENT
E-EXCELLENT	EX	C1	E-EXCELLENT
F-FAIR	AV	C1	E-EXCELLENT
G-GOOD	VG	C1	E-EXCELLENT
P-POOR	PR	C1	E-EXCELLENT
U-UN SOUND	VP	C1	E-EXCELLENT
3-AVERAGE	FR	C1	2-FAIR
A-AVERAGE	FR	C1	F-FAIR
E-EXCELLENT	GD	C1	F-FAIR
2-FAIR	PR	C1	2-FAIR
F-FAIR	FR	C1	F-FAIR
4-GOOD	AV	C1	2-FAIR
G-GOOD	AV	C1	F-FAIR
1-POOR	VP	C1	2-FAIR
P-POOR	P-	C1	F-FAIR
0-UN SOUND	UN	C1	2-FAIR
U-UN SOUND	V-	C1	F-FAIR
-	FR	C1	2-FAIR
3-AVERAGE	VG	C1	4-GOOD
A-AVERAGE	AV	C1	G-GOOD
E-EXCELLENT	VG	C1	G-GOOD
2-FAIR	AV	C1	4-GOOD
F-FAIR	FR	C1	G-GOOD
4-GOOD	EX	C1	4-GOOD
G-GOOD	GD	C1	G-GOOD
1-POOR	PR	C1	4-GOOD
P-POOR	PR	C1	G-GOOD
0-UN SOUND	P-	C1	4-GOOD
U-UN SOUND	VP	C1	G-GOOD
-	VG	C1	4-GOOD
3-AVERAGE	GD	C1	3-NORMAL
2-FAIR	FR	C1	3-NORMAL
4-GOOD	VG	C1	3-NORMAL
1-POOR	PR	C1	3-NORMAL
0-UN SOUND	VP	C1	3-NORMAL
-	GD	C1	3-NORMAL
3-AVERAGE	P-	C1	1-POOR
A-AVERAGE	PR	C1	P-POOR
E-EXCELLENT	FR	C1	P-POOR
2-FAIR	VP	C1	1-POOR
F-FAIR	P-	C1	P-POOR
4-GOOD	PR	C1	1-POOR



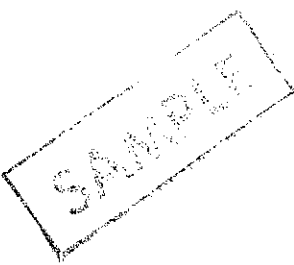
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IAS BASE COST TABLES
COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL CDU (CA67) 1998

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COUNTY: 46

V.	CDU TABLE	PHYSICAL	FUNCTIONAL/ ECONOMIC UTIL.	CDU
BA	C1	P-POOR	G-GOOD	PR
	C1	1-POOR	1-POOR	V-
	C1	P-POOR	P-POOR	VP
	C1	1-POOR	0-UN SOUND	UN
	C1	P-POOR	U-UN SOUND	UN
	C1	1-POOR	-	P-
	C1	5-RENOVATED	3-AVERAGE	VG
	C1	5-RENOVATED	2-FAIR	GD
	C1	5-RENOVATED	4-GOOD	EX
	C1	5-RENOVATED	1-POOR	FR
	C1	5-RENOVATED	0-UN SOUND	PR
	C1	5-RENOVATED	-	VG
	C1	U-UN SOUND	A-AVERAGE	PR
	C1	U-UN SOUND	E-EXCELLENT	FR
	C1	U-UN SOUND	F-FAIR	P-
	C1	U-UN SOUND	G-GOOD	PR
	C1	U-UN SOUND	P-POOR	V-
	C1	U-UN SOUND	U-UN SOUND	UN
	R1	A-AVERAGE	A-AVERAGE	AV
	R1	A-AVERAGE	E-EXCELLENT	VG
	R1	A-AVERAGE	F-FAIR	FR
	R1	A-AVERAGE	G-GOOD	GD
	R1	A-AVERAGE	P-POOR	PR
	R1	A-AVERAGE	U-UN SOUND	P-
	R1	E-EXCELLENT	A-AVERAGE	GD
	R1	E-EXCELLENT	E-EXCELLENT	EX
	R1	E-EXCELLENT	F-FAIR	AV
	R1	E-EXCELLENT	G-GOOD	VG
	R1	E-EXCELLENT	P-POOR	PR
	R1	E-EXCELLENT	U-UN SOUND	VP
	R1	2-FAIR	3-AVERAGE	PR
	R1	F-FAIR	A-AVERAGE	AV
	R1	2-FAIR	5-EXCELLENT	FR
	R1	F-FAIR	E-EXCELLENT	GD
	R1	2-FAIR	2-FAIR	P-
	R1	F-FAIR	F-FAIR	FR
	R1	2-FAIR	4-GOOD	FR
	R1	F-FAIR	G-GOOD	AV
	R1	2-FAIR	1-POOR	V-
	R1	F-FAIR	P-POOR	VP
	R1	F-FAIR	U-UN SOUND	V-
	R1	4-GOOD	3-AVERAGE	FR
	R1	G-GOOD	A-AVERAGE	AV
	R1	4-GOOD	5-EXCELLENT	EX
	R1	G-GOOD	E-EXCELLENT	VG
	R1	4-GOOD	2-FAIR	PR
	R1	G-GOOD	F-FAIR	FR



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IAS BASE COST TABLES
COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL CDU (CA67) 1998

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COUNTY: 46

CDU TABLE		PHYSICAL	FUNCTIONAL/ ECONOMIC UTIL.	CDU
-----		-----	-----	-----
BA	R1	4-GOOD	4-GOOD	VG
	R1	G-GOOD	G-GOOD	GD
	R1	4-GOOD	1-POOR	VP
	R1	G-GOOD	P-POOR	FR
	R1	G-GOOD	U-UN SOUND	VP
	R1	3-NORMAL	3-AVERAGE	FR
	R1	3-NORMAL	5-EXCELLENT	VG
	R1	3-NORMAL	2-FAIR	FR
	R1	3-NORMAL	4-GOOD	GD
	R1	3-NORMAL	1-POOR	VP
	R1	1-POOR	3-AVERAGE	P-
	R1	P-POOR	A-AVERAGE	FR
	R1	1-POOR	5-EXCELLENT	PR
	R1	P-POOR	E-EXCELLENT	AV
	R1	1-POOR	2-FAIR	P-
	R1	P-POOR	F-FAIR	FR
	R1	1-POOR	4-GOOD	FR
	R1	P-POOR	G-GOOD	FR
	R1	1-POOR	1-POOR	UN
	R1	P-POOR	P-POOR	VP
	R1	P-POOR	U-UN SOUND	V-
	R1	5-RENOVATED	3-AVERAGE	AV
	R1	5-RENOVATED	5-EXCELLENT	EX
	R1	5-RENOVATED	2-FAIR	PR
	R1	5-RENOVATED	4-GOOD	GD
	R1	5-RENOVATED	1-POOR	VP
	R1	U-UN SOUND	A-AVERAGE	P-
	R1	U-UN SOUND	E-EXCELLENT	P-
	R1	U-UN SOUND	F-FAIR	VP
	R1	U-UN SOUND	G-GOOD	P-
	R1	U-UN SOUND	P-POOR	V-
	R1	U-UN SOUND	U-UN SOUND	UN

SAMPLE

APPENDIX

APPENDIX

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TYPICAL ABBREVIATIONS

SKETCH

1 ^s Fr	- One Story Frame
1 ^s Br	- One Story Brick
1 ^s Stn	- One Story Stone
1 ^s CB	- One Story Concrete Block
1 ^s Stucco	- One Story Stucco
1½ ^s Fr	- One and One Half Story Frame
2 ^s Fr	- Two Story Frame
2½ ^s Br	- Two and One Half Story Brick
OFP	- Open Frame Porch
OMP	- Open Masonry Porch
EFP	- Enclosed Frame Porch
EMP	- Enclosed Masonry Porch
EBP	- Enclosed Brick Porch
<u>OFP</u> B	- Open Frame Porch with a Basement
<u>EFP</u> <u>1^s Br</u> B	- Enclosed Front Porch over a One Story Brick with a Basement
<u>A</u> <u>1^s Fr</u> B	- Attic over a One Story Frame with a Basement
MP	- Masonry Patio
MS	- Masonry Stoop
Fr CP	- Frame Carport
Br CP	- Brick Carport
BG	- Brick Garage
FG	- Frame Garage
Stn G	- Stone Garage
<u>1^s Fr</u> BG	- One Story Frame over a Brick Garage
Wd Dk	- Wood (sun) Deck
1 ^s Fr OH	- One Story Frame Overhang

LAND AND LEGAL DESCRIPTIONS

Ac	- Acre	Utl	- Utility
Acg	- Acreage	Vill	- Village
Act Frt	- Actual Frontage	Wd. Lnd	- Woodland
175' Av	- 175 Foot Average	Wtr	- Water
Bk	- Book	XF	- Excessive Frontage
Cl	- Corner Influence	XD	- Excessive Depth
Calc Acg	- Calculated Acreage	Zng	- Zoning
Dist	- District		
Eff Frt	- Effective Frontage		
Eff D	- Effective Depth		
EMF	- Economical Misimprovement Factor		
Esmt	- Easement		
F 33'	- Figured Frontage of 33 feet		
FR 56'	- Figured Rear Frontage of 56 ft.		
Frt	- Frontage		
HS	- Home Site		
IF	- Influence Factor		
Imp	- Improvement		
Irr	- Irregular		
LI	- Land Improvement		
L & B	- Land and Buildings		
Mp	- Map		
Par	- Parcel		
Pg	- Page		
Prop	- Property		
R 75'	- Rear Frontage of 75 feet		
Rd	- Road		
R.O.W.	- Right-of-way		
Rtg No	- Routing Number		
St	- Street		
Swr	- Sewer		
Till	- Tillable		
Topo	- Topography		
Tw	- Town		
Twp	- Township		
UD	- Undeveloped		
UI	- Unimproved		

MEASUREMENTS AND SYMBOLS

Ac	- Acre	π	- Pi (3.1416)
Acg	- Acreage	∞	- Infinity
Bd Ft	- Board Feet	@	- "at" – e.g., 10 lbs. @ 1.00 lb.
BPD	- Barrels per Day		
Brl	- Barrel		
BTU	- British Thermal Unit		
BU	- Bushel		
Cap	- Capacity		
C/F or cu/ft	- Cubic Feet		
Dbl	- Double		
Dia	- Diameter		
Ea	- Each		
Ft	- Feet		
Ga	- Gauge		
Gal	- Gallon		
GPD	- Gallons Per Day		
Ht	- Height		
Lb	- Pound		
L/F or Lin Ft.	- Lineal Feet		
No	- Number		
o.c.	- On Center		
S/F or sq. ft.	- Square Feet		
31 ⁶	- 31 feet, 6 inches		
Yd	- Yard		
<u>s</u>	- Story		
# (xx)	- Number		
(xx) #	- Pounds		
°	- Degree		
'	- Feet (or minutes)		
"	- Inches (or seconds)		
+	- Plus		
–	- Minus		
±	- Plus or Minus		
x	- Times or By		
=	- Equals		
>	- Is Greater Than		
<	- Is Less Than		

ARCHITECTURAL

Apt	- Apartment	Galv	- Galvanized
Art	- Artificial	GI	- Galvanized Iron
Asb	- Asbestos	Gar	- Garage
Bldg	- Building	Gls	- Glass
Bsmt	- Basement	H Col	- H Column
BT Pav	- Blacktop paving	Hd Wd	- Hardwood
CB	- Concrete Block	Htr	- Heater
Clg	- Ceiling	Htg	- Heating
Cmt	- Cement	HT	- Hollow Tile
Col	- Column	Horiz	- Horizontal
Com	- Common	HP	- Horse Power
Comp	- Composition	Hse	- House
Conc	- Concrete	1 Bm	- 1 Beam
Const	- Construction	Incl	- Including
Dbl	- Double	I.D.	- Inside Diameter or Identification
DH	- Double Hung	Int	- Interior
Dk	- Deck	Int Fin	- Interior Finish
Dkg	- Decking	I-Com	- Intercom
Drs	- Doors	Jst	- Joist
DP	- Double Pitch	Lam	- Laminated
D & M	- Dressed and Matched	Ldg	- Landing
Dwg	- Dwelling	L & P	- Lath and Plaster
Elec	- Electric	Lav	- Lavatory
Elev	- Elevators	L & O	- Lead and Oil
Equip	- Equipment	Lt	- Light
Excav	- Excavation	Ltg	- Lighting
Excl	- Excluding	Lts	- Lights
Ext	- Exterior	Linol	- Linoleum
Fibr Gl	- Fiberglass	Mach	- Machine
Fin	- Finish	Mas	- Masonry
Fixt	- Fixtures	Mech	- Mechanical
Flr	- Floor	MF	- Mechanical Features
Flrg	- Flooring	Met	- Metal
Ftg	- Footing	Mezz	- Mezzanine
Fdtn	- Foundation	Misc	- Miscellaneous
Fr	- Frame	Mono	- Monolithic
Frt	- Freight	Obsol	- Obsolete

Ofc	- Office	SS	- Slop Sinks
o.c.	- On Center	Sprink	- Sprinkler
1 E	- One End	Sq	- Square
1 S	- One Side	Strs	- Stairs
OF	- Other Features	Std	- Standard
OD	- Outside Diameter	Stdg	- Standing
OH	- Overhead or Overhang	Stm	- Steam
Pnt	- Paint	Stl	- Steel
Par	- Parapet	Stl Pl	- Steel Plate
Pt	- Part	Stge	- Storage
Ptn	- Partition	Sup	- Supports
PW	- Party Wall	Sys	- System
Pass	- Passenger	T & G	- Tar & Gravel or Tongue & Groove
Pav	- Paving	Terr	- Terrance
Pil	- Pilaster	Tbr	- Timber
Plk	- Plank	Toil	- Toilet
Plstr	- Plaster	TR	- Toilet Room
Plstrd	- Plastered	Unfin	- Unfinished
Plbg	- Plumbing	Urin	- Urinal
Pch	- Porch	Ven	- Veneer
Purl	- Purlin	Vent	- Ventilator
Rec Room	- Recreation Room	Vit	- Vitrified
Rftr	- Rafter	VT	- Vitrified Tile
RR	- Railroad	Wsct	- Wainscot
Refrig	- Refrigerator	Whse	- Warehouse
Rein	- Reinforced	W C	- Water Closet
Rein Conc	- Reinforced Concrete	WP	- White Pine
Ret Wl	- Retaining Wall	WF	- Wide Flange
Rf	- Roof	Wind	- Window
Rfg	- Roofing	Wir	- Wiring
Rm	- Room	Wd	- Wood
Shtg	- Sheathing	Wb Fp	- Woodburning Fireplace
Sdg	- Siding	Yd	- Yard
SP	- Single Pitch	YP	- Yellow Pine

GENERAL

Agr	- Agriculture
Assmt	- Assessment
Av	- Average
CDU	- Condition, Desirability, Usefulness
C & D	- Cost and Design
Comm	- Commercial
Depr	- Depreciation
EDP	- Electronic Data Processing
Est	- Estimate(d)
Ex	- Exempt or Excellent
Excl	- Excellent
Gr	- Grade
I & E	- Income and Expense
Incl	- Including
Ind	- Industrial
LDS	- Live Data System
N/A	- Not Applicable
N/C	- New Construction
NF	- Nothing Furnished
NV	- No Value
Obsol	- Obsolete or Obsolescence
PIF	- Priced In Field
PP	- Personal Property
PRC	- Property Record Chart
PU	- Public Utility
RC	- Replacement Cost
RCLD	- Replacemnt Cost less Deprec.
Res	- Residential
RV	- Replacement Value
Sched	- Schedule
SV	- Sound Value or Site Value
T or Tot	- Total
UF	- Utilities Furnished or Unfurnished
Utl Val	- Utility Value
Val	- Value

ARCHITECTURAL TERMS

apartment hotel	A building designed for non-transient residential use, divided into dwelling units similar to an apartment house, but having such hotel accommodations as room furnishings, lounges, public dining room, maid service, etc.
apartment house	A multi-family residence containing three or more non-transient residential living units and generally providing them with a number of common facilities and services.
attic	An unfinished or semi-finished portion of a building lying between the highest finished story and the roof and wholly within the roof framing.
basement	A building story which is wholly or partly below the grade level.
bay	(1) A horizontal area division of a building usually defined as the space between columns or division walls, (2) an internal recess formed by causing a wall to project beyond its general line.
bay window	A window, or group of continuous windows, projecting from the main wall of a building.
beam	A long structural load-bearing member which is placed horizontally or nearly so and which is supported at both ends or, infrequently, at intervals along its length.
beam, spandrel	A wall beam supporting the wall above as well as the floor.
building	Any structure partially or wholly above ground which is designed to afford shelter to persons, animals, or goods. See also <i>construction</i> .
building, fireproof	A building in which all parts carrying loads or resisting stresses and all exterior and interior walls, floors, and staircases are made of incombustible materials, and in which all metallic structural members are encased in materials which remain rigid at the highest probable temperature in case its contents are burned, or which provide ample insulation from such a temperature.
building, loft	A building have three or more stories with few or no interior bearing walls and designed for storage, wholesaling, or light industrial purposes.
building, single purpose	A building designed for a specific purpose which cannot be used for another purpose without substantial alterations, e.g., a theater or church.
bungalow	A one-story dwelling unit which is somewhat more pretentious than a cottage.
column	A structurally isolated vertical member which is at least 8 to 10 times as long as its least lateral dimension and which is designed to carry loads. Compare <i>pier</i> .
conduit	A tube, pipe, or small artificial tunnel used to enclose wires or pipes or to convey water or other fluids.
construction, brick	A type of construction in which the exterior walls are bearing walls (q.v.) made of solid brick or brick and tile masonry.

construction, brick veneer	A type of construction in which the exterior walls are one-layer brick curtain walls backed by a wood frame.
construction, fireproof	See <i>fireproof building</i> .
construction, mill	A type of construction in which the exterior walls are substantial masonry bearing walls, in which the structural members are of heavy timber, and which is further characterized by an open design and by other safeguards against fire hazards. Sometimes called "slow-burning construction".
construction, reinforced concrete	A type of construction in which the principal structural members, such as the floors, columns, beams, etc. are made of concrete poured around isolated steel bards or steel meshwork in such manner that the two materials act together in resisting forces.
construction, steel frame	A type of construction in which there is a framework of steel structural members for the support of all loads and the resistance of all stresses.
construction, wood frame	A type of construction in which there is a framework of wooden structural members for the support of all loads and the resistance of all stresses. Loosely called "frame construction".
coping	A special capping at the top of a wall, serving principally as a watershed.
cornice	A projecting element at the top of a wall, serving principally as a decoration or as part of the coping (q.v.).
cottage	A one story to two story dwelling unit of small size and humble character.
course	A uniform horizontal layer of brick, stone, terra cotta, shingles, or some other structural material extending continuously around a building or along a wall.
court	An open space bordered on two or more sides by the walls of a single building, or of two or more buildings, and by a lot line or a yard on any side not no bordered.
dormer	(1) A relatively small structure projecting from a sloping roof. (2) A window set upright in the face of such a structure.
dwelling	Any building or portion thereof designed or occupied in whole or in part as a place of residence.
dwelling, attached	A multi-family dwelling in which the dwelling units are separated vertically by means of common or party walls. See <i>terrace</i> .
dwelling, double	A two-family dwelling in which the dwelling units are separated vertically by means of a common or party wall. Synonymous with "semi-detached dwelling".
dwelling, duplex	A two-family dwelling in which the dwelling units are separated horizontally with a private street entrance for each; i.e., a two-family flat.
dwelling, multi-family	A building designed as a place of residence for more than two families or households; e.g., an apartment house or tenement.

	dwelling, row	Any one of a series of similar single family, two family, or multi-family dwellings having one or more contiguous common or party walls. Compare <i>terrace, dwelling, double</i> .
dwelling unit		Any room or group of rooms designed as the living quarters of one family or household, equipped with cooking and toilet facilities, and having an independent entrance from a public hall or from the outside.
eaves		The portion of a sloping roof which projects beyond the outside walls of a building.
elevation		A drawing representing a projection of any one of the vertical sides or vertical cross-sections of a building or of any other object. Compare <i>plan</i> .
façade		The face of a building.
firewall		A wall of fire-resisting material erected between two parts of a building to prevent the spread of fire from one part to the other.
flashing		Small metal strips used to prevent leaking of roofs around chimneys, dormers, hips, and valleys.
flat		(1) Any one floor of a building two or more stories high, each floor of which constitutes a single dwelling unit and has a private street entrance. (2) The building containing two or more such floors. Compare <i>dwelling, duplex</i> .
footing		A spreading base to a wall, column, or other supporting member, which serves to widen the ground area to which structural loads are transmitted.
foundation		The structural members below grade level, or below the first tier of beams above grade level, which transmit the load of a superstructure to the ground.
gable		(1) The triangular portion of a wall between the slopes of a double-sloping (i.e., gable) roof. (2) The whole of the wall containing such a triangular portion. (3) A portion of a building extending from the remainder of the building and covered with a gable roof.
girder		A large or principal beam (q.v.) used to support concentrated loads as isolated points along its length. (Girders usually support the beams and structure above).
header		(1) A structural member which is laid perpendicularly to a parallel series of similar members and against which the latter members abut. (2) A brick or other piece of masonry that is laid in a wall in such manner that its longest dimension extends along the thickness of the wall. Contrast <i>stretcher</i> .
hip		(1) A sloping line along which two roof surfaces meet to form an external angle of more than 180 degrees. (2) A hop rafter (q.v.). Compare <i>ridge, valley</i> .
hotel		A building designed for transient or semi-transient residential use, divided into furnished single rooms and suites, and having such accommodations as lounges, public dining rooms and maid service, etc.
hotel, apartment		See <i>apartment hotel</i> .

joist	One of a series of small parallel beams laid on edge and used to support floor and ceiling loads, and usually supported in turn by larger beams and girders.
lintel	A beam over a wall opening, such as a door or windows, designed to carry the load of the wall over such opening.
loft	An unpartitioned or relatively unpartitioned upper story of a building, designed for storage, wholesaling, or light manufacturing. See also <i>loft building</i> .
louver (or louvre)	A ventilator containing slats which are placed lengthwise across the ventilator opening, each slat being slanted in such manner as to overlap the next lower slat and to permit ventilation but exclude rain.
marquee	A flat roof-like structure which shelters a doorway, which has no floor beneath it, and which is usually supported wholly from the walls or the building.
mezzanine	A low story formed by placing a floor between what would ordinarily be the floor and ceiling of a high story. Note: The mezzanine floor frequently has a smaller area than other floors and, if present at all, is usually between the first and second stories.
millwork	All of the wooden portions of a building, whether frame construction or otherwise, which are customarily purchased in finished form from a planing mill, such as doors, windows, trim, balusters, etc.
overhang	A finished portion of a building have full story height which extends beyond the foundation wall line if part of the ground story, or beyond the exterior walls of the ground story if part of any higher story.
overhead structure	Similar to overhang above ground story, such as O.H. bridge or passage, O.H. walk, O.H. addition.
partition	See <i>wall, partition</i> .
pier	(1) A thick, solid mass of masonry which is fully or partially isolated from a structural standpoint and which is designed to transmit vertical loads to the earth. (2) A structure projecting from land into water for use in loading and unloading vessels. Compare <i>column</i> .
pilaster	A flat-faced pillar projecting somewhat from, but engaged in, the wall of a building and used for decorative purposes or to help support truss and girder loads or both.
pile	A heavy timber, metallic, or masonry pillar forced into the earth to form a foundation member.
pitch	The slope of any structural member, such as a roof or rafter, usually expressed as a simple fraction representing the rise per lateral foot.
plan	A drawing representing a projection of any one of the floors or horizontal cross-sections of a building or of the horizontal plane of any other object or area. Compare <i>elevation</i> .

purlin	A beam running along the underside of a sloping roof surface and at right angles to the rafters, used to support the common rafters, and usually supported in turn by larger structural members, such as trusses or girders (usually run along length of building).
rafter	A structural member placed, as a rule, in a sloping position and used as the supporting element for the structural material forming the plane of the roof. See also <i>purlin</i> .
rafter, hip	A rafter placed in an inclined position to support the edges of two sloping roof surfaces which meet to form an external angle of more than 180 degrees.
rafter, valley	A rafter placed in an inclined position to support the edges of two sloping roof surfaces which meet to form an external angle of less than 180 degrees.
ramp	An inclined walk or passage connecting two different floor levels and used in lieu of steps.
residence	See <i>dwelling</i> .
ridge	A horizontal line along which the upper edges of two roof surfaces meet to form an external angle of more than 180 degrees. Compare <i>hip</i> , <i>valley</i> .
rise	(1) In general, any vertical distance. (2) Specifically, the rise of a roof being the distance between the top of an exterior wall and the peak of the roof; the rise of a stair being the distance from tread to tread.
roof	The top portion of a structure. Types of roofs include double pitch, flat, gable, gambrel, hip, lean-to, single pitch.
roof, curb (or curbed)	A roof with a ridge at the center and a double slope on each of its two sides.
roof, flat	A roof which is flat or sloped only enough to provide proper drainage.
roof, gable	A double-sloped roof having a cross-section similar in general to the shape of the inverted letter "V".
roof, gambrel	A ridged roof with two slopes on each side, the lower having a steeper pitch.
roof, hip (or hipped)	(1) In general, any roof having one or more hips (q.v.). (2) Usually, a roof with four sloping sides meeting along four hips or along four hips and a ridge. Compare <i>roof</i> , <i>pyramid</i> .
roof, lean-to	(1) A roof having a single sloping side which is supported at the upper edge by the wall of an attached building or of a larger and higher portion of the same building (preferred). (2) Any roof with a single slope. Compare <i>roof</i> , <i>flat</i> .
roof, mansard	A special type of curb roof (q.v.) in which the pitch of the upper part of each of the four equally sloping sides is small or negligible and that of the lower part is very great; a series of dormers projects from the lower part.

roof, monitor	A type of gable roof commonly found on industrial buildings – having a small raised portion along the ridge, with openings for the admission of light and air.
roof, pyramid	A hip roof having four sloping triangular sides, usually of equal pitch, meeting together at the peak.
roof, ridged	A roof having one or more ridges (q.v.).
roof, sawtooth	A roof with a series of parallel sloping surfaces interspersed between a series of vertical surfaces which rise from the lower edges of such sloping surfaces and which contain windows for the admission of light and air.
roof, single pitch	Any roof with a single slope, other than a lean-to roof.
sash	The wooden or metal framework in which the glass of a door or window is set.
sheathing	The covering, usually of rough lumber, placed immediately over studding or rafters.
sill	(1) The lower horizontal part of a door-case (the threshold) or of a window. (2) The lowest horizontal structural member of a frame building, upon which the superstructure is supported.
sleeper	A structural member laid horizontally on the ground or upon a masonry base as a support to a floor or other superstructures.
specifications	A detailed description of the dimensions, materials, quantities, structural procedures, etc. applicable to a projected or completed piece of construction.
story	That portion of a building enclosed by a floor, a ceiling, and the exterior walls.
story, ground	The first story lying wholly above the ground level. Synonymous with "first story".
story, half (or one-half)	(1) For buildings with a mansard or gambrel roof, a finished portion of a building which lies above the wall plate or cornice and which has a usable floor area substantially less than that of the next lower story. (2) For all other buildings, a finished portion of a building which is above one or more full stories, which is wholly or partly within the roof frame and which has one or more exterior walls substantially lower than the full height of the story.
story, one	A building having no finished story above the ground story.
stretcher	A brick or other piece of masonry which is laid lengthwise in a wall. Contrast <i>header</i> .
strut	Any structural member which holds apart two or more other members by counteracting a pressure which tends to bring them together. Contrast <i>tie</i> .
stud	One of a series of small slender structural members placed vertically and used as the supporting element of exterior or interior walls. (Plural: studs or studding)

subfloor	The flooring laid directly on top of the floor joists, but beneath the finish floor.
tenement	A building, usually of obsolete nature, designed primarily for non-transient residential use and divided into three or more dwelling units having common stairs, halls, and street entrances, and sometimes common bath and toilet rooms. Compare <i>apartment house</i> ; <i>flat</i> ; <i>terrace</i> .
terrace	(1) An unroofed level area covered with grass or masonry or both, raised above the surrounding ground level, and having a vertical or sloping front. (2) A multi-family dwelling in which the dwelling units are separated vertically by means of common or party walls. Compare <i>dwelling</i> , <i>row</i> ; <i>dwelling</i> , <i>double</i> .
terra cotta	A hard-baked ceramic clay molded into decorative tiles, bricks, etc., and used particularly for facing and trim on buildings.
tie	Any structural member which binds together two or more members by counteracting a stress which tends to draw them apart. Contrast <i>strut</i> .
trim	(1) The wooden portions of a plastered room, such as the doors, windows, wainscoting, and molding, or the corresponding portions of a room finished otherwise than with plaster. (2) The contrasting elements on the exterior of a building which serve not structural purpose, but are intended to enhance its appearance, e.g., the cornice. (3) Occasionally, the hardware of a house, such as locks, hinges, doorknobs, etc.
truss	A combination of structural pieces fastened together into a rigid open member which is supported at both ends and upon which loads are superimposed. Compare <i>girder</i> .
valley	A sloping line along which two roof surfaces meet to form an external angle of less than 180 degrees. Compare <i>hip</i> , <i>ridge</i> .
veneer	A thin ornamental or protective facing which does not add appreciably to the strength of the body to which it is attached.
wainscot (or wainscoting)	(1) A wooden facing on the lower portion of a contrasting interior wall. (2) By extension, a facing of marble tile, or the like, on the lower portion of interior walls.
wall	A vertical structure serving to enclose, support, divide; such as one of the vertical enclosing sides of a building or room.
wall, bearing	A wall designed primarily to withstand vertical pressure in addition to its own weight.
wall, common	A wall owned by one or two parties and jointly used by both, one or both of whom is entitled to such use under the provisions of ownership.
wall, curtain	A non-bearing wall which is supported by columns, beams, or other structural members, and whose primary function is to enclose space.
wall, fire	See <i>firewall</i> .
wall, partition	An interior bearing or non-bearing wall which separates portions of a story. Synonymous with <i>partition</i> .

wall, party	A wall jointly used by two parties under easement agreement and erected at or upon a line separating two parcels of land held under different ownership.
wall, retaining	A wall designed primarily to withstand lateral pressures of earth or other filling of backing deposited behind it after construction.
window, bay	See <i>bay window</i> .
window, dormer	See <i>dormer</i> .
wing	A subordinate part of a building extending from the main part, or any one of two or more substantially coordinate parts of a building which extend out from one or more common junctions.

DATA PROCESSING TERMS

BAUD	A unit of signaling speed equal to the number of discrete conditions or signal events per second.
binary	A characteristic or property involving a selection, choice, or condition in which there are two possibilities, such as the number representation with a radix of two.
bits	The smallest unit of information in the binary number system. An abbreviation of binary digits. Normally, a bit refers to one "on", while a no bit means zero "off".
block	A group of machine words considered or transported as a unit. In flowcharts, each block represents a logical unit of programming.
bytes	A sequence of adjacent binary digits operated upon as a unit; a unit of computer storage capacity equal to eight binary bits.
calculator	A keyboard machine for the automatic performance of arithmetic operations.
CAMA	Computer-Assisted-Mass-Appraisal -- Utilizing data processing to compare parcels, calculate values, and maintain property characteristics to increase efficiency and accuracy in the appraisal process.
columns binary	Pertaining to the binary representation of data on punched cards in which adjacent positions in a column correspond to adjacent bits of data; each column in a 12-row card may be used to represent 12 consecutive bits of 36-bit word.
computer	A computational device distinguished by its high speed, programmable operation, and large memory.
computer program	A series of instructions, in a form acceptable to the computer, prepared so as to achieve a certain result.
CPU	Central Processing Unit -- The heart of the computing system, which contains the arithmetic, logical and control circuits necessary for the interpretation, execution of a program and controls the functioning of the entire system.
CRT	See <i>video display terminal</i> .
database	A minimally redundant stored collection of data. A collection of data maintained by a computer.
database management	A combination of hardware and software that controls and processes all request for data in data bases.
data element	The smallest unit of data stored on some medium to which a reference or none may be assigned.
data entry	The process of placing information into machine-readable form.

data path	The input-processing-output-flow followed by data (often repeatedly) during normal computer operations.
data processing	Performing operations on machine-readable data, either with or without the use of a computer.
data structure	The particular form in which data are to be treated by the computer program: whether as whole numbers, decimal fractions, or alphabetic characters, and whether as single pieces of information or as related sets or arrays of data.
data verification	Checking the accuracy of data placed in a data processing system.
direct access	An addressing scheme or random access storage medium that permits direct addressing of data locations.
disk file	A means for storing data on a magnetic disk or platter.
encode	To apply a set of rules specifying the manner in which data may be represented such that a subsequent decoding is possible.
feedback	The process of returning portions of the output of a machine, process, or system for use as input in a further operation.
flowchart	A graphical representation of the definition, analysis, or solution of a problem using symbols to represent operations, data flow, and equipment.
hard copy	Output that appears on paper.
hardware	The physical equipment in a data processing system.
indexed sequential	A file in which records are organized sequentially with indexes that permit quick access to individual records as well as rapid sequential processing.
kilobytes	(Kilo = 1000, bytes = characters) byte: a form of saying a character – numerical, letter, or symbol, in machine-readable form. Data processing personnel measure the size of records by bytes, instead of number of characters. Exactly, a kilobyte (KB or K) has 1,024 "characters".
library	A collection of standard proven computer routines, usually kept on a library tape or random access file, by which problems or portions of problems may be solved.
master file	A file of records containing a cumulative history or the results of accumulation; updated in each file processing cycle, and carried forward to the next cycle.
megabyte	(< 1 million bytes) This unit is quite large and is usually used to measure the volume of a file, a disc, etc.
memory	The part of the computer that stores the program, holds intermediate results, and various constant data. Same as <i>storage</i> .
modem	A contraction of "Modulator Demodulator". Its function is to interface with data processing devices and convert data to a form comparable for sending and receiving on transmission facilities.

MRA	Multivariate Regression Analysis – Also called the least squares method, is a mathematical method for producing a model for a dependent variable as a linear function of independent factors. As an example – the predicted sales price (dependent variable) is a function of independent factors such as Square Feet, Style, Neighborhood, etc.
multiplexor	A computer hardware device used as a screening agent to the main computer. It polls all the messages from all terminals and transmits one by one to the main computer. It also dispatches "messages" to receiving ends... it can be compared to the secretary of a big boss!
multiprocessing	Systems software that enables several CPU's to be connected together to provide faster, more reliable computing.
multiprogramming	Systems software that enables the computer to run several programs simultaneously.
on-line	Peripheral equipment or devices in direct communication with the central processing unit, and from which information reflecting current activity is introduced into the data processing system as soon as it occurs.
operating system	The systems software that manages all other software in the computer (also known as an executive or monitor).
operator's instructions	These are sets of operation instruction which tell the operator what to do to get the jobs done on the computer. The instructions are designed for two types of operators: (1) Computer operators – run the computer, execute a job, mount a tape, etc. (2) Use operators – run different applications such as payroll, CAMA. The instructions tell them how to add a new record, delete a word, on a terminal or using cards.
output	Information that has been processed by the computer.
peripheral equipment	Units that work in conjunction with the computer, but are not part of the computer itself, such as tape reader, card reader, magnetic tape feed, high-speed printer, typewriter, etc.
printer	Hardware for outputting on paper.
program	The instructions that enable a computer to process data.
programming language	A system for coding instructions for computer processing.
punched cards	A storage medium similar to index cards.
random access	For device or media, the accessing of data by address rather than by sequence.
record	A collection of related items of data treated as a unit.
sequence	An arrangement of items of data according to a specified set of rules.
sequential processing	The procedure of processing data records in the same order that they occur.

sequential storage	Storing of data in sequential order.
software	The programs and routines used to extend the capabilities of computers, such as compilers, assemblers, routines, and subroutines. Also, all documents associated with a computer, e.g., manuals, circuit diagrams.
source	That which provides information to be entered into the computer.
source document	A form containing raw data for entry into the computer.
source file	A computer program in high-level language code.
standard deviation	A statistical measure of the variation of a characteristic about its average value. Standard deviation is the square root of the variance of a characteristic about its average observed value. Variance is the sum of the squared deviations of each observed value from the average, divided by one less than the number of observations. For normally distributed observations, approximately 70% of the observations will fall within one standard deviation of the mean or average value.
storage	The retention of information in the computer system.
summary report	Output that displays only the end product of processing in a concise format.
system software	Computer software that provides overall housekeeping functions for the computer.
systems design	The development of a computer system (hardware and software) to suit a particular application, by using the program development cycle.
terminal	A device in a system or communication network at which point data can either enter or leave the system.
transaction file	A file containing transient data to be processed in combination with a master file.
turn-around document	A document or form prepared as output at one stage of the data processing cycle, and sent to a customer or other user with the intention of having it returned and used as input at a later stage.
unit record	A record in which all data concerning each item in a transaction is punched into one card.
variable	A quantity that, when identified by a symbolic name, can assume any of a given set of values.
verify	To determine whether a transcription of data or other operation has been accomplished accurately. To check the results of key punching.
video display terminal	Hardware for output on a television-style picture tube (cathode-ray tube or CRT).
word	A set of characters that occupies one storage location and is treated by the computer circuits as a unit and transported as such.

REAL ESTATE APPRAISAL TERMS

abstract	A computer-printed report of appraised and/or assessed values for each parcel of real property in a given taxing district; generally sequenced geographically.
accrued depreciation	See <i>depreciation</i> .
actual age	The number of years elapsed since the original construction, as of the effective valuation data. Compare with <i>effective age</i> .
ad valorem tax	In reference to property, a tax based upon the value of property.
aesthetic value	A value, intangible in nature, which is attributable to the pleasing appearance of a property.
agricultural property	Land and improvements devoted to or best adaptable for the production of crops, fruits, and timber, and the raising of livestock.
air rights	The right to the use of a certain specified space within the boundaries of a parcel of land and above a specified elevation.
alley influence	The enhancement to the value of a property arising out of the presence of an abutting alley; most generally applicable to commercial properties.
amenities	In reference to property, the intangible benefits arising out of ownership, <i>amenity value</i> refers to the enhancement of value attributable to such amenities.
appraisal	An estimate, usually in written form, of the value of a specifically described property as of a specified date; may be used synonymously with <i>valuation</i> or <i>appraised value</i> .
appraisal schedules	Any standardized schedules and tables used conjunction with a re-valuation program, such as replacement cost pricing schedules, depreciation tables, land depth tables, etc.
appraised value	See <i>appraisal</i> .
appraiser	One who estimates value. More specifically, one who possesses the expertise to execute or direct the execution of an appraisal.
assessed value	See <i>assessment</i> .
assessing	The act of valuing a property for the purpose of establishing a tax base.
assessment	The value of taxable property to which the tax rate is to be applied in order to compute the amount of taxes; may be used synonymously with <i>assessed value</i> , <i>taxable value</i> , and <i>tax base</i> .
assessment district	An assessor's jurisdiction; it may or may not be an entire tax district.
assessment period	The period of time during which the assessment of all properties within a given assessment district must be completed; the period between tax lien dates.

assessment ratio	The ratio of assessed value to a particular standard of value, generally the appraised value. A percentage to be applied to the appraised value in order to derive the assessed value.
assessment roll	The official listing of all properties within a given taxing jurisdiction by ownership, description, and location showing the corresponding assessed values for each; also referred to as <i>tax list</i> , <i>tax book</i> , <i>tax duplicate</i> , and <i>tax roll</i> .
assessor	The administrator charged with the assessment of property for ad valorem taxes; his precise duties differ from state to state depending upon state statutes.
aesthetic value	A value, intangible in nature, which is attributable to the pleasing appearance of a property.
average deviation	In a distribution of values, the average amount of deviation of all the values from the mean value, equal to the total amount of deviation from the mean divided by the number of deviations. As applied to an assessment-to-sale ratio distribution, the average amount which all the ratios within the distribution deviate from the mean ratio.
base price	A value or unit rate established for a certain specified model, and subject to adjustments to account for variations between that particular model and the subject property under appraisal.
blighted area	A declining area characterized by marked structural deterioration and/or environmental deficiencies.
Board of Equalization	A non-jurisdictional board charged with the responsibility of reviewing assessments across properties and taxing districts and to assure that said properties and districts are assessed at a uniform level, either raising or lowering assessments accordingly; also referred to as <i>Board of Appeals</i> , and <i>Board of Review</i> .
building residual technique	A building valuation technique which requires the value of the land to be a known factor; the value of the buildings can then be indicated by capitalizing the residual net income remaining after deducting the portion attributable to the land.
capitalization	A mathematical procedure for converting the net income which a property is capable of producing into an indication of its current value. See <i>income approach</i> .
CDU rating	A composite rating of the overall condition, desirability, and usefulness of a structure as developed by the Cole-Layer-Trumble Company and used nationally as a simple, direct, and uniform method of estimating accrued depreciation.
central business district	The cent of a city in which the primary commercial, governmental, and recreational activities are concentrated.
Certified Assessment Evaluator	A professional designation (C.A.E.) conferred upon qualifying assessors by the Internal Association of Assessing Officers (IAAO).

classified property tax	An ad valorem property tax under which the assessment ratio varies for different property classes.
component part-in place method	The application of the unit-in-place method to unit groupings or construction components. See <i>unit-in-place method</i> .
corner influence	The enhancement to the value of a property due to its corner location; most generally applicable to commercial properties.
cost approach	One of the three traditional approaches to determination of the value of a property; arrived at by estimating the value of the land, the replacement or reproduction cost new of the improvement, and the amount of accrued depreciation to the improvement. The estimated land value is then added to the estimated depreciated value of the improvements to arrive at the estimated property value. Also referred to as the "cost-to-market approach" to indicate that the value estimates are derived from market data abstraction and analysis.
cost factor	A factor or multiplier applied to a replacement or reproduction cost to account for variations in location and time, as well as for other elements of construction costs not otherwise considered.
cubic content	The cubic volume of a building within the outer surface of the exterior walls and roof and the upper surface of the lowest floor.
deed	A written instrument which conveys an interest in real property. A <i>quitclaim deed</i> conveys the interest described therein without warranty of title. A <i>trust deed</i> conveys interest described therein to a trustee. A <i>warranty deed</i> conveys the interest described therein with the provisions that the freehold is guaranteed by the grantor, his heirs, or successors.
depreciation	<p>Loss in value from all causes; may be further classified as <i>physical</i>, referring to the loss of value caused by physical deterioration; <i>functional</i>, referring to the loss of value caused by obsolescence inherent in the property itself; and <i>economic</i>, referring to the loss of value caused by factors extraneous to the property.</p> <p><i>Accrued depreciation</i> refers to the actual depreciation existing in a particular property as of a specified date.</p> <p><i>Normal depreciation</i> refers to that amount of accrued depreciation one would normally expect to find in buildings of certain construction, design, quality, and age.</p>
depreciation allowance	A loss of value expressed in terms of a percentage of replacement or reproduction cost new.
depth factor	A factor or multiplier applied to a unit land value to adjust the value in order to account for variations in depth from an adopted standard depth.
depth table	A table of depth factors.
design factor	A factor or multiplier applied to a computed replacement cost as an adjustment to account for cost variations attributable to the particular design of the subject property which were not accounted for in the particular pricing schedule used.

deterioration	Impairment of structural condition evidenced by the wear and tear caused by physical use and the action of the elements, also referred to as <i>physical depreciation</i> .
economic depreciation	See <i>depreciation</i> .
economic life	The life expectancy of a property during which it can be expected to be profitably utilized.
economic obsolescence	Obsolescence caused by factors extraneous to the property. Also referred to as <i>economic depreciation</i> .
economic rent	The rent which a property can be expected to bring in the open market as opposed to <i>contract rent</i> or the rent the property is actually realizing at a given time.
effective age	An age assigned to a structure based upon its condition as of the effective valuation date; it may be greater or less than the structure's actual age. Compare with <i>actual age</i> .
effective depth	In reference to property valuation, that depth, expressed in feet, upon which the selection of the depth factor is based.
effective frontage	In reference to property valuation, that total frontage, expressed in lineal feet, to which the unit land value is applied; it may or may not be the same as the actual frontage.
effective gross income	The estimated gross income of a property less an appropriate allowance for vacancies and credit losses.
effective valuation data	In reference to a revaluation program, the date as of which the value estimate is applicable.
encroachment	The displacement of an existing use by another use.
environmental deficiency	A neighborhood condition such as adverse land uses, congestion, poorly designed streets, etc., operating to cause economic obsolescence and, when coupled with excessive structural deterioration, blight.
equalization program	A mass appraisal (or reappraisal) of all property within a given taxing jurisdiction with the goal of equalizing values in order to assure that each taxpayer is bearing only his fair share of the tax load; may be used synonymously with a <i>revaluation program</i> .
equity	In reference to property taxes, a condition in which the tax load is distributed fairly or <i>equitably</i> ; opposite of <i>inequity</i> which refers to a condition characterized by an unfair or <i>unequitable</i> distribution of the tax burden. <i>Inequity</i> is a natural product of changing economic conditions which can only be effectively cured by periodic equalization programs. In reference to value, it is that value of the property remaining after deducting all liens and charges against it.
excessive frontage	Frontage which because of the particular utility of the lot does not serve to add value to the lot.
exempt property	See <i>tax exemption</i> .

fee appraisal	See <i>mass appraisal</i> .
field crew	The total professional staff assigned to a specific appraisal project, including listers, reviewers, staff appraisers, and clerical and administrative supporting personnel.
functional depreciation	See <i>depreciation</i> .
functional obsolescence	Obsolescence caused by factors inherent in the property itself. Also referred to as <i>functional depreciation</i> .
functional utility	The composite effect of a property's usefulness and desirability upon its marketability.
grade	The classification of an improvement based upon certain construction specifications, and quality of materials and workmanship.
grade factor	A factor or multiplier applied to a base grade level for the purpose of interpolating between grades or establishing an intermediate grade.
grantee	A person to whom property is transferred and property rights are granted by deed, trust instrument, or other similar documents. Compare with <i>grantor</i> .
grantor	A person who transfers property or grants property rights by deed, trust instrument, or other similar documents. Compare with <i>grantee</i> .
gross area	The total floor area of a building measured from the exterior of the walls.
gross income	The scheduled annual income produced by the operation of a business or by the property itself.
gross income multiplier	A multiplier representing the relationship between the gross income of a property and its estimated value.
gross sales	The total amount of invoiced sales before making any deductions for returns, allowances, etc.
ground lease	A document entitling the lessee certain specified rights relating to the use of the land.
ground rent	Net rent from a ground lease; that portion of the total rent which is attributable to the land only.
improved land	Land developed for use by the erection of buildings and other improvements.
income approach	One of the three traditional approaches to determination of value; measures the present worth of the future benefits of a property by the capitalization of its net income stream over its remaining economic life. The approach involves making an estimate of the potential net income the property may be expected to yield, and capitalizing that income into an indication of value.
income property	A property primarily used to produce a monetary income.
industrial park	A subdivision designed and developed to accommodate specific types of industry.

industrial property	Land, improvements, and/or machinery used or adaptable for use in the production of goods either for materials, or by changing other materials and products, i.e., assembling, processing and manufacturing ...as well as the supporting auxiliary facilities thereof.
inequity	See <i>equity</i> .
influence factor	A factor serving to either devalue or enhance the value of a particular parcel of land, or portions thereof, relative to the norm for which the base unit values were established; generally expressed in terms of a percentage adjustment.
institutional property	Land and improvements used in conjunction with providing public services and generally owned and operated by the government or other nonprofit organizations ... hospitals, schools, prisons, etc. Such property is generally held exempt from paying property taxes.
interest rate	The rate of return from an investment.
land classification	The classification of land based upon its capabilities for use; and/or production.
land contract	A purchase contract wherein the grantee takes possession of the property with the grantor retaining the deed to the property until the terms of the contract are met as specified.
land residual technique	A land valuation technique which requires the value of the building(s) to be known; the value of the land can then be indicated by capitalizing the residual net income remaining after deducting the portion attributable to the building(s).
landscaping	Natural features such as lawns, shrubs and trees added to a plot of ground or modified in such a way as to make it more attractive.
land use restrictions	Legal restrictions regulating the use to which land may be put.
land value maps	A map used on conjunction with mass appraising; generally drawn at a small scale, and showing comparative unit land values on a block to block basis.
lease lessee lessor	A written contract by which one party (lessor) gives to another party (lessee) the possession and use of a specified property for a specified time, and under specified terms and conditions.
leasehold	A property held under the terms of a lease.
leasehold improvements	Additions, renovations, and similar improvements made to a leased property by the lessee.
leasehold value	The value of a leasehold; the difference between the contractual rent and the currently established economic or market rent.
legal description	A description of a parcel of land which serves to identify the parcel in a manner sanctioned by law.

lister	A field inspector or data collector whose principle duty is to collect and record property data (not an appraiser).
market data approach	One of the three traditional approaches to determination of the value of a property; arrived at by compiling data on recently sold properties which are comparable to the subject property and adjusting their selling prices to account for variations in time, location, and property characteristics between the comparables and the subject property.
market value	The price an informed and intelligent buyer, full aware of the existence of competing properties, and not compelled to act, would be justified in paying for a particular property.
mass appraisal	Appraisal of property on a mass scale – such as an entire community, generally for ad valorem tax purposes, using standardized appraisal techniques and procedures to accomplish uniform equitable valuations with a minimum of detail, within a limited time period, and at a limited cost...as opposed to a <i>fee appraisal</i> which is generally used to refer to a rather extensive, detailed appraisal of a single property or singularly used properties for a specified purpose.
Member Appraisal Institute	A professional designation (M.A.I.) conferred upon qualifying real estate appraisers by The American Institute of Real Estate Appraisers.
mineral rights	The right to extract subterranean deposits such as oil, gas, coal, and minerals, as specified in the grant.
minimum rental	That portion of the rent in a percentage lease which is fixed.
model method	A method of computing the replacement or reproduction cost of an improvement by applying the cost of a specified model and adjusting the cost to account for specified variations between the subject improvement and the model.
modernization	The corrective action taken to update a property so that it may conform with current standards.
mortgage mortgagee mortgagor	A legal document by which the owner of a property (mortgagor) pledges the property to a creditor (mortgagee) as security for the payment of a debt.
neighborhood	A geographical area exhibiting a high degree of homogeneity in residential amenities, land use, economic and social trends, and housing characteristics.
neighborhood trend	Three stages in the life cycle of a neighborhood... the <i>improving stage</i> characterized by development and growth; the <i>static stage</i> characterized by a leveling off of values; and the <i>declining stage</i> characterized by infiltration and decay.
net income	The income remaining from the effective gross income after deducting all operating expenses related to the cost of ownership.
net lease	A lease wherein the lessee assumes to pay all applicable operating expenses related to the cost of ownership; also referred to as <i>net net</i> , or <i>net net net lease</i> .

net sales	Gross sales less returns and allowances.
net sales area	The actual floor area used for merchandising, excluding storage rooms, utility and equipment rooms, etc.
non-conforming use	A use which, because of modified or new zoning ordinances, no longer conforms to current use regulations, but which is nevertheless upheld to be legal so long as certain conditions are adhered to.
observed depreciation	That loss in value which is discernable through physical observation by comparing the subject property with a comparable property either new or capable of rendering maximum utility.
obsolescence	A diminishing of a property's desirability and usefulness brought about by either functional inadequacies and over-adequacies inherent in the property itself, or adverse economic factors external to the property. Refer to <i>functional depreciation</i> and <i>economic depreciation</i> .
operating expenses	The fixed expense, operating costs, and reserves for replacements which are required to produce net income before depreciation, and which are to be deducted from effective gross income in order to arrive at net income.
overage income	Rental received in addition to the minimum contract rental, based upon a specified percentage of a tenant's business receipts.
overall rate	A capitalization rate representing the relationship of the net income (before recapture) of a property to its value as a single rate; it necessarily contains, in their proper proportions, the elements of both the land and the building capitalization rate.
overassessed	A condition wherein a property is assessed proportionately higher than comparable properties.
parcel	Piece of land held in one ownership.
percentage lease	A type of lease in which the rental is stipulated to be a percentage of the tenant's gross or net sales, whichever specified.
permanent parcel number	An identification number which is assigned to a parcel of land to uniquely identify that parcel from any other parcel within a given taxing jurisdiction.
personal property	Property which is not permanently affixed to and a part of the real estate, as specified by state statutes.
physical depreciation	See <i>depreciation</i> .
preferential assessment	An assessing system which provides preferential treatment in the form of reduced rates to a particular class of property, such as a system providing for farm properties to be assessed in accordance to their value in use as opposed to their value in the open market.
property class	A division of like properties generally defined by statutes and generally based upon their present use. The basis for establishing assessment ratios in a classified property assessment system. See <i>classified property tax</i> .

property inspection	A physical inspection of a property for the purpose of collecting and/or reviewing property data.
property record card	A document specially designed to record and process specified property data; may serve as a source document, a processing form, and/or a permanent property record.
public utility property	Properties devoted to the production of commodities or services for public consumption under the control of governmental agencies such as the Public Utility Commission.
quantity survey method	A method of computing the replacement or the reproduction cost of an improvement by applying unit costs to the actual or estimated material and labor quantities and adding an allowance for overhead, profit, and all other indirect construction costs.
real estate	The physical land and appurtenances affixed thereto; often used synonymously with real property.
real property	All the interests, benefits, and rights enjoyed by the ownership of the real estate.
reassessment	The revaluation of all properties within a given jurisdiction for the purpose of establishing a new tax base.
rent	The amount paid for the use of a capital good. See <i>economic rent</i> .
replacement cost	The current cost of reproducing an improvement of equal utility to the subject property; it may or may not be the cost of reproducing a replica property. Compare with <i>reproduction cost</i> .
reproduction cost	The current cost of reproducing a replica property. Compare with <i>replacement cost</i> .
reserve for replacements	A reserve established to cover renewal and replacements of fixed assets.
residential property	Vacant or improved land devoted to or available for use primarily as a place to live.
revaluation program	See <i>equalization program</i> .
sales ratio study	A statistical analysis of the distribution of assessment or appraisal-to-sale ratios of a sample of recent sales, made for the purpose of drawing inferences regarding the entire population of parcels from which the sample was abstracted.
salvage value	The price one would be justified in paying for an item of property to be removed from the premises and used elsewhere.
site development costs	All costs incurred in the preparation of a site for use.
soil productivity	The capacity of a soil to produce crops.
sound value	The depreciated value of an improvement.

sound value estimate	An estimate of the depreciated value of an improvement made directly by comparing it to improvements of comparable condition, desirability, and usefulness without first estimating its replacement cost new.
standard depth	That lot depth selected as the norm against which other lots are to be compared; generally the most typical depth.
sublease	See <i>lease</i> ; the lessee in a prior lease simply becomes a lessor in a sublease.
tax bill	An itemized statement showing the amount of taxes owed for certain property described therein and forwardable to the party(s) legally liable for payment thereof.
tax book	See <i>assessment roll</i> .
tax district	A political subdivision over which a governmental unit has authority to levy a tax.
tax duplicate	See <i>assessment roll</i> .
tax exemption	Either total or partial freedom from tax; total exemption such as that granted to governmental, educational, charitable, religious, and similar nonprofit organizations, and partial exemption such as that granted on homesteads, etc.
tax levy	In reference to property taxes, the total revenue which is to be realized by the tax.
tax list	See <i>assessment roll</i> .
tax mapping	The creation of accurate representations of property boundary lines at appropriate scales to provide a graphic inventory of parcels for use in accounting, appraising and assessing; such maps show dimensions and the relative size and location of each tract with respect to other tracts.
tax notice	A written notification to a property owner of the assessed value of certain properties described therein; often mandated by law to be given to each property owner following a revaluation.
tax rate	The rate – generally expressed in dollars per hundred or dollars per thousand (mills) – which is to be applied against the tax base (assessed value) to compute the amount of taxes. The tax rate is derived by dividing the total amount of the tax levy by the total assessed value of the taxing district.
tax roll	See <i>assessment roll</i> .
tillable land	Land suitable for growing annual crops.
underassessed	A condition wherein a property is assessed proportionately lower than comparable properties.
uniformity	As applied to assessing, a condition wherein all properties are assessed at the same ratio to market value, or other standard of value depending upon the particular assessing practices followed.

unimproved land	Vacant land; a parcel for which there is no improvement value.
unit cost or price	The price or cost of one item of a quantity of similar items.
unit-in-place method	A method of computing the replacement or reproduction cost of an improvement by applying established unit-in-place rates, developed to include the cost of materials, equipment, labor, overhead and profit, to the various construction units.
use density	The number of buildings in a particular use per unit of area, such as a density of so many apartment units per acre.
use value	The actual value of a commodity to a specific owner, as opposed to its value in exchange or market value.
vacancy	An unrented unit of rental property.
vacant land	Unimproved land; a parcel for which there is no improvement value.
valuation	See <i>appraisal</i> .
view	The scene as viewed from a property.
water frontage	Land abutting a body of water.
woodland	Land which is fairly densely covered with trees.
zoning regulations	Governmental restrictions relating to the use of land.

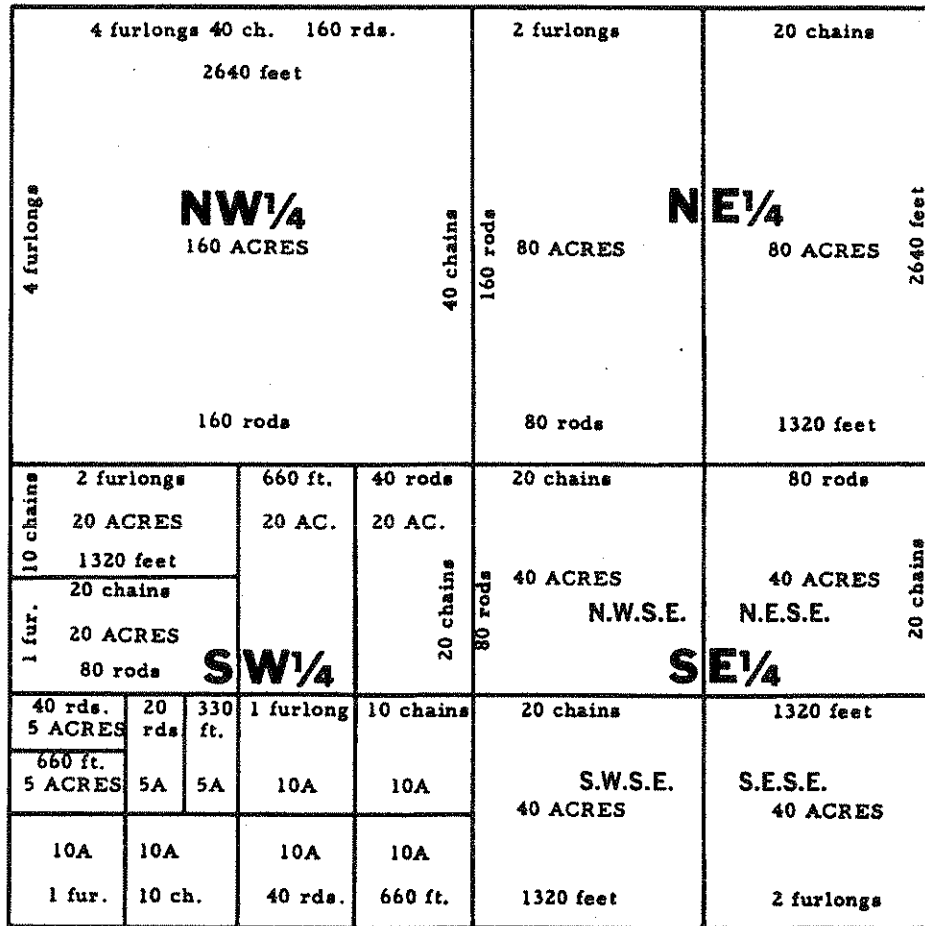
STATISTICAL TERMS

aggregate ratio	As applied to real estate, the ratio of the total assessed value to the total selling price.
average deviation	In a distribution of values, the average amount of deviation of all the values from the mean value equal to the total amount of deviation from the mean divided by the number of deviations.
cells	The basic units making up a stratified sample; each sale representing a distinct group within the total universe.
coefficient	A value prefixed as a multiplier to a variable or an unknown quantity.
coefficient of dispersion	As applied to an assessment-to-sale ratio distribution, a measure of dispersion in a given distribution equal to the average deviation of the ratios from the mean ratio divided by the mean ratio.
frequency distribution	A display of the frequency with which each value in a given distribution occurs; or in a <i>grouped frequency distribution</i> , a display of the frequency with which the values within various intervals, or value groupings occur.
mean	A measure of central tendency equal to the sum of the values divided by the number. Also referred to as <i>arithmetic average</i> or <i>arithmetic mean</i> .
median	A measure of central tendency equal to that point in a distribution above which 50% of the values fall and below which 50% of the values fall. The 50 th percentile. The 2 nd quartile.
mode	A measure of central tendency equal to the value occurring most frequently in a given distribution. In a grouped frequency distribution, the mode is equal to the mid point of the interval with the greatest frequency.
normal distribution	A distribution in which all the values are distributed symmetrically about the mean value, with 68.26% of the values falling between +/- 1 standard deviation, 95.44% between +/- 2 standard deviations, and 99.74% between +/- 3 standard deviations.
percentile rank	The relative position of a value in a distribution of values expressed in percentage terms; for instance, as applied to an assessment-to-sale ratio distribution, a ratio with a percentile rank of 83 would indicate that 83% of the ratios were lower and 17% of the ratios were higher than that particular ratio.
precision	As applied to real estate, it refers to the closeness of estimated value to actual selling price on an aggregate basis.
price related differential	As applied to real estate, an analytical measure of the vertical uniformity of values in a given distribution calculated by dividing the mean ratio by the aggregate ratio; a ratio of more than 1 being generally indicative of the relative under-valuation of high priced properties as compared to the less valuable properties, whereas a ratio of less than 1 would indicate the converse relationship.

quartile	Positions in a distribution at 25 percentile intervals; the <i>first quartile</i> being equal to the 25 th percentile, the <i>second quartile</i> being equal to the 50 th percentile or the median, and the <i>third quartile</i> being equal to the 75 th percentile.
regression analysis	A statistical technique for making statements as to the degree of linear association between a criterion (dependent) variable and one or more predictor (independent) variables; a simple linear regression having one independent variable, and multiple linear regression having more than one independent variable.
range	The difference between the highest and the lowest value in a distribution.
ratio	A fixed relationship between two similar things expressed in terms of the number of times the first contains the second; the quotient of one quantity divided by another quantity of the same type; generally expressed as a fraction.
sample	As applied to real estate, a set of parcels taken from a given universe which is used to make inferences about values for the universe. A <i>probability sample</i> is a sample in which each parcel in the universe is given equal chance of being included. Also referred to as <i>random sample</i> . A <i>non-probability sample</i> is a sample in which each parcel in the universe being chosen by other criteria, is not given an equal chance of being included. Essentially all assessment-to-sale ratio studies are non-probability samples.
sample size	As applied to real estate, the number of parcels needed from a universe to achieve a desired level of precision, given the total number of parcels in the universe and the standard deviation thereof.
standard deviation	A measure of dispersion, variability or scatter of values in a given distribution equal to the square root of the arithmetic mean of the squares of the deviations from the mean.
standard error of the mean	A measure of the statistical variability of the mean equal to the standard deviation of the distribution divided by the square root of the sample size.
stratified sampling	The selection of sample parcels from distinct groups within the total universe based upon the known sizes and characteristics of these distinct groups.
universe	As applied to real estate, all the parcels of a given type in the group under study, i.e., all the parcels of a given neighborhood, district, etc. Also referred to as <i>population</i> .

DIVISION OF A SECTION OF LAND

SEC. = 1 SQ. MILE = 640 ACRES



1 MILE = 8 FURLONGS

320 RDS. = 5280 FT.

1 LINK =	7.92 inches
1 FOOT =	12 inches
1 YARD =	36 in. 3 ft.
1 ROD or POLE =	16.5 ft. 5.5 yards 25 links
1 CHAIN =	66 ft. 100 links 4 rods
1 FURLONG =	40 rods 660 ft.
1 MILE =	5280 ft. 320 rods 80 chains 8 furlongs

1 SQUARE FOOT =	144 sq. inches
1 SQUARE YARD =	9 sq. ft.
1 SQUARE ROD =	272.25 sq. ft. 30.25 sq. yard
1 ACRE =	43560 sq. ft. 160 sq. rods 10 sq. chains

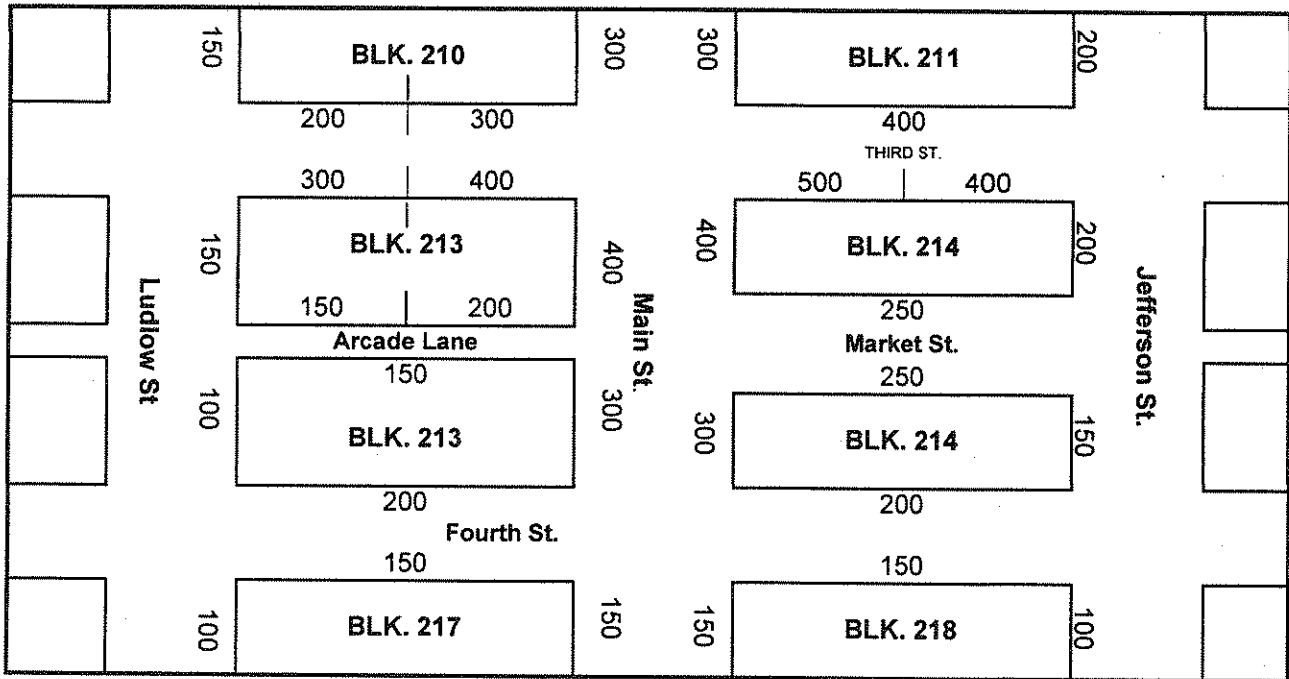
1 ACRE is about 208.75 feet square, or 8 rods wide by 20 rods long, or any two numbers of rods whose product is 160.

Example: 25 x 125 ft. = .0717 acre.

1 SQUARE MILE or 1 SECTION =	640 acres
1 TOWNSHIP =	36 sq. miles 36 sections 6 miles sq.

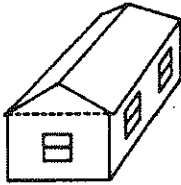
EXAMPLE UNIT LAND VALUE MAP

Unit land value maps are desirable for recording the unit value for all parcels on each street, block or section. These maps often differ from plat maps in that they may be drawn at a much smaller scale in order to cover a larger area. It is not necessary for the map to be drawn to scale, as long as the shape and position of each block or area can be recognized. An example of a unit land value map showing commercial unit front foot values is shown below. Normally, all designated land values are considered to be on the basis of front foot values, unless otherwise indicated. If the land unit value is indicated to be on a square foot or acreage basis, then those designated lands are to be computed accordingly.



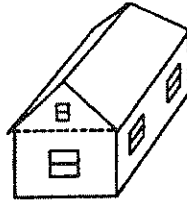
Example of a Unit Land Value Map

STORY HEIGHT ILLUSTRATIONS



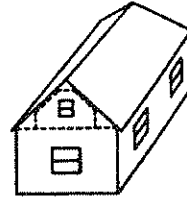
A 1 Story

All rooms are on one floor and are below the square of house at the eave line. This design usually has a low pitch roof with a slope of about 1/6.



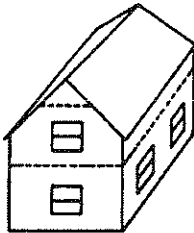
B 1 Story and Attic

Same basic design as 1 Story, except the pitch of the roof is usually greater, with a slope of about 1/4 or 1/3. This design has a permanent stairway to a usable, floored attic area. There are usually windows at each end of the attic.



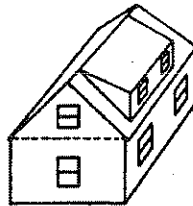
C 1 Story and Finished Attic

Same basic design as 1 Story and Attic, except the attic interior is finished and is usually divided into rooms. The attic floor area is approximately 55% of the first floor area.



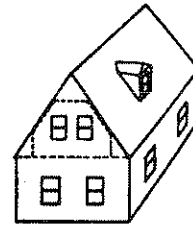
D 1½ Story

The second floor area of this design is equal to the area of the first floor; however, the wall height of the second floor is approximately one-half of the first floor – with the balance of wall height as sloping ceiling.



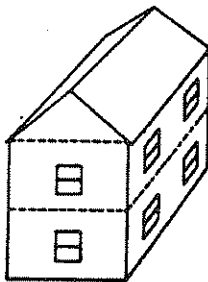
E 1½ Story

This design is similar to 1 Story and Finished Attic, except that the roof pitch is greater – with a slope of about 1/3 or 1/2 – and there is a large dormer on one side of the roof and possibly one or two small dormers on the opposite side of the roof. Area of the finished second floor is approximately 75% of the first floor area.



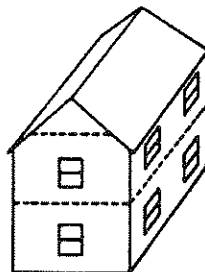
F 1½ Story

This design has a high pitch roof with a slope of about 5/8 or 3/4, and small dormers on one or both sides of the roof. The area of the finished second floor is approximately 75% of the first floor area.



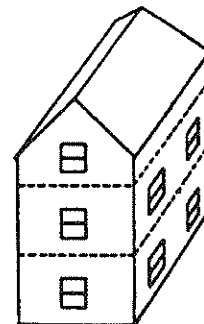
G 2 Story

This is a typical two story dwelling, with the second floor area equal to the first floor area.



H 2 Story

Similar to the 2 Story in example G, except that the second floor side walls are less than full height. Consequently, part of the second floor ceiling follows the slope of the roof.

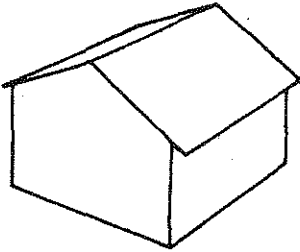


I 2½ Story

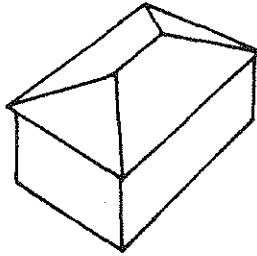
This design has two full stories and a half story similar to example D. A two and one-half story dwelling may be similar in design to examples E or F.

ROOF TYPE ILLUSTRATIONS

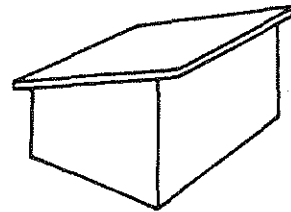
GABLE



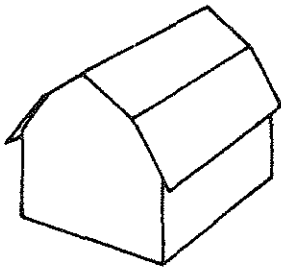
HIP



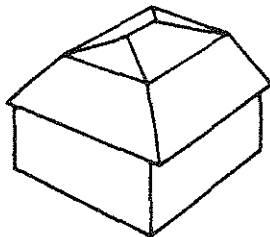
SHED



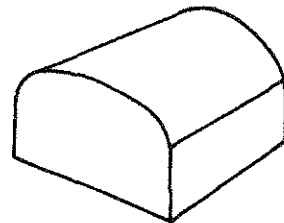
GAMBREL



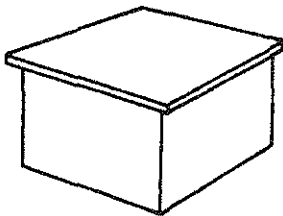
MANSARD



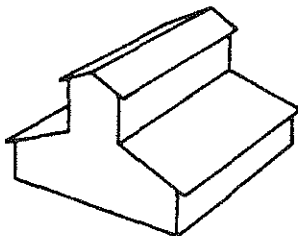
ARCHED



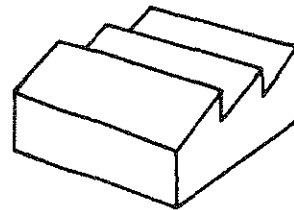
FLAT



MONITOR



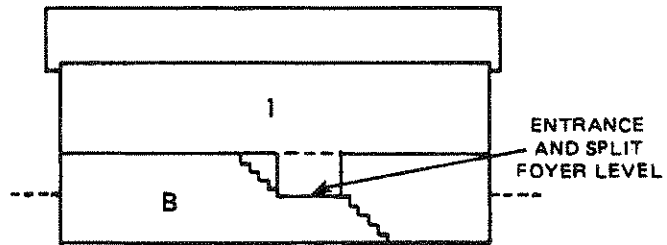
SAWTOOTH



BI-LEVEL, SPLIT and TRI-LEVEL DWELLINGS SECTIONAL ILLUSTRATIONS

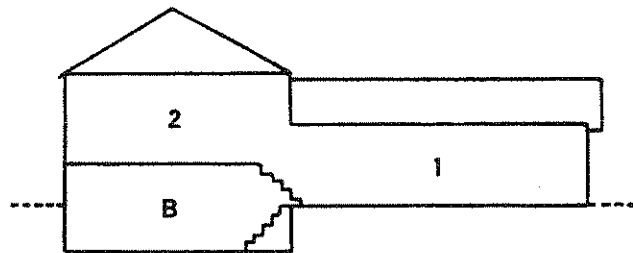
BI-LEVEL

List this type as a regular One Story and Basement dwelling. Basement may be fully or partially finished. Price finished basement area from the schedule.



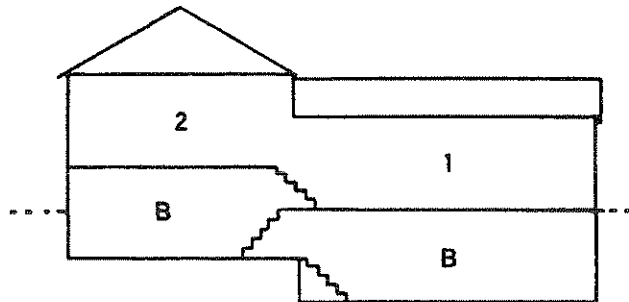
SPLIT or TRI-LEVEL

List this type as a One Story and Half Basement dwelling. Add a 5% to 10% Design Factor for irregular construction. Basement may be fully or partially finished. Price finished basement area from the schedule.



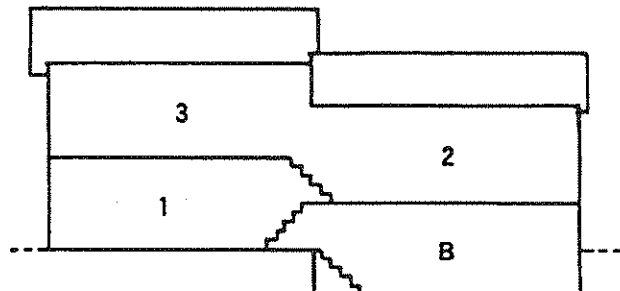
SPLIT LEVEL

List this type as a One Story and Full Basement dwelling. Add a 5% to 10% Design Factor for irregular construction. This type usually has at least half of the basement area fully finished. Price finished basement areas from the schedule.



SPLIT LEVEL

List this type as a One Story and Full Basement dwelling. Add a 5% to 10% Design Factor for irregular construction. Basement may be fully or partially finished. Price finished basement area from the schedule.



RESIDENTIAL/AGRICULTURAL/EXEMPT LAND USE CODES

100	Residential Vacant
101	Residential 1 Family
102	Residential 2 Family
103	Residential 3 Family
104	Residential 4 Family
105	Mixed Residential/Commercial
106	Condominium (common element)
107	Condominium (fee simple)
108	Mobile Home
109	Auxiliary Improvement
110	Salvage Value Building
112	Active Farm
113	Inactive Farm
123	Large Vacant Tracts with Unknown Potential (more than 100 acres)
201	Residential Structure on Apartment Value Land
318	Boarding and Rooming Houses
600	Vacant Exempt Land
601	Cemetery
602	Post Office
603	Federal/State Buildings
604	Other Miscellaneous Exempt
610	Recreational/Health
611	Library
612	School
613	College & University
620	Religious
630	Auditorium
640	Hospital
660	Police or Fire Station
670	Correctional

Note: An active farm is defined as a farm that has been actively used within the last year, containing at least three acres of pasture or tillable ground. It does not have to have improvements located on it.

LAND GRADING SYSTEM

Descriptions of classes for Homesites, Tillable, Pasture, and Woodland are as follows:

1. HOMESITE

Class "A"

This homesite will be situated on or near a state highway. The parcel of land will be rather large; there will be an excess amount of shrubbery; the lawn will be very well manicured; and all utilities will be available to the site. In most cases, "but not always" the site will be improved with a "B" grade or better home.

Class "B"

This parcel of land will be situated on or near a state highway. The parcel of land will be of a good size and all utilities will be available. There will be an above average amount of shrubbery. The lawn will be well manicured. The accessibility to the property will be very good. The site will usually be improved with a good gravel driveway.

Class "C"

There will be the average size homesite situated on or near a state highway. There will be an average amount of shrubbery; the lawn will be of average maintenance; and all utilities will be available to the site. There will normally be a gravel driveway coming into the site. The property will normally be improved with a "D" grade or better dwelling.

Class "D"

This homesite will have a very minimal amount of shrubbery and the lawn will be in fair to poor condition. There will be an unimproved driveway coming into the site. All utilities will be available.

Class "E"

This homesite will be situated on or near a paved highway. There will be no shrubbery and no lawn. The depth of the parcel sometimes is just enough for the construction of a small substandard house. There will be a limited number of utilities, usually electric and gas. There is normally no driveway.

2. TILLABLE

Class "A"

This land will be good loam soil that is easy to work (a tract approximately ten acres or more in one continuous parcel) and can be cultivated safely with ordinary good farm methods. This land is nearly level and there is little or no erosion.

Class "B"

This land will lay level to rolling and can be cultivated safely with ordinary good farm methods. The soil may need lime and fertilizing. The bottom land may need improved drainage.

Class "C"

This land will also be level to rolling crop land; the drainage of the property will be good. A small amount of erosion could be taking place upon this type of land. The land can be cultivated with care. It needs contour strip cropping. Usually best suited for hay. This type of property will be cut into smaller sections due to some sort of natural or man-made obstructions.

Class "D"

This land will be good hillside farmland; 80 percent of this land can be farmed with a tractor. The soil will be of good quality and the drainage will be good. This type of land will be best suited for the raising of hay.

Class "E"

This crop land will be very steep hillside that will be too steep to farm with modern farm machinery. The soil will be of poor quality and the cultivation may cause severe erosion.

3. PASTURE

Class "A"

This type of land could be used for either pasture or crop land. The topography of the land will be level to rolling. The land can be clipped with a farm tractor; lime and fertilizer can be applied with modern farm equipment. The drainage of the property will be good and the soil will be of good quality. The land will be clear of any overgrowth such as an excess amount of trees or brush.

Class "B"

This land will be of similar nature to the Class "A" Pasture land other than the fact that the quality of the soil will not be as good. The size of the parcel will be of a smaller nature. This type of land, for some reason, is not suitable for tilling and would be best suited for permanent pasture.

Class "C"

This land will have a moderate amount of erosion. The topography of the land will be average.

Class "D"

This land will be hillside pasture that has a very steep degree of slope. The pasture will have some natural obstruction such as overbrush, etc. The type of soil will be of poor quality.

Class "E"

This land will be very steep and there will be a mixture of overbrush and pasture throughout. Brush must be cleared with hand tools. The soil consistency will be of a poor quality; lime or fertilizer is seldom applied to this type of land and then only with hand tools.

4. WOODLAND

Class "A"

This land will be adaptable for use. The topography of the land will be level to slightly rolling. The soil type will be of loam. There will be a stand of trees of commercial species. The size being from 14 to 20 inches and above.

Class "B"

This land will also be level to rolling. It will be adaptable for other profitable uses. There will be a minimal amount of erosion. The soil will be of good quality. This land will be predominantly covered with a stand of timber from 10 to 14 inches.

Class "C"

The topography of this land is not economically feasible to use for anything other than growing trees. The predominant size of the trees on this grade of woodland would be from six (6) to eight (8) inches. There will be some erosion of the soil.

Class "D"

The topography of this land will indicate that the best use of this land is the growing of timber. There will be a stand of trees of commercial species that clearly indicate soundness and are of good form. The dimensions at breast height would measure from four (4) to six (6) inches. Such trees will become saw timber if left to grow.

Class "E"

Trees of commercial species less than four (4) inches in diameter at breast height and of good form and vigor. The land will be of a poor quality. The topography will be steep. It will be rather difficult to harvest the timber.

COUNTY/DISTRICT CODES

01 BARBOUR COUNTY

- 01 Barker District
- 02 Belington Corporation
- 03 Cove District
- 04 Elk District
- 05 Glade District
- 06 Junior Corporation
- 07 Philippi District
- 08 Philippi Corporation
- 09 Pleasant District
- 10 Union District
- 11 Valley District

02 BERKELEY COUNTY

- 01 Arden District
- 02 Falling Waters District
- 03 Gerrardstown District
- 04 Hedgesville District
- 05 Hedgesville Corporation
- 06 Martinsburg Corporation
- 07 Mill Creek District
- 08 Opequon District

03 BOONE COUNTY

- 01 Crook District
- 02 Danville Corporation
- 03 Madison Corporation
- 04 Peytona District
- 05 Scott District
- 06 Sherman District
- 07 Sylvester Corporation
- 08 Washington District
- 09 Whitesville Corporation

04 BRAXTON COUNTY

- 01 Birch District
- 02 Burnsville Corporation
- 03 Flat Woods Corporation
- 04 Gassaway Corporation
- 05 Holly District
- 06 Otter District
- 07 Salt Lick District
- 08 Sutton Corporation

05 BROOKE COUNTY

- 01 Beech Bottom Corporation
- 02 Bethany Corporation
- 03 Buffalo District
- 04 Cross Creek District
- 05 Follansbee Corporation
- 06 Weirton Corporation
- 07 Wellsburgh Corporation

06 CABELL COUNTY

- 01 Barboursville District
- 02 Barboursville Corporation
- 03 Grant District
- 04 Guyandotte District
- 05 Huntington-Gideon District
- 06 Huntington-Guyandotte Corporation
- 07 Huntington-Kyle Corporation
- 08 McComas District
- 09 Milton Corporation
- 10 Union District

07 CALHOUN COUNTY

- 01 Center District
- 02 Grantsville Corporation
- 03 Lee District
- 04 Sheridan District
- 05 Sherman District
- 06 Washington District

08 CLAY COUNTY

- 01 Buffalo District
- 02 Clay Corporation
- 03 Henry District
- 04 Otter District
- 05 Pleasant District
- 06 Union District

09 DODDRIDGE COUNTY

- 01 Central District
- 02 Cove District
- 03 Grant District
- 04 Greenbrier District
- 05 McClellan District
- 06 New Milton District
- 07 Southwest District
- 08 West Union District
- 09 West Union Corporation

10 FAYETTE COUNTY

- 01 Falls District
- 02 Fayetteville District
- 03 Kanawha District
- 04 Mountain Cove District
- 05 Nuttall District
- 06 Quinnimont District
- 07 Sewell Mountain District
- 08 Ansted Corporation
- 09 Fayetteville Corporation
- 10 Gauley Bridge Corporation
- 11 Meadow Bridge Corporation
- 12 Montgomery Corporation
- 13 Mount Hope Corporation
- 14 Oak Hill Corporation
- 15 Pax Corporation
- 16 Smithers Corporation
- 17 Thurmond Corporation

11 GILMER COUNTY

- 01 Center District
- 02 De Kalb District
- 03 Glenville District
- 04 Glenville Corporation
- 05 Layopolis Corporation
- 06 Troy District

12 GRANT COUNTY

- 01 Bayard Corporation
- 02 Grant District
- 03 Milroy District
- 04 Petersburg Corporation
- 05 Union District

12 GREENBRIER COUNTY

- 01 Alderson Corporation
- 02 Anthony Creek District
- 03 Blue Sulphur District
- 04 East Rainelle Corporation
- 05 Falling Springs District
- 06 Falling Springs Corporation
- 07 Fort Springs District
- 08 Frankford District
- 09 Irish Corner District
- 10 Lewisburg District
- 11 Lewisburg Corporation
- 12 Meadow Bluff District
- 13 Quinwood Corporation
- 14 Rainelle Corporation
- 15 Ronceverte Corporation
- 16 Rupert Corporation
- 17 White Sulphur District
- 18 White Sulphur Springs Corporation
- 19 Williamsburg District

14 HAMPSHIRE COUNTY

- 01 Bloomery District
- 02 Capon District
- 03 Capon Bridge-Bloomery Corporation
- 04 Capon Bridge-Capon Corporation
- 05 Gore District
- 06 Mill Creek District
- 07 Romney District
- 08 Romney Corporation
- 09 Sherman District
- 10 Springfield District

15 HANCOCK COUNTY

- 01 Butler District
- 02 Chester Corporation
- 03 Clay District
- 04 Grant District
- 05 New Cumberland Corporation
- 06 Weirton Corporation

16 HARDY COUNTY

- 01 Capon District
- 02 Lost River District
- 03 Moorefield District
- 04 Moorefield Corporation
- 05 South Fork District
- 06 Wardensville Corporation

17 HARRISON COUNTY

- 01 Clark-Outside District
- 02
- 03 Clark-Stonewood Corpocation
- 04 Clark-Clarksburg Corporation
- 05 Clark-Out City Corporation
- 06 Clark-Independent Corporation
- 07 Clark-Stealey Heights Corporation
- 08 Clark-Broad Oaks Corporation
- 09 Clark-Nutter Fort Corporation
- 10 Clay-Outside District
- 11
- 12 Clay-Shinnston Corporation
- 13 Coal-Outside District
- 14
- 15 Coal-Clarksburg Corporation
- 16 Coal-Adamston Corporation
- 17 Coal-Northview Corporation
- 18 Eagle-Outside District
- 19
- 20 Eagle-Lumberport Corporation
- 21 Elk-Outside District
- 22
- 23 Grant-Outside District
- 24
- 25 Grant-Lost Creek Corporation
- 26 Sardis-Outside District
- 27
- 28 Simpson-Outside District
- 29
- 30 Simpson-Bridgeport Corporation
- 31 Simpson-Anmoore Corporation
- 32 Tenmile-Outside District
- 33
- 34 Tenmile-Salem Corporation
- 35 Union-Outside District
- 36
- 37 Union-West Milford Corporation

18 JACKSON COUNTY

- 01 Grant District
- 02 Ravenswood District
- 03 Ravenswood Corporation
- 04 Ripley District
- 05 Ripley Corporation
- 06 Union District
- 07 Washington District

19 JEFFERSON COUNTY

- 01 Bolivar Corporation
- 02 Charles Town District
- 03 Charles Town Corporation
- 04 Harpers Ferry District
- 05 Harpers Ferry Corporation
- 06 Kabletown District
- 07 Middleway District
- 08 Ranson Corporation
- 09 Shepherdstown District
- 10 Shepherdstown Corporation

20 KANAWHA COUNTY

- 01 Big Sandy District
- 02 Clendenin Corporation
- 03 Cabin Creek District
- 04 Cedar Grove Corporation
- 05 East Bank Corporation
- 06 Glasgow Corporation
- 07 Montgomery Corporation
- 08 Pratt Corporation
- 09 Charleston South Annex Corporation
- 10 Charleston North Corporation
- 11 Charleston East Corporation
- 12 Charleston West Corporation
- 13 Kanawha City Corporation
- 14 15th Ward Corporation
- 15 Elk District
- 16 Jefferson District
- 17 St. Albans Corporation
- 18 Spring Hill Corporation
- 19 Loudon District
- 20 Chesapeake Corporation
- 21 Marmet Corporation
- 22 South Charleston Corporation
- 23 Malden District
- 24 Poca District
- 25 Union District
- 26 Dunbar Corporation
- 27 Nitro Corporation
- 28 Washington District
- 29 Belle Corporation
- 30 Smithers Corporation
- 31 Handley Corporation

21 LEWIS COUNTY

- 01 Collins Settlement District
- 02 Court House District
- 03 Freemans Creek District
- 04 Hackers Creek District
- 05 Jane Lew Corporation
- 06 Skin Creek District
- 07 Weston-Courthouse Corporation
- 08 Weston-Freemans Creek Corporation
- 09 Weston-Hackers Creek Corporation

22 LINCOLN COUNTY

- 01 Carroll District
- 02 Duval District
- 03 Hamlin Corporation
- 04 Harts Creek District
- 05 Jefferson District
- 06 Laurell Hill District
- 07 Sheridan District
- 08 Union District
- 09 Washington District
- 10 West Hamlin Corporation

23 LOGAN COUNTY

- 01 Chapmanville Corporation
- 02 Guyan District
- 03 Island Creek District
- 04 Logan District
- 05 Logan Corporation
- 06 Man Corporation
- 07 Mitchell Heights Corporation
- 08 Triadelphia District
- 09 West Logan Corporation

24 MARION COUNTY

- 01 Barrackville Corporation
- 02 Fairmont District
- 03 Fairmont-Fairmont Corporation
- 04 Fairmont-Grant Annex Corporation
- 05 Fairmont-Union Corporation
- 06 Fairmont-Winfield Corporation
- 07 Fairview Corporation
- 08 Farmington Corporation
- 09 Grant District
- 10 Grant Town Corporation
- 11 Lincoln District
- 12 Mannington District
- 13 Mannington Corporation
- 14 Monogah-Grant Corporation
- 15 Monogah-Lincoln Corporation
- 16 Paw Paw District
- 17 Rivesville Corporation
- 18 Union District
- 19 Winfield District
- 20 Worthington-Lincoln Corporation

25 MARSHALL COUNTY

- 01 Benwood Corporation
- 02 Cameron Corporation
- 03 Cameron District
- 04 Clay District
- 05 Franklin District
- 06 Glendale Corporation
- 07 Liberty District
- 08 McMechen Corporation
- 09 Meade District
- 10 Moundsville-Clay Corporation
- 11 Moundsville-Washington Corporation
- 12 Sand Hill District
- 13 Union District
- 14 Washington District
- 15 Webster District
- 16 Wheeling-Sandhill Corporation

26 MASON COUNTY

- 01 Arbuckle District
- 02 Glendenin District
- 03 Cologne District
- 04 Cooper District
- 05 Graham District
- 06 Hannan District
- 07 Hartford Corporation
- 08 Henderson Corporation
- 09 Leon Corporation
- 10 Lewis District
- 11 Mason Corporation
- 12 New Haven Corporation
- 13 Point Pleasant Corporation
- 14 Robinson District
- 15 Union District
- 16 Waggener District

27 MC DOWELL COUNTY

- 01 Adkin District
- 02 Anawalt Corporation
- 03 Big Creek District
- 04 Browns Creek District
- 05 Davy Corporation
- 06 Elkhorn District
- 07 Gary Corporation
- 08 Jaeger Corporation
- 09 Keystone Corporation
- 10 Kimball Corporation
- 11 Northfork District
- 12 Northfork Corporation
- 13 Sandy River Corporation
- 14 War Corporation
- 15 Welch Corporation
- 16 Bradshaw Corporation

28 MERCER COUNTY

- 01 Athens Corporation
- 02 Beaver Pond District
- 03 Bluefield Corporation
- 04 Bramwell Corporation
- 05 East River District
- 06 Jumping Branch District
- 07 Matoaka Corporation
- 08 Oakvale Corporation
- 09 Plymouth District
- 10 Princeton Corporation
- 11 Rock District

29 MINERAL COUNTY

- 01 Cabin Run District
- 02 Elk District
- 03 Elk Garden Corporation
- 04 Frankfort District
- 05 Ridgeley Corporation
- 06 New Creek District
- 07 Keyser Corporation
- 08 Piedmont District
- 09 Piedmont Corporation
- 10 Welton District

30 MINGO COUNTY

- 01 Delbarton Corporation
- 02 Gilbert Corporation
- 03 Hardee District
- 04 Harvey District
- 05 Kermit District
- 06 Lee District
- 07 Magnolia District
- 08 Matewan Corporation
- 09 Stafford District
- 10 Tug River District
- 11 Williamson Corporation
- 12 Kermit Corporation

31 MONONGALIA COUNTY

- 01 Battelle District
- 02 Blacksville Corporation
- 03 Cass District
- 04 Clay District
- 05 Clinton District
- 06 Granville Corporation
- 07 Grant District
- 08 Morgan District
- 09 Morgantown-1st Ward Corporation
- 10 Morgantown-2nd Ward Corporation
- 11 Morgantown-3rd Ward Corporation
- 12 Morgantown-4th Ward Corporation
- 13 Morgantown-5th Ward Corporation
- 14 Morgantown-6th Ward Corporation
- 15 Morgantown-7th Ward Corporation
- 16 Osage Corporation
- 17 Star City Corporation
- 18 Union District
- 19 Westover Corporation

32 MONROE COUNTY

- 01 Alderson Corporation
- 02 Peterstown Corporation
- 03 Red Sulphur District
- 04 Second Creek District
- 05 Springfield District
- 06 Sweet Springs District
- 07 Union District
- 08 Union Corporation
- 09 Wolf Creek District

33 MORGAN COUNTY

- 01 Allen District
- 02 Bath District
- 03 Berkeley Springs Corporation
- 04 Cacapon District
- 05 Paw Paw Corporation
- 06 Rock Gap District
- 07 Sleepy Creek District
- 08 Timber Ridge District

34 NICHOLAS COUNTY

- 01 Beaver District
- 02 Grant District
- 03 Hamilton District
- 04 Jefferson District
- 05 Kentucky District
- 06 Richwood Corporation
- 07 Summersville District
- 08 Summersville Corporation
- 09 Wilderness District

35 OHIO COUNTY

- 01 Washington Corporation
- 02 Washington-Fulton Corporation
- 03 Clay Corporation
- 04 Madison Corporation
- 05 Union Corporation
- 06 Center Corporation
- 07 Webster Corporation
- 08 Ritchie City Corporation
- 09 Leatherwood Corporation
- 10 Woodsdale Corporation
- 11 Edgewood Corporation
- 12 Pleasant Valley Corporation
- 13 Elm Grove Corporation
- 14 Patterson Corporation
- 15 Triadelphia Town Corporation
- 16 Triadelphia-Fulton Corporation
- 17 Triadelphia Country District
- 18 Triadelphia Wheeling Corporation
- 19 Liberty District
- 20 Warwood Corporation
- 21 Woodsdale Richland Corporation
- 22 Richland Country District
- 23 Ritchie Country District
- 24 Richland Wheeling Corporation
- 25 Ritchie Bethlehem Corporation
- 26 Valley Grove District
- 27 Clearview Corporation
- 28 West Liberty Corporation

36 PENDLETON COUNTY

- 01 Bethel District
- 02 Circleville District
- 03 Franklin District
- 04 Franklin Corporation
- 05 Mill Run District
- 06 Sugar Grove District
- 07 Union District

37 PLEASANTS COUNTY

- 01 Belmont Corporation
- 02 Grant District
- 03 Jefferson District
- 04 Lafayette District
- 05 McKim District
- 06 St. Marys Corporation
- 07 Union District
- 08 Washington District

38 POCAHONTAS COUNTY

- 01 Cass Corporation
- 02 Durbin Corporation
- 03 Edray District
- 04 Greenbank District
- 05 Hillsboro Corporation
- 06 Huntersville District
- 07 Little Levels District
- 08 Marlinton Corporation

39 PRESTON COUNTY

- 01 Albright Corporation
- 02 Brandonville Corporation
- 03 Bruceton Mills Corporation
- 04 Grant District
- 05 Kingwood District
- 06 Kingwood Corporation
- 07 Lyon District
- 08 Masontown Corporation
- 09 Newburg Corporation
- 10 Pleasant District
- 11 Portland District
- 12 Reedsville Corporation
- 13 Reno District
- 14 Rowlesburg Corporation
- 15 Terra Alta Corporation
- 16 Tunnelton Corporation
- 17 Union District
- 18 Valley District

40 PUTNAM COUNTY

- 01 Bancroft Corporation
- 02 Buffalo District
- 03 Buffalo Corporation
- 04 Curry District
- 05 Eleanor Corporation
- 06 Hurricane Corporation
- 07 Nitro Corporation
- 08 Poca District
- 09 Poca Corporation
- 10 Scott District
- 11 Teays Valley District
- 12 Union District
- 13 Winfield Corporation

41 RALEIGH COUNTY

- 01 Beckley Corporation
- 02 Clear Fork District
- 03 Lester Corporation
- 04 Mabscott Corporation
- 05 Marsh Fork District
- 06 Rhodell Corporation
- 07 Richmond District
- 08 Shady Spring District
- 09 Slab Fork District
- 10 Sophia Corporation
- 11 Town District
- 12 Trap Hill District

42 RANDOLPH COUNTY

- 01 Beverly Corporation
- 02 Beverly District
- 03 Coalton Corporation
- 04 Dry Fork District
- 05 Elkins Corporation
- 06 Elkins Ind District
- 07 Harman Corporation
- 08 Huttonsville Corporation
- 09 Huttonsville District
- 10 Leadsville District
- 11 Middle Fork District
- 12 Mill Creek Corporation
- 13 Mingo District
- 14 Montrose Corporation
- 15 New Interest District
- 16 Roaring Creek District
- 17 Valley Bend District
- 18 Whitmer Corporation

43 RITCHIE COUNTY

- 01 Auburn Corporation
- 02 Cairo Corporation
- 03 Clay District
- 04 Ellenboro Corporation
- 05 Grant District
- 06 Harrisville Corporation
- 07 Murphy District
- 08 Pennsboro Corporation
- 09 Pullman Corporation
- 10 Union District

44 ROANE COUNTY

- 01 Curtis District
- 02 Geary District
- 03 Harper District
- 04 Reedy District
- 05 Reedy Corporation
- 06 Smithfield District
- 07 Spencer District
- 08 Spencer Corporation
- 09 Walton District

45 SUMMERS COUNTY

- 01 Forest Hill District
- 02 Greenbrier District
- 03 Green Sulphur District
- 04 Hinton Corporation
- 05 Jumping Branch District
- 06 Pipestem District
- 07 Talcott District

46 TAYLOR COUNTY

- 01 Booths Creek District
- 02 Court House District
- 03 Fetterman District
- 04 Flemington Corporation
- 05 Flemington District
- 06 Grafton-East Corporation
- 07 Grafton-West Corporation
- 08 Grafton-Blueville Brownlow Corporation
- 09 Grafton-Lucretia Corporation
- 10 Grafton District
- 11 Knottsville District

47 TUCKER COUNTY

- 01 Black Fork District
- 02 Clover District
- 03 Davis District
- 04 Davis Corporation
- 05 Dry Fork District
- 06 Fairfax District
- 07 Hambleton Corporation
- 08 Hendricks Corporation
- 09 Licking District
- 10 Parsons Corporation
- 11 St. George District
- 12 Thomas Corporation

48 TYLER COUNTY

- 01 Centerville District
- 02 Ellsworth District
- 03 Friendly Corporation
- 04 Lincoln District
- 05 McElroy District
- 06 Meade District
- 07 Middlebourne Corporation
- 08 Paden City Corporation
- 09 Sistersville Corporation
- 10 Union District

49 UPSHUR COUNTY

- 01 Banks District
- 02 Buckhannon District
- 03 Buckhannon Corporation
- 04 Meade District
- 05 Union District
- 06 Warren District
- 07 Washington District

50 WAYNE COUNTY

- 01 Butler District
- 02 Ceredo District
- 03 Ceredo Corporation
- 04 Ceredo Kenova District
- 05 Fort Gay Corporation
- 06 Huntington Corporation
- 07 Kenova Corporation
- 08 Lincoln District
- 09 Stonewall District
- 10 Union District
- 11 Wayne Corporation
- 12 Westmoreland District

51 WEBSTER COUNTY

- 01 Camden-On-Gauley Corporation
- 02 Cowen Corporation
- 03 Fork Lick District
- 04 Glade District
- 05 Hacker Valley District
- 06 Holly District
- 07 Webster Springs Corporation

52 WETZEL COUNTY

- 01 Center District
- 02 Church District
- 03 Clay District
- 04 Grant District
- 05 Green District
- 06 Hundred Corporation
- 07 Littleton Corporation
- 08 Magnolia District
- 09 New Martinsville Corporation
- 10 Paden City Corporation
- 11 Pine Grove Corporation
- 12 Proctor District
- 13 Smithfield Corporation

53 WIRT COUNTY

- 01 Burning Springs District
- 02 Clay District
- 03 Elizabeth District
- 04 Elizabeth Corporation
- 05 Newark District
- 06 Reedy District
- 07 Spring Creek District
- 08 Tucker District

54 WOOD COUNTY

- 01 Clay District
- 02 Harris District
- 03 Lubeck District
- 04 Parkersburg District
- 05 Parkersburg Corporation
- 06 Slate District
- 07 Steele District
- 08 Tygart District
- 09 Union District
- 10 Vienna Corporation
- 11 Walker District
- 12 Williams District
- 13 Williamstown Corporation
- 14 North Hills Corporation

55 WYOMING COUNTY

- 01 Baileysville District
- 02 Barkers Ridge District
- 03 Center District
- 04 Clear Fork District
- 05 Huff Creek District
- 06 Mullens Corporation
- 07 Oceana District
- 08 Oceana Corporation
- 09 Pineville Corporation
- 10 Slab Fork District

QUALITY GRADES

FOOD FRANCHISES					
Use	Franchise	Grade	Use	Franchise	Grade
103	Bonanza	C	146	Ponderosa Steak House	B-
104	Bill Knapp's	B	147	Krystal's	B
105	Burger King	B	150	Rally's	B+
106	Cassano's Pizza	B	151	Rax	A
107	Captain D's Seafood	B-	152	Red Lobster	B+
108	Chi Chi's	A-			
109	Church's Fried Chicken	A	165	Shakey's	A-
110	Chili's	A-	166	Shoney's	B+
111	Dairy Queen	B-	167	Sizzler Family Steak House	B-
112	Denny's	A-	168	Kenny Roger's Roaster	B
113	Chic-Fil-A	A			
114	Cracker Barrel	B	170	Steak and Ale	A
115	Dunkin Donuts	B			
116	Hardee's	A-	172	Steak 'N' Shake	B
117	Howard Johnson's	A	173	Steak and Egg	C
118	Int'l House of Pancakes	A	175	T.C.B.Y.	B
119	Lee's Famous Recipe	B-			
121	Huddle House	B+	180	Taco Bell	A
122	Gino's	B	185	Waffle House	B
123	Longhorn Steaks	B	186	Boston Market	A-
126	Cooker Bar & Grill	A-	187	Wendy's	A-
127	Ruby Tuesday's	A-			
			190	Western Sizzlin Steak	B-
128	Kentucky Fried Chicken	B	191	White Castle	B
129	Ryan's Steak House	B+			
130	Subway Sandwiches	C+	193	Arthur Treacher's	B-
131	Perkin's	A-	194	Friendly's	B+
132	T.G.I. Friday's	A-	195	Bob Evans	B-
133	Donato's Pizza	C+	196	Arby's	A+
135	Long John Silver's	B-			
136	Golden Corral	B			
137	Mister Donut	C+			
138	McDonald's	A+			
139	J Alexander's	A-			
140	Little Caesar's	C			
141	Domino's Pizza	C			
143	Pizza Hut	B+			
145	Olive Garden	B+			

QUALITY GRADES

FULL SERVICE GAS STATIONS		
Type		Grade
1. Amoco	New	B+
	Old	B-
2. Chevron	New	B+
	Old	B-
3. Crown	New	C+
	Old	C
4. Exxon	New	B+
	Old	B-
5. Fina	New	C+
	Old	C
6. Gulf	New	B
	Old	C+
7. Shell	New	B+
	Old	B-
8. Texaco	New	B+
	Old	B-
9. Union 76	New	B
	Old	C+

NOTE: New = All full service stations constructed in 1970 and later.
 Old = All full service constructed prior to 1970.

QUALITY GRADES

FRANCHISE DAY CARE CENTERS	
Type	Grade
1. Childrens Friend Learning Center	C+
2. Childrens World	C+
3. Gerbers Childrens Center	B-
4. Funday Schools	B
5. Kids R Kids	C
6. La Petite Academy	C+
7. Rocking Horse New	C+
Old	C
8. Kinder-Care	C+
9. Prodigy	B-

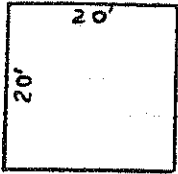
*Note: Old = built prior to 1980.

QUALITY GRADES

CONVENIENCE FOOD STORES	
Type	Grade
Amoco Foodshop	B+
BP Modular	A-
BP	B+
Buddy's	C
Chevron	B+
Circle K	C+
Citgo	B+
Crown Express Mart	B+
Dairy Mart: Before 1990	B-
1990 and After	B+
Econo - Flash	C
Exxon Shop	B+
Fast Track	C
Ferguson F & F Center	C
Fina Mart	C+
Hess Mart	B+
Pac A Sac	C
Phillips 66	B
Quiktrip QT	B
Seven Eleven	B-
Shell Food Mart	B+
Sheet's	B
Starvin Marvin/Speedway	B
Stop N' Go	B
Super America	B+
Texaco Starmart	B+
Union 76	B

SQUARE FOOTAGE FORMULAE

Square

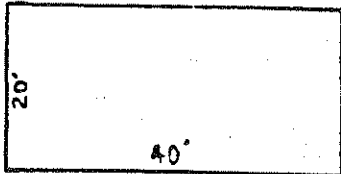


$$\text{AREA} = \text{BASE} \times \text{HEIGHT}$$

Example:

$$\text{Area} = 20' \times 20' = 400 \text{ sq. ft.}$$

Rectangle

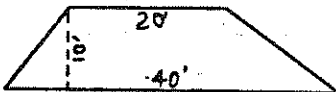


$$\text{AREA} = \text{BASE} \times \text{HEIGHT}$$

Example:

$$\text{Area} = 40' \times 20' = 800 \text{ sq. ft.}$$

Trapezoid

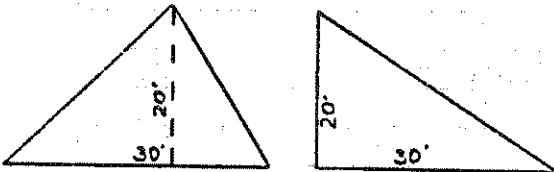


$$\text{AREA} = \frac{\text{HEIGHT} \times (\text{SUM OF 2 BASES})}{2}$$

Example:

$$\text{Area} = \frac{10' \times (20' + 40')}{2} = 300 \text{ sq. ft.}$$

Triangle

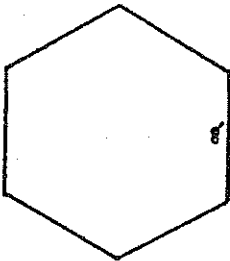


$$\text{AREA} = \frac{\text{HEIGHT} \times \text{BASE}}{2}$$

Example:

$$\text{Area} = \frac{20' \times 30'}{2} = 300 \text{ sq. ft.}$$

Regular Polygon

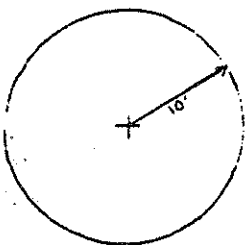


$$\text{AREA} = \text{CONSTANT} \times \text{SIDE SQUARED}$$

Area (5 sides) =	1.7205 x Side Squared
(6 sides) =	2.5981 x Side Squared
(7 sides) =	3.6339 x Side Squared
(8 sides) =	4.8284 x Side Squared
(9 sides) =	6.1818 x Side Squared
(10 sides) =	7.6942 x Side Squared
(11 sides) =	9.3656 x Side Squared
(12 sides) =	11.1962 x Side Squared

Example: $2.5981 \times (8 \times 8) = 166 \text{ sq. ft.}$

Circle

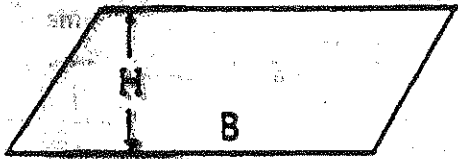


$$\text{AREA} = \text{Pi} \times \text{RADIUS SQUARED}$$

Example:

$$\text{Area} = 3.1416 \times (10 \times 10) = 314 \text{ sq. ft.}$$

Parallelogram



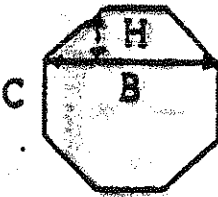
$$\text{AREA} = H \times B$$

Hexagon



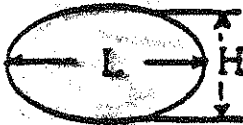
$$\text{AREA} = H \times (B + C)$$

Octagon



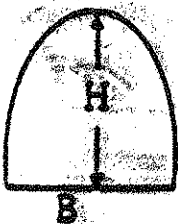
$$\text{AREA} = H \times (B + C) + C \times B$$

Ellipse



$$\text{AREA} = L \times H \times 0.7854$$

Parabola



$$\text{AREA} = \frac{2}{3} \times H \times B$$

FORMULAE FOR OTHER BUILDING AND YARD IMPROVEMENTS

Type 1: AREA

$$R1 + R2 * \text{Square Root of Area} + R3 * \text{Area}$$

Example -

R1 = 1506.12

R2 = 83.314

R3 = 3.311

Size = 40 x 60

AP1 Pole Building

$$\text{RCN} = 1,506.12 + [83.314 * \text{square root of } 2,400] + [3.311 * 2,400]$$

$$= 1,506.12 + 4,080 + 7,950$$

$$= 13,540$$

Type 2: LINEAL FT.

$$R1 * \text{Lineal Ft.}$$

Example -

R1 = 66.11

R2 = 0

R3 = 0

Size = 1,000 l/f

RR1 Railroad Trackage

$$\text{RCN} = 66.11 * 1,000$$

$$= 66,110$$

Type 3: CYLINDRICAL

$$R1 + R2 * M1 * M2 + R3 * M1^2$$

(dia.) (ht)

Example -

R1 = 616

R2 = 14.63

R3 = 6.16

Size = 20 x 60

AS1 Silo

$$\text{RCN} = 616 + [14.63 * 20 * 60] + [6.16 * 20 * 20]$$

$$= 616 + 17,560 + 2,460$$

$$= 20,640$$

Type 4: QUANTITY

$$R1 * \text{No. Ident. Units}$$

Example -

R1 = 128,062

R2 = 0

R3 = 0

Size is blank

Units = 18

GC1 Golf Course

$$\text{RCN} = 128,062 * 18$$

$$= 2,305,120$$

Type 5: DEPTH/LINEAL FT.

$$R1 * M2 + R2 * M1 * M2$$

Example -

R1 = 77

R2 = 8.47

R3 = 0

Size is 30 x 50

AK1 Bunker Silo

$$\text{RCN} = [77 * 50] + [8.47 * 30 * 50]$$

$$= 3,850 + 12,710$$

$$= 16,560$$

Type 6: CYLINDRICAL VOLUME

$$R1 + R2 * M1^2 * M2$$

Example -

R1 = 3719.1

R2 = 0.6402

R3 = 0

Size is 30 x 60

AG1 Grain Bin

$$\text{RCN} = 3,719.1 + [0.6402 * (30 * 30) * 60]$$

$$= 3,719.1 + 34,570$$

$$= 38,290$$

Where:

R1 is Rate 1 from CA 45	R2 is Rate 2 from CA 45	R3 is Rate 3 from CA 45	M1 is diameter (Meas 1) from CA24	M2 is height (Meas 2) from CA24
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FORMULAE FOR COMPUTATIONS

Capacity (in U.S. gallons) of Tanks:

(with dimensions of a cylinder in inches)

Square the diameter, multiply by the length and by .0034

1 Barrel

= 31.5 gallons

1 Cubic Foot

= 8 bushel